

Exercise 7D

1 $\mathbf{a} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ -4 \end{pmatrix}$ $\mathbf{b} = \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ -3 \\ 5 \end{pmatrix}$

a $\mathbf{i} - \mathbf{a} - \mathbf{b} = \begin{pmatrix} -3 \\ 5 \\ -9 \end{pmatrix}$

ii $-\mathbf{a} + 3\mathbf{b} = \begin{pmatrix} -1+12 \\ -2-9 \\ 4+15 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 11 \\ -11 \\ 19 \end{pmatrix}$

b $\mathbf{a} - \mathbf{b}$ is parallel since
 $-2(\mathbf{a} - \mathbf{b}) = 6\mathbf{i} - 10\mathbf{j} + 18\mathbf{k}$.

$-\mathbf{a} + 3\mathbf{b}$ is not parallel as it is not a multiple of $6\mathbf{i} - 10\mathbf{j} + 18\mathbf{k}$.

2 $3\mathbf{a} + 2\mathbf{b} = 3\begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 2 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix} + 2\begin{pmatrix} -3 \\ -2 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 2 \\ 5 \end{pmatrix}$

$3\mathbf{i} + 2\mathbf{j} + 5\mathbf{k} = \frac{1}{2}(6\mathbf{i} + 4\mathbf{j} + 10\mathbf{k})$

So the vectors are parallel.

3 $\mathbf{a} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ -4 \end{pmatrix}$ $\mathbf{b} = \begin{pmatrix} p \\ q \\ r \end{pmatrix}$

$\mathbf{a} + 2\mathbf{b} = (1+2p)\mathbf{i} + (2+2q)\mathbf{j} + (-4+2r)\mathbf{k}$

$(1+2p)\mathbf{i} + (2+2q)\mathbf{j} + (-4+2r)\mathbf{k} = 5\mathbf{i} + 4\mathbf{j}$

$1+2p=5 \Rightarrow p=2$

$2+2q=4 \Rightarrow q=1$

$-4+2r=0 \Rightarrow r=2$

4 a $|3\mathbf{i} + 5\mathbf{j} + \mathbf{k}| = \sqrt{3^2 + 5^2 + 1^2}$
 $= \sqrt{9+25+1} = \sqrt{35}$

b $|4\mathbf{i} - 2\mathbf{k}| = \sqrt{4^2 + 0^2 + (-2)^2}$
 $= \sqrt{16+4} = \sqrt{20} = \sqrt{4}\sqrt{5} = 2\sqrt{5}$

4 c $|\mathbf{i} + \mathbf{j} - \mathbf{k}| = \sqrt{1^2 + 1^2 + (-1)^2}$
 $= \sqrt{1+1+1} = \sqrt{3}$

d $|5\mathbf{i} - 9\mathbf{j} - 8\mathbf{k}| = \sqrt{5^2 + (-9)^2 + (-8)^2}$
 $= \sqrt{25+81+64} = \sqrt{170}$

e $|\mathbf{i} + 5\mathbf{j} - 7\mathbf{k}| = \sqrt{1^2 + 5^2 + (-7)^2}$
 $= \sqrt{1+25+49} = \sqrt{75}$
 $= \sqrt{25}\sqrt{3} = 5\sqrt{3}$

5 a $\mathbf{p} + \mathbf{q} = \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ 0 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \\ -3 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 7 \\ 1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$

b $\mathbf{q} - \mathbf{r} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \\ -3 \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} 7 \\ -4 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -5 \\ 5 \\ -5 \end{pmatrix}$

c $\mathbf{p} + \mathbf{q} + \mathbf{r} = \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ 0 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \\ -3 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 7 \\ -4 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 14 \\ -3 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$

d $3\mathbf{p} - \mathbf{r} = 3\begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ 0 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} 7 \\ -4 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 15 \\ 0 \\ 6 \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} 7 \\ -4 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 8 \\ 4 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix}$

e $\mathbf{p} - 2\mathbf{q} + \mathbf{r} = \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ 0 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} - 2\begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \\ -3 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 7 \\ -4 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$
 $= \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ 0 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ 2 \\ -6 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 7 \\ -4 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 8 \\ -6 \\ 10 \end{pmatrix}$

