

Exercise 7B

$$1 \quad \mathbf{v}_1 \quad \mathbf{i} \quad 8 \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} + 0 \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = 8\mathbf{i}$$

$$\text{ii} \quad 8 \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} + 0 \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 8 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\mathbf{v}_2 \quad \mathbf{i} \quad 9 \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} + 3 \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = 9\mathbf{i} + 3\mathbf{j}$$

$$\text{ii} \quad 9 \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} + 3 \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 9 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\mathbf{v}_3 \quad \mathbf{i} \quad -4 \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} + 2 \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = -4\mathbf{i} + 2\mathbf{j}$$

$$\text{ii} \quad -4 \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} + 2 \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -4 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\mathbf{v}_4 \quad \mathbf{i} \quad 3 \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} + 5 \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = 3\mathbf{i} + 5\mathbf{j}$$

$$\text{ii} \quad 3 \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} + 5 \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 5 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\mathbf{v}_5 \quad \mathbf{i} \quad -3 \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} - 2 \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = -3\mathbf{i} - 2\mathbf{j}$$

$$\text{ii} \quad -3 \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} - 2 \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -3 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\mathbf{v}_6 \quad \mathbf{i} \quad 0 \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} - 5 \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = -5\mathbf{j}$$

$$\text{ii} \quad 0 \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} - 5 \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ -5 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$2 \quad \mathbf{a} \quad 4\mathbf{a} = 4(2\mathbf{i} + 3\mathbf{j}) \\ = 8\mathbf{i} + 12\mathbf{j}$$

$$\mathbf{b} \quad \frac{1}{2}\mathbf{a} = \frac{1}{2}(2\mathbf{i} + 3\mathbf{j}) \\ = \mathbf{i} + \frac{3}{2}\mathbf{j}$$

$$2 \quad \mathbf{c} \quad -\mathbf{b} = -(4\mathbf{i} - \mathbf{j}) \\ = -4\mathbf{i} + \mathbf{j}$$

$$\mathbf{d} \quad 2\mathbf{b} + \mathbf{a} = 2(4\mathbf{i} - \mathbf{j}) + (2\mathbf{i} + 3\mathbf{j}) \\ = (8\mathbf{i} - 2\mathbf{j}) + (2\mathbf{i} + 3\mathbf{j}) \\ = (8 + 2)\mathbf{i} + (-2 + 3)\mathbf{j} \\ = 10\mathbf{i} + \mathbf{j}$$

$$\mathbf{e} \quad 3\mathbf{a} - 2\mathbf{b} = 3(2\mathbf{i} + 3\mathbf{j}) - 2(4\mathbf{i} - \mathbf{j}) \\ = (6\mathbf{i} + 9\mathbf{j}) - (8\mathbf{i} - 2\mathbf{j}) \\ = (6 - 8)\mathbf{i} + (9 + 2)\mathbf{j} \\ = -2\mathbf{i} + 11\mathbf{j}$$

$$\mathbf{f} \quad \mathbf{b} - 3\mathbf{a} = (4\mathbf{i} - \mathbf{j}) - 3(2\mathbf{i} + 3\mathbf{j}) \\ = (4\mathbf{i} - \mathbf{j}) - (6\mathbf{i} + 9\mathbf{j}) \\ = (4 - 6)\mathbf{i} + (-1 - 9)\mathbf{j} \\ = -2\mathbf{i} - 10\mathbf{j}$$

$$\mathbf{g} \quad 4\mathbf{b} - \mathbf{a} = 4(4\mathbf{i} - \mathbf{j}) - (2\mathbf{i} + 3\mathbf{j}) \\ = (16\mathbf{i} - 4\mathbf{j}) - (2\mathbf{i} + 3\mathbf{j}) \\ = (16 - 2)\mathbf{i} + (-4 - 3)\mathbf{j} \\ = 14\mathbf{i} - 7\mathbf{j}$$

