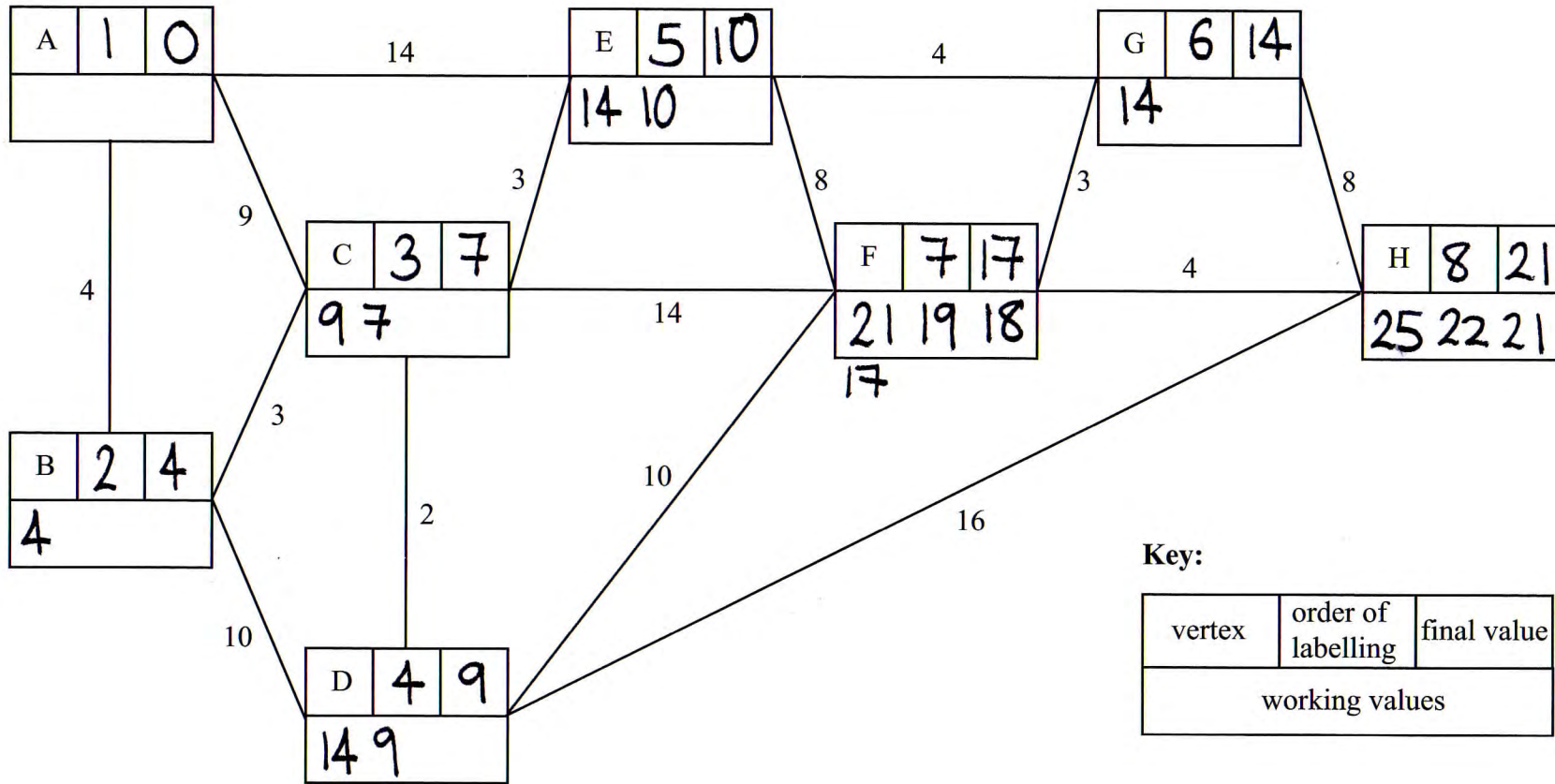


1. (a)



Key:

vertex	order of labelling	final value
working values		

Shortest distance A to H: 21 miles

Question 1 continued

(b)

ABCEGFH

(c)

HFGECL length 14

(Total 8 marks)

Q1

Leave blank



2.