6 $\overrightarrow{AB} = \mathbf{b} - \mathbf{a}$, so $\mathbf{b} = \overrightarrow{AB} + \mathbf{a}$

$\mathbf{b} = \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ 4 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ -7 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 7 \\ -3 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$

Position vector of B is $7\mathbf{i} - 3\mathbf{j} + 2\mathbf{k}$

7 $|\mathbf{a}| = \sqrt{t^2 + 2^2 + 3^2} = 7$

$$\sqrt{t^2 + 4 + 9} = 7$$

$$t^2 + 4 + 9 = 49$$

$$t^2 = 36$$

$$t = 6 \text{ or } t = -6$$

8 $|\mathbf{a}| = \sqrt{(5t)^2 + (2t)^2 + t^2} = 3\sqrt{10}$

$$\sqrt{25t^2 + 4t^2 + t^2} = 3\sqrt{10}$$

$$\sqrt{30t^2} = 3\sqrt{10}$$

$$30t^2 = 9 \times 10$$

$$t^2 = 3$$

$$t = \sqrt{3} \text{ or } t = -\sqrt{3}$$

- 9 a i Position vector of A is $2\mathbf{i} + \mathbf{j} + 4\mathbf{k}$
 Position vector of B is $3\mathbf{i} - 2\mathbf{j} + 4\mathbf{k}$
 Position vector of C is $-\mathbf{i} + 2\mathbf{j} + 2\mathbf{k}$

ii $\overrightarrow{AC} = \overrightarrow{OC} - \overrightarrow{OA}$
 $= (-\mathbf{i} + 2\mathbf{j} + 2\mathbf{k}) - (2\mathbf{i} + \mathbf{j} + 4\mathbf{k})$
 $= -3\mathbf{i} + \mathbf{j} - 2\mathbf{k}$

b i $|\overrightarrow{AC}| = \sqrt{3^2 + 1^2 + 2^2} = \sqrt{14}$

ii $|\overrightarrow{OC}| = \sqrt{1^2 + 2^2 + 2^2} = \sqrt{9} = 3$

10 a $\overrightarrow{PQ} = \overrightarrow{OQ} - \overrightarrow{OP}$
 $= -\mathbf{i} + 3\mathbf{j} - 5\mathbf{k} - (3\mathbf{i} + 7\mathbf{k})$
 $= -4\mathbf{i} + 3\mathbf{j} - 12\mathbf{k}$

- b Distance between P and Q is
 $|\overrightarrow{PQ}| = \sqrt{4^2 + 3^2 + 12^2} = \sqrt{169} = 13$

c Unit vector in the direction of \overrightarrow{PQ} is
 $\frac{1}{13}(-4\mathbf{i} + 3\mathbf{j} - 12\mathbf{k}) = -\frac{4}{13}\mathbf{i} + \frac{3}{13}\mathbf{j} - \frac{12}{13}\mathbf{k}$

11 a $\overrightarrow{AB} = \overrightarrow{OB} - \overrightarrow{OA}$
 $= -2\mathbf{i} + 3\mathbf{j} + \mathbf{k} - (4\mathbf{i} - \mathbf{j} - 2\mathbf{k})$
 $= -6\mathbf{i} + 4\mathbf{j} + 3\mathbf{k}$

- 11 b Distance between A and B is

$$|\overrightarrow{AB}| = \sqrt{6^2 + 4^2 + 3^2} = \sqrt{61}$$

- c Unit vector in the direction of \overrightarrow{AB} is

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{61}}(-6\mathbf{i} + 4\mathbf{j} + 3\mathbf{k})$$

$$= -\frac{6}{\sqrt{61}}\mathbf{i} + \frac{4}{\sqrt{61}}\mathbf{j} + \frac{3}{\sqrt{61}}\mathbf{k}$$