$$\mathbf{h} \quad 2\mathbf{a} - 3\mathbf{b} = 2(2\mathbf{i} + 3\mathbf{j}) - 3(4\mathbf{i} - \mathbf{j}) \\ = (4\mathbf{i} + 6\mathbf{j}) - (12\mathbf{i} - 3\mathbf{j}) \\ = (4 - 12)\mathbf{i} + (6 + 3)\mathbf{j} \\ = -8\mathbf{i} + 9\mathbf{j}$$

$$3 \quad \mathbf{a} \quad 5\mathbf{a} = 5 \begin{pmatrix} 9 \\ 7 \end{pmatrix} \\ = \begin{pmatrix} 45 \\ 35 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\mathbf{b} \quad -\frac{1}{2}\mathbf{c} = -\frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} -8 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix} \\ = \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ 0.5 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\mathbf{c} \quad \mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} + \mathbf{c} = \begin{pmatrix} 9 \\ 7 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 11 \\ -3 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} -8 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix} \\ = \begin{pmatrix} 12 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 3 \text{ d } 2\mathbf{a} - \mathbf{b} + \mathbf{c} &= 2\begin{pmatrix} 9 \\ 7 \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} 11 \\ -3 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} -8 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix} \\ &= \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 16 \end{pmatrix} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{e } 2\mathbf{b} + 2\mathbf{c} - 3\mathbf{a} &= 2\begin{pmatrix} 11 \\ -3 \end{pmatrix} + 2\begin{pmatrix} -8 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix} - 3\begin{pmatrix} 9 \\ 7 \end{pmatrix} \\ &= \begin{pmatrix} -21 \\ -29 \end{pmatrix} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{f } \frac{1}{2}\mathbf{a} + \frac{1}{2}\mathbf{b} &= \frac{1}{2}\begin{pmatrix} 9 \\ 7 \end{pmatrix} + \frac{1}{2}\begin{pmatrix} 11 \\ -3 \end{pmatrix} \\ &= \begin{pmatrix} 10 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 4 \text{ a } \mathbf{a} + \lambda\mathbf{b} &= (2\mathbf{i} + 5\mathbf{j}) + \lambda(3\mathbf{i} - \mathbf{j}) \\ &= (2 + 3\lambda)\mathbf{i} + (5 - \lambda)\mathbf{j} \end{aligned}$$

Parallel to \mathbf{i} , so $5 - \lambda = 0$, $\lambda = 5$.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{b } \mu\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} &= \mu(2\mathbf{i} + 5\mathbf{j}) + (3\mathbf{i} - \mathbf{j}) \\ &= (2\mu + 3)\mathbf{i} + (5\mu - 1)\mathbf{j} \end{aligned}$$

Parallel to \mathbf{j} , so $2\mu + 3 = 0$, $\mu = -\frac{3}{2}$

$$\begin{aligned} 5 \text{ a } \mathbf{c} + \lambda\mathbf{d} &= (3\mathbf{i} + 4\mathbf{j}) + \lambda(\mathbf{i} - 2\mathbf{j}) \\ &= (3 + \lambda)\mathbf{i} + (4 - 2\lambda)\mathbf{j} \end{aligned}$$

Parallel to $\mathbf{i} + \mathbf{j}$, so $3 + \lambda = 4 - 2\lambda$
 $3\lambda = 1$, $\lambda = \frac{1}{3}$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{b } \mu\mathbf{c} + \mathbf{d} &= \mu(3\mathbf{i} + 4\mathbf{j}) + (\mathbf{i} - 2\mathbf{j}) \\ &= (3\mu + 1)\mathbf{i} + (4\mu - 2)\mathbf{j} \end{aligned}$$

Parallel to $\mathbf{i} + 3\mathbf{j}$, so $4\mu - 2 = 3(3\mu + 1)$
 $4\mu - 2 = 9\mu + 3$
 $5\mu = -5$, $\mu = -1$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{c } \mathbf{c} - s\mathbf{d} &= (3\mathbf{i} + 4\mathbf{j}) - s(\mathbf{i} - 2\mathbf{j}) \\ &= (3 - s)\mathbf{i} + (4 + 2s)\mathbf{j} \end{aligned}$$