23 29 11 34 10 14 35 17

a) $23+29+11+34+10+14+35+17 = 173$

$\frac{173}{50} = 3.46 \therefore \text{lower bound} = \underline{\underline{4}} \text{ discs}$

b)	<u>Bin1</u>	<u>Bin2</u>	<u>Bin3</u>	<u>Bin4</u>	<u>Bin5</u>
	23	29	34	35	17
	11	14			
	10				

c)

	29	23	34	11	14	35	17	(10)
	29	34	23	14	35	17	(11)	(10)
	34	29	23	35	17	(14)	(11)	(10)
	34	29	35	23	(17)	(14)	(11)	(10)
	34	35	29	(23)	(17)	(14)	(11)	(10)
	35	34	(29)	(23)	(17)	(14)	(11)	(10)

On next pass No swaps so stop.

d)

<u>Bin1</u>	<u>Bin2</u>	<u>Bin3</u>	<u>Bin4</u>
35	34	29	23
14	11	17	10



3.

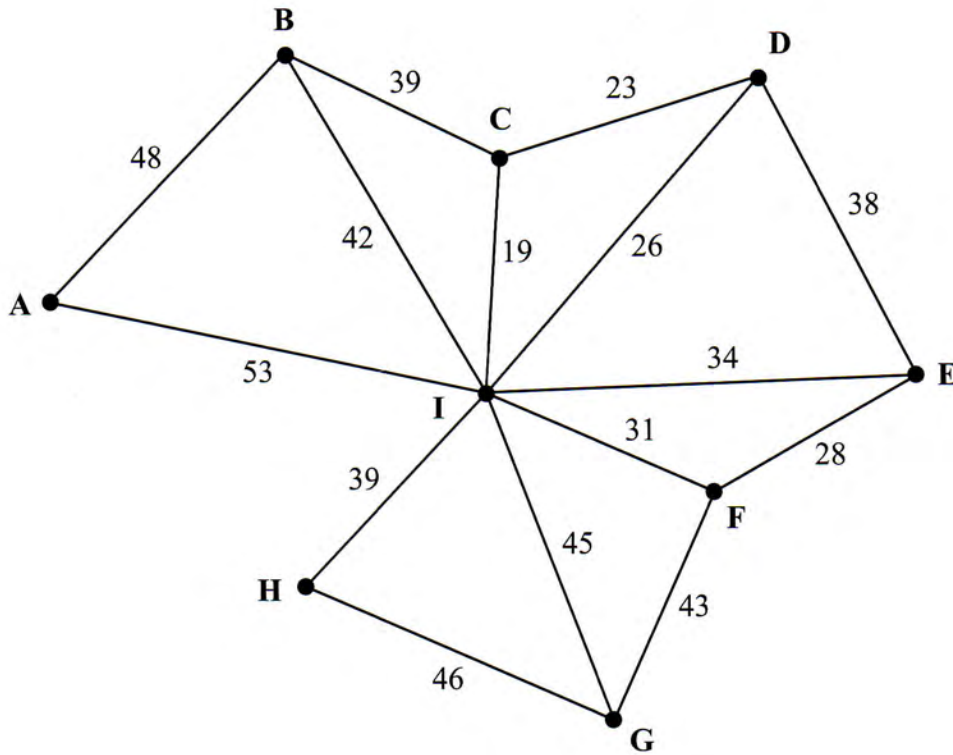


Figure 2

(a) $CI, CD, DI_{rej}, EF, FI, DE_{rej}, \begin{pmatrix} BC \\ HI \end{pmatrix},$
 $BI_{rej}, FG, IG_{rej}, HG_{rej}, AB$ stop



Question 3 continued

(b) AB, BC, CI, CD, IF, FE, IH, FG

(c)

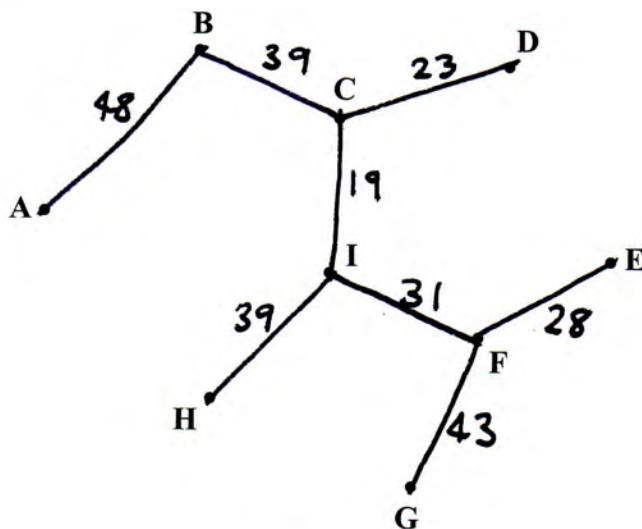


Diagram 1

Weight of minimum spanning tree: 270

(d) Use Kruskal's algorithm. Start by adding DI and HG and then proceed with Kruskal's as normal.