12 a $|\mathbf{p}| = \sqrt{3^2 + 4^2 + 2^2} = \sqrt{29}$

$$\hat{\mathbf{p}} = \frac{1}{|\mathbf{p}|}\mathbf{p} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{29}}(3\mathbf{i} - 4\mathbf{j} - 2\mathbf{k})$$

$$= \frac{3}{\sqrt{29}}\mathbf{i} - \frac{4}{\sqrt{29}}\mathbf{j} - \frac{2}{\sqrt{29}}\mathbf{k}$$

b $|\mathbf{q}| = \sqrt{2^2 + 4^2 + 7} = \sqrt{25} = 5$

$$\hat{\mathbf{q}} = \frac{1}{|\mathbf{q}|}\mathbf{q} = \frac{1}{5}(\sqrt{2}\mathbf{i} - 4\mathbf{j} - \sqrt{7}\mathbf{k})$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{2}}{5}\mathbf{i} - \frac{4}{5}\mathbf{j} - \frac{\sqrt{7}}{5}\mathbf{k}$$

c $|\mathbf{r}| = \sqrt{5^2 + 8^2 + 3} = \sqrt{16} = 4$

$$\hat{\mathbf{r}} = \frac{1}{|\mathbf{r}|}\mathbf{r} = \frac{1}{4}(\sqrt{5}\mathbf{i} - 2\sqrt{2}\mathbf{j} - \sqrt{3}\mathbf{k})$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{5}}{4}\mathbf{i} - \frac{2\sqrt{2}}{4}\mathbf{j} - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4}\mathbf{k}$$

13 a $\overrightarrow{AB} = \overrightarrow{OB} - \overrightarrow{OA}$

$$= 8\mathbf{i} - 3\mathbf{j} + 3\mathbf{k} - (8\mathbf{i} - 7\mathbf{j} + 4\mathbf{k})$$

$$= 4\mathbf{j} - \mathbf{k}$$

$$\overrightarrow{AC} = \overrightarrow{OC} - \overrightarrow{OA}$$

$$= 12\mathbf{i} - 6\mathbf{j} + 3\mathbf{k} - (8\mathbf{i} - 7\mathbf{j} + 4\mathbf{k})$$

$$= 4\mathbf{i} + \mathbf{j} - \mathbf{k}$$

$$\overrightarrow{BC} = \overrightarrow{OC} - \overrightarrow{OB}$$

$$= 12\mathbf{i} - 6\mathbf{j} + 3\mathbf{k} - (8\mathbf{i} - 3\mathbf{j} + 3\mathbf{k})$$

$$= 4\mathbf{i} - 3\mathbf{j}$$

13 b

$$\begin{aligned} |\overrightarrow{AB}| &= \sqrt{4^2 + 1} = \sqrt{17} \\ |\overrightarrow{AC}| &= \sqrt{4^2 + 1 + 1} = \sqrt{18} = 3\sqrt{2} \\ |\overrightarrow{BC}| &= \sqrt{4^2 + 3^2} = \sqrt{25} = 5 \end{aligned}$$

c As the sides are all different lengths, the triangle is scalene.

14 a

$$\begin{aligned} \overrightarrow{AB} &= \overrightarrow{OB} - \overrightarrow{OA} \\ &= \mathbf{i} - 2\mathbf{j} + 5\mathbf{k} - (\mathbf{3i} + 4\mathbf{j} + 8\mathbf{k}) \\ &= -2\mathbf{i} - 6\mathbf{j} - 3\mathbf{k} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \overrightarrow{AC} &= \overrightarrow{OC} - \overrightarrow{OA} \\ &= 7\mathbf{i} - 5\mathbf{j} + 7\mathbf{k} - (\mathbf{3i} + 4\mathbf{j} + 8\mathbf{k}) \\ &= 4\mathbf{i} - 9\mathbf{j} - \mathbf{k} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \overrightarrow{BC} &= \overrightarrow{OC} - \overrightarrow{OB} \\ &= 7\mathbf{i} - 5\mathbf{j} + 7\mathbf{k} - (\mathbf{i} - 2\mathbf{j} + 5\mathbf{k}) \\ &= 6\mathbf{i} - 3\mathbf{j} + 2\mathbf{k} \end{aligned}$$

b

$$\begin{aligned} |\overrightarrow{AB}| &= \sqrt{2^2 + 6^2 + 3^2} = \sqrt{49} = 7 \\ |\overrightarrow{AC}| &= \sqrt{4^2 + 9^2 + 1} = \sqrt{98} = 7\sqrt{2} \\ |\overrightarrow{BC}| &= \sqrt{6^2 + 3^2 + 2^2} = \sqrt{49} = 7 \end{aligned}$$

c Triangle ABC is isosceles.
Since angle $ABC = 90^\circ$, angle $BAC = 45^\circ$