Parallel to $2\mathbf{i} + \mathbf{j}$, so
 $3 - s = 2(4 + 2s)$
 $3 - s = 8 + 4s$
 $-5 = 5s$, $s = -1$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{d } \mathbf{d} - t\mathbf{c} &= (\mathbf{i} - 2\mathbf{j}) - t(3\mathbf{i} + 4\mathbf{j}) \\ &= (1 - 3t)\mathbf{i} + (-2 - 4t)\mathbf{j} \end{aligned}$$

Parallel to $-2\mathbf{i} + 3\mathbf{j}$, so
 $-2(-2 - 4t) = 3(1 - 3t)$
 $4 + 8t = 3 - 9t$
 $1 = -17t$, $t = -\frac{1}{17}$

$$\begin{aligned} 6 \quad \overline{BC} &= \overline{BA} + \overline{AC} \\ &= -(4\mathbf{i} + 3\mathbf{j}) + 5\mathbf{i} + 2\mathbf{j} \\ &= \mathbf{i} - \mathbf{j} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 7 \text{ a } \overline{AC} &= \overline{AO} + \overline{OC} \\ &= -(2\mathbf{i} + 4\mathbf{j}) + 7\mathbf{i} \\ &= 5\mathbf{i} - 4\mathbf{j} \\ &= 5\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} - 4\begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \\ &= \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ -4 \end{pmatrix} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{b } \overline{AP} &= \frac{3}{5}\overline{AC} \\ &= \frac{3}{5}(5\mathbf{i} - 4\mathbf{j}) \\ &= 3\mathbf{i} - \frac{12}{5}\mathbf{j} \\ &= 3\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} - \frac{12}{5}\begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \\ &= \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ -\frac{12}{5} \end{pmatrix} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{c } \overline{OP} &= \overline{OA} + \overline{AP} \\ &= 2\mathbf{i} + 4\mathbf{j} + \frac{3}{5}(5\mathbf{i} - 4\mathbf{j}) \\ &= 5\mathbf{i} + \frac{8}{5}\mathbf{j} \\ &= 5\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} + \frac{8}{5}\begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \\ &= \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ \frac{8}{5} \end{pmatrix} \end{aligned}$$

$$8 \quad \begin{pmatrix} 10 \\ k \end{pmatrix} - 2\begin{pmatrix} j \\ 3 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 5 \end{pmatrix}$$

So $10 - 2j = 2$ and $k - 6 = 5$
 $j = 4$ and $k = 11$

$$9 \quad \begin{pmatrix} p \\ -q \end{pmatrix} + 2\begin{pmatrix} q \\ p \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 7 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix}$$

So $p + 2q = 7$ (1)
and $-q + 2p = 4$ (2)

Solve the two equations simultaneously.
Multiply equation (2) by 2 to give
 $-2q + 4p = 8$ (3)

Add equations (1) and (3)
 $5p = 15$
 $p = 3$ and $q = 2$

10 a The resultant vector

$$\begin{aligned}\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} &= 3\mathbf{i} - 2\mathbf{j} + p\mathbf{i} - 2p\mathbf{j} \\ &= (3 + p)\mathbf{i} - (2 + 2p)\mathbf{j}\end{aligned}$$

$(3 + p)\mathbf{i} - (2 + 2p)\mathbf{j}$ is parallel to $2\mathbf{i} - 3\mathbf{j}$

$$\text{so } (3 + p)\mathbf{i} - (2 + 2p)\mathbf{j} = \lambda(2\mathbf{i} - 3\mathbf{j})$$

$$\text{so } 3 + p = 2\lambda \quad \text{(1)}$$

$$\text{and } 2 + 2p = 3\lambda \quad \text{(2)}$$

Solve the two equations simultaneously.

Multiply equation (1) by 2 to give

$$6 + 2p = 4\lambda$$

$$\lambda = 4$$

$$p = 5$$

b When $p = 5$

$$(3 + p)\mathbf{i} - (2 + 2p)\mathbf{j} = 8\mathbf{i} - 12\mathbf{j}$$