Q3

(Total 10 marks)



4.

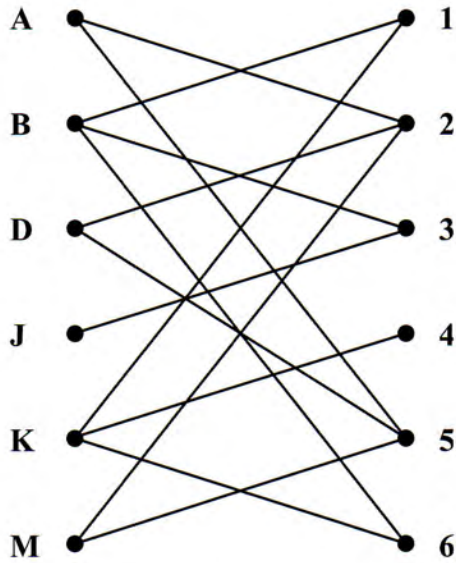


Figure 3

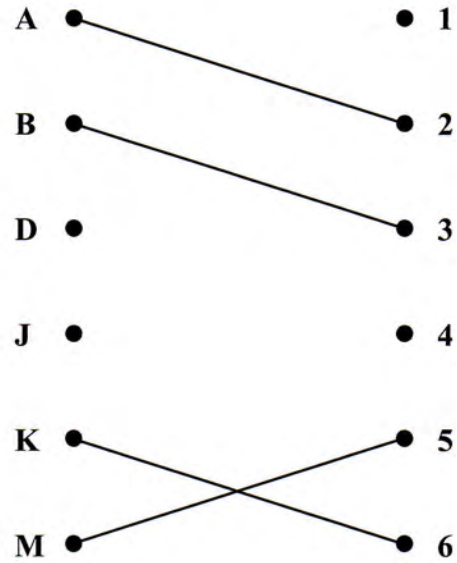


Figure 4

a) Bipartite Graph

b) $J-3 = B-6 = K-4$

c.s

$J=3 - B=6 - K=4$

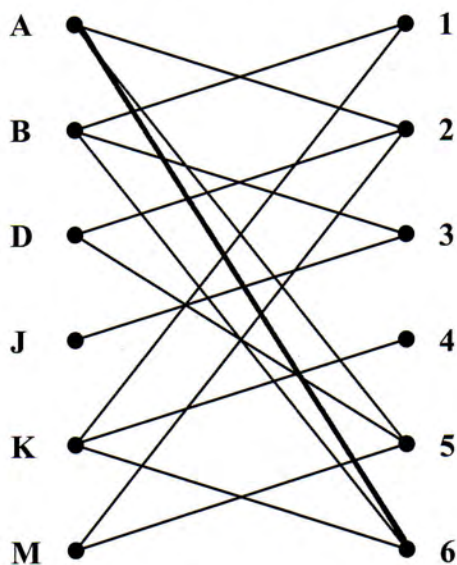
improved matching:

- A=2
- B=6
- D
- J=3
- K=4
- M=5

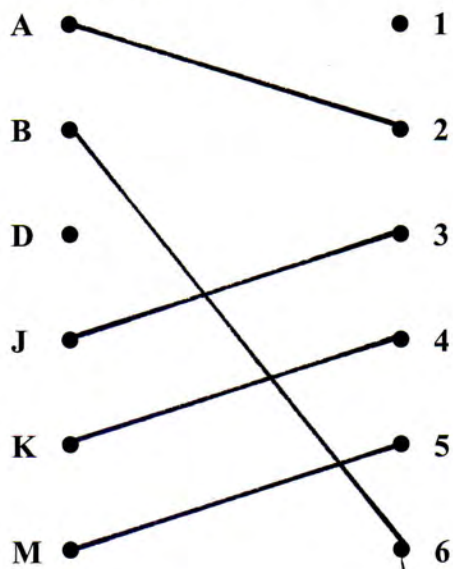
* There are a number of different solutions to this question *



