

# C4 VECTORS

## Worksheet B

- 1 The points  $A$ ,  $B$  and  $C$  have coordinates  $(6, 1)$ ,  $(2, 3)$  and  $(-4, 3)$  respectively and  $O$  is the origin. Find, in terms of  $\mathbf{i}$  and  $\mathbf{j}$ , the vectors
- a  $\overrightarrow{OA}$                       b  $\overrightarrow{AB}$                       c  $\overrightarrow{BC}$                       d  $\overrightarrow{CA}$
- 2 Given that  $\mathbf{p} = \mathbf{i} - 3\mathbf{j}$  and  $\mathbf{q} = 4\mathbf{i} + 2\mathbf{j}$ , find expressions in terms of  $\mathbf{i}$  and  $\mathbf{j}$  for
- a  $4\mathbf{p}$                       b  $\mathbf{q} - \mathbf{p}$                       c  $2\mathbf{p} + 3\mathbf{q}$                       d  $4\mathbf{p} - 2\mathbf{q}$
- 3 Given that  $\mathbf{p} = \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ -4 \end{pmatrix}$  and  $\mathbf{q} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$ , find
- a  $|\mathbf{p}|$                       b  $|2\mathbf{q}|$                       c  $|\mathbf{p} + 2\mathbf{q}|$                       d  $|3\mathbf{q} - 2\mathbf{p}|$
- 4 Given that  $\mathbf{p} = 2\mathbf{i} + \mathbf{j}$  and  $\mathbf{q} = \mathbf{i} - 3\mathbf{j}$ , find, in degrees to 1 decimal place, the angle made with the vector  $\mathbf{i}$  by the vector
- a  $\mathbf{p}$                       b  $\mathbf{q}$                       c  $5\mathbf{p} + \mathbf{q}$                       d  $\mathbf{p} - 3\mathbf{q}$
- 5 Find a unit vector in the direction
- a  $\begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}$                       b  $\begin{pmatrix} 7 \\ -24 \end{pmatrix}$                       c  $\begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$                       d  $\begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix}$
- 6 Find a vector
- a of magnitude 26 in the direction  $5\mathbf{i} + 12\mathbf{j}$ ,  
 b of magnitude 15 in the direction  $-6\mathbf{i} - 8\mathbf{j}$ ,  
 c of magnitude 5 in the direction  $2\mathbf{i} - 4\mathbf{j}$ .
- 7 Given that  $\mathbf{m} = 2\mathbf{i} + \lambda\mathbf{j}$  and  $\mathbf{n} = \mu\mathbf{i} - 5\mathbf{j}$ , find the values of  $\lambda$  and  $\mu$  such that
- a  $\mathbf{m} + \mathbf{n} = 3\mathbf{i} - \mathbf{j}$                       b  $2\mathbf{m} - \mathbf{n} = -3\mathbf{i} + 8\mathbf{j}$
- 8 Given that  $\mathbf{r} = 6\mathbf{i} + c\mathbf{j}$ , where  $c$  is a positive constant, find the value of  $c$  such that
- a  $\mathbf{r}$  is parallel to the vector  $2\mathbf{i} + \mathbf{j}$                       b  $\mathbf{r}$  is parallel to the vector  $-9\mathbf{i} - 6\mathbf{j}$   
 c  $|\mathbf{r}| = 10$                       d  $|\mathbf{r}| = 3\sqrt{5}$
- 9 Given that  $\mathbf{p} = \mathbf{i} + 3\mathbf{j}$  and  $\mathbf{q} = 4\mathbf{i} - 2\mathbf{j}$ ,
- a find the values of  $a$  and  $b$  such that  $a\mathbf{p} + b\mathbf{q} = -5\mathbf{i} + 13\mathbf{j}$ ,  
 b find the value of  $c$  such that  $c\mathbf{p} + \mathbf{q}$  is parallel to the vector  $\mathbf{j}$ ,  
 c find the value of  $d$  such that  $\mathbf{p} + d\mathbf{q}$  is parallel to the vector  $3\mathbf{i} - \mathbf{j}$ .
- 10 Relative to a fixed origin  $O$ , the points  $A$  and  $B$  have position vectors  $\begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 6 \end{pmatrix}$  and  $\begin{pmatrix} -5 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$  respectively. Find
- a the vector  $\overrightarrow{AB}$ ,  
 b  $|\overrightarrow{AB}|$ ,  
 c the position vector of the mid-point of  $AB$ ,  
 d the position vector of the point  $C$  such that  $OABC$  is a parallelogram.