15 a

$$\begin{aligned} |-\mathbf{i} + 7\mathbf{j} + \mathbf{k}| &= \sqrt{51} \\ \mathbf{i} \quad \cos \theta_x &= \frac{-1}{\sqrt{51}} \Rightarrow \theta_x = 98.0^\circ \end{aligned}$$

ii

$$\cos \theta_y = \frac{7}{\sqrt{51}} \Rightarrow \theta_y = 11.4^\circ$$

iii

$$\cos \theta_z = \frac{1}{\sqrt{51}} \Rightarrow \theta_z = 82.0^\circ$$

b

$$\begin{aligned} |3\mathbf{i} + 4\mathbf{j} + 7\mathbf{k}| &= \sqrt{74} \\ \mathbf{i} \quad \cos \theta_x &= \frac{3}{\sqrt{74}} \Rightarrow \theta_x = 69.6^\circ \end{aligned}$$

ii

$$\cos \theta_y = \frac{4}{\sqrt{74}} \Rightarrow \theta_y = 62.3^\circ$$

15 b **iii** $\cos \theta_z = \frac{7}{\sqrt{74}} \Rightarrow \theta_z = 35.5^\circ$

c $|2\mathbf{i} - 3\mathbf{k}| = \sqrt{13}$

i $\cos \theta_x = \frac{2}{\sqrt{13}} \Rightarrow \theta_x = 56.3^\circ$

ii $\cos \theta_y = \frac{0}{\sqrt{13}} \Rightarrow \theta_y = 90^\circ$

iii $\cos \theta_z = \frac{-3}{\sqrt{13}} \Rightarrow \theta_z = -146.3^\circ$

16 Let A be $(2, 0, 0)$, B be $(5, 0, 0)$ and C be $(4, 2, 3)$.

$$|\overrightarrow{AB}| = 3$$

$$|\overrightarrow{AC}| = \sqrt{2^2 + 2^2 + 3^2} = \sqrt{17} \approx 4.123$$

$$|\overrightarrow{BC}| = \sqrt{1^2 + 2^2 + 3^2} = \sqrt{14} \approx 3.742$$

$$\cos \angle ABC = \frac{9+14-17}{2 \times 3 \times \sqrt{14}} = 0.2672\dots$$

$$\angle ABC = 74.49\dots^\circ$$

Area of triangle

$$= \frac{1}{2} \times 3 \times \sqrt{14} \times \sin 74.49\dots^\circ$$

$$= 5.41$$

17 $|\overrightarrow{PQ}| = \sqrt{3^2 + 1 + 2^2} = \sqrt{14}$

$$|\overrightarrow{QR}| = \sqrt{2^2 + 4^2 + 3^2} = \sqrt{29}$$

$$|\overrightarrow{PR}| = |\overrightarrow{PQ} + \overrightarrow{QR}| = \sqrt{1 + 3^2 + 5^2} = \sqrt{35}$$

Using the cosine rule:

$$35 = 29 + 14 - 2\sqrt{29 \times 14} \cos \angle PQR$$

$$\cos \angle PQR = \frac{4}{\sqrt{406}} = 0.1985\dots$$

$$\angle PQR = 78.5^\circ \text{ (1 d.p.)}$$

Challenge

The vector $\mathbf{a} = -2\mathbf{i} + 6\mathbf{j} - 3\mathbf{k}$ will be in the same vertical plane as the vector $\mathbf{b} = -2\mathbf{i} + 6\mathbf{j}$.

So the angle \mathbf{a} makes with the xy -plane is the angle, θ , between \mathbf{a} and \mathbf{b} .

$$\cos \theta = \frac{|\mathbf{b}|}{|\mathbf{a}|} = \frac{\sqrt{40}}{\sqrt{49}} = 0.9035\dots$$

$$\theta = 25.4^\circ \text{ (1 d.p.)}$$