Question 4 continued



initial match



c) $D-2 = A-6 = B-1$
_{c.s}
 $D = 2 - A = 6 - B = 1$

complete match :
 $A = 6$
 $B = 1$
 $D = 2$
 $J = 3$
 $K = 4$
 $M = 5$

(Total 7 marks)

Q4



5. a) Odd nodes A, D, F, I

$$AD = 4.5$$

$$AF = 5.8$$

$$AI = 5.9$$

$$FI = 5.3$$

$$DI = 3.9$$

$$DF = 5.1$$

$$\underline{9.8}$$

$$\underline{9.7}$$

$$\underline{11.0}$$

Repeat edges AE, EF and DG, GI

Possible route: ABDGIQDEIHFCAEFEA

b) traverse AE, EF, DG and GI twice

$$\text{length} = 31.6 + 9.7 = \underline{\underline{41.3 \text{ km}}}$$

c) Start at D, finish at A as this leaves FI (FH, HI) to traverse twice length 5.3.

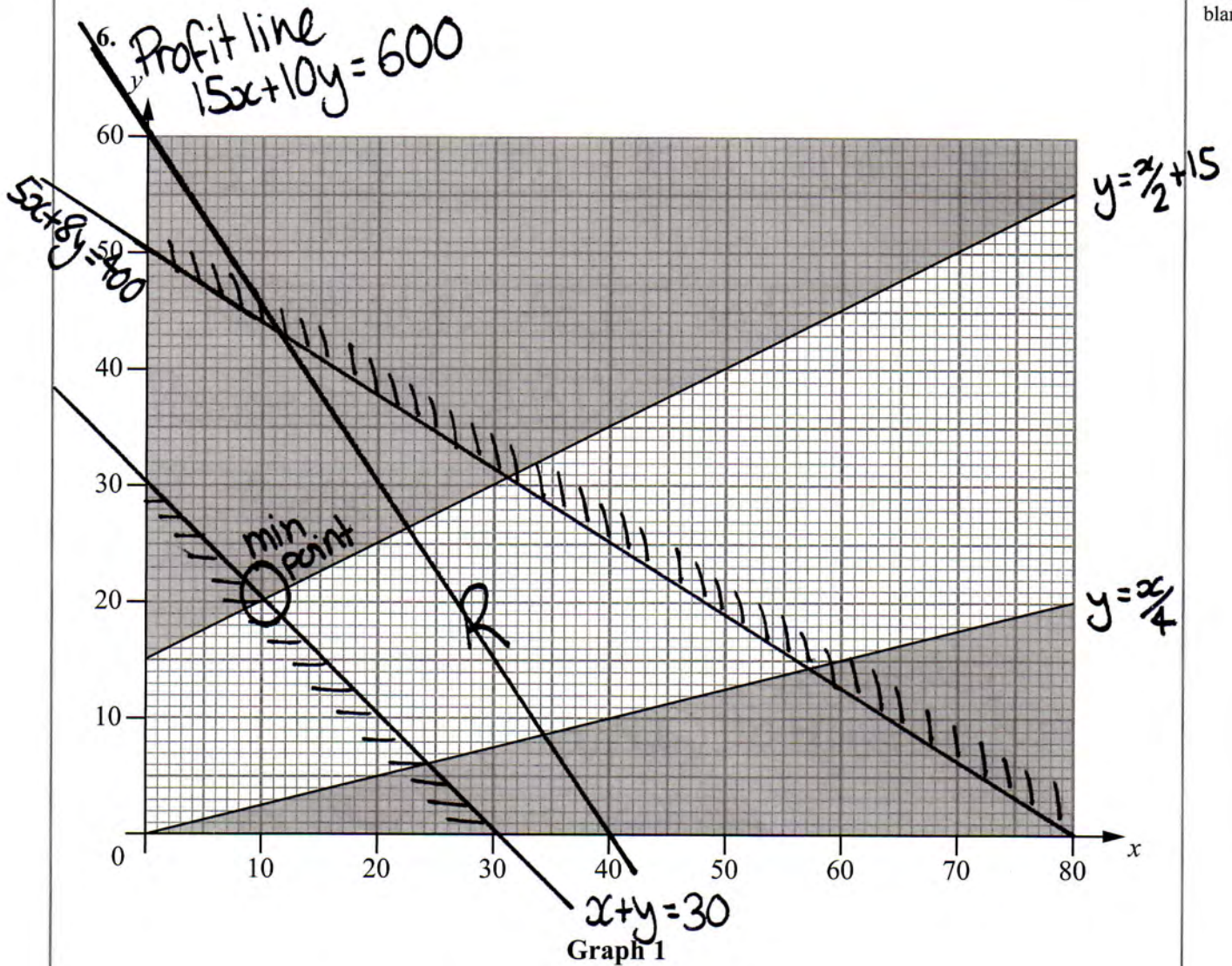
The other choices are:

Finish at I (repeat AF = 5.8)

" " F (repeat AI = 5.9)

both longer than 5.3.





- a) $y \leq \frac{x}{4}$ (since grad = $\frac{1}{4}$)
 $y \geq \frac{x}{2} + 15$ (since grad = $\frac{1}{2}$ intercept = 15)

c) min point at (10, 20)

$$\begin{aligned} \therefore \text{Profit} &= 15 \times 10 + 20 \times 10 \\ &= 150 + 200 \\ &= \underline{\underline{350}} \end{aligned}$$



7. (a)

Activity	Immediately preceding activities
A	-
B	-
C	A
D	A
E	A
F	B, C
G	B, C
H	E, F
I	D, E, F
J	H, G
K	I, H, G
L	I, H, G

Precedence table

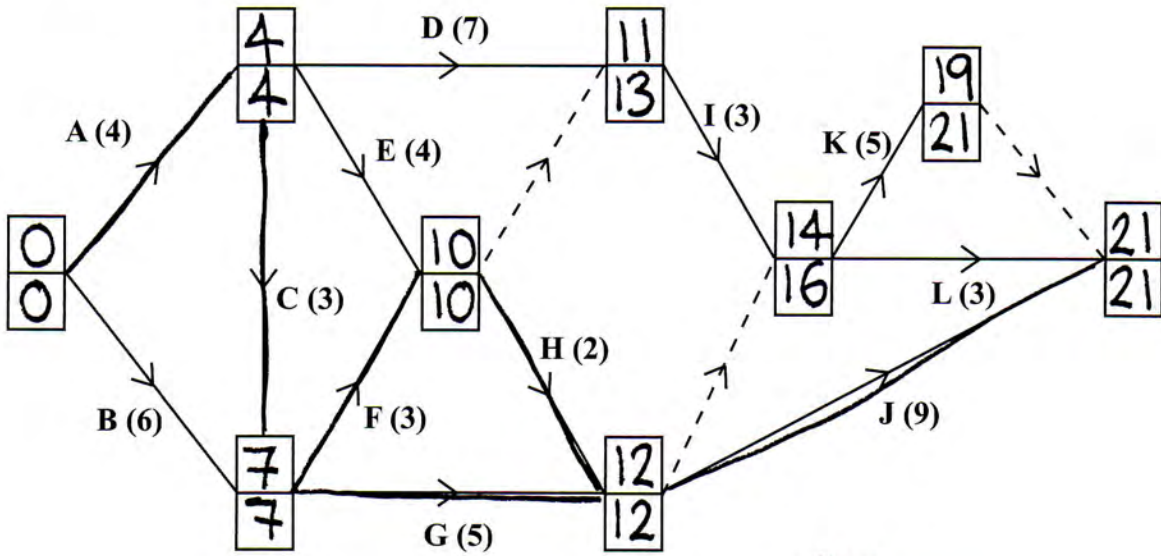
(b) I) To show dependence; K and L depend on I, H and G while J depends on H and G only

II) For uniqueness; each activity must uniquely be expressed in terms of start and end events.



Question 7 continued

(c)



Key:

Early event time
Late event time

Diagram 2

(d) Critical Activities: A, C, (F, H), J

(e) $21 - 5 - 14 = \underline{\underline{2}}$

(f) sum of durations = 54

$\frac{54}{21} = 2.57 \dots \therefore \text{lower bound} = \underline{\underline{3}}$

(Total 16 marks)

Q7

TOTAL FOR PAPER: 75 MARKS

END

