

Edexcel Maths C1

Topic Questions from Papers

Differentiation

10. The curve C has equation

$$y = (x+1)(x+3)^2$$

(a) Sketch C , showing the coordinates of the points at which C meets the axes. (4)

(b) Show that $\frac{dy}{dx} = 3x^2 + 14x + 15$. (3)

The point A , with x -coordinate -5 , lies on C .

(c) Find the equation of the tangent to C at A , giving your answer in the form $y = mx + c$, where m and c are constants. (4)

Another point B also lies on C . The tangents to C at A and B are parallel.

(d) Find the x -coordinate of B . (3)



11.

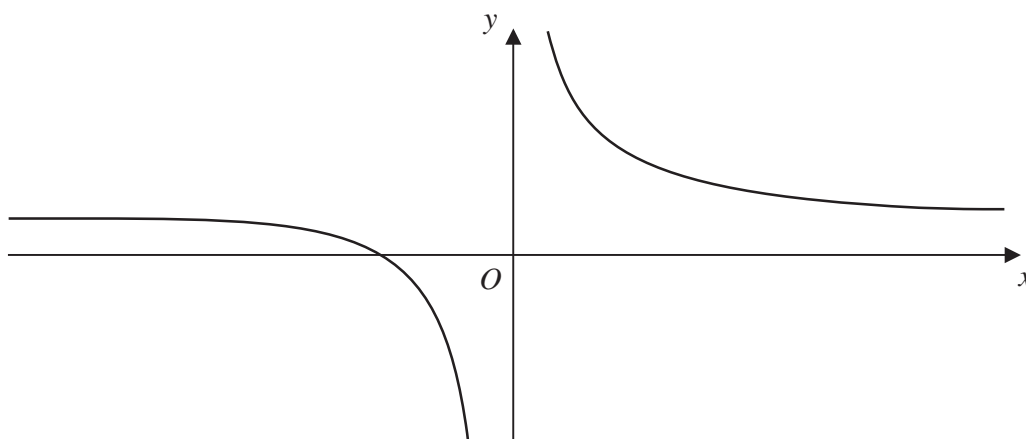


Figure 2

Figure 2 shows a sketch of the curve H with equation $y = \frac{3}{x} + 4$, $x \neq 0$.

- (a) Give the coordinates of the point where H crosses the x -axis. (1)
- (b) Give the equations of the asymptotes to H . (2)
- (c) Find an equation for the normal to H at the point $P(-3, 3)$. (5)

This normal crosses the x -axis at A and the y -axis at B .

- (d) Find the length of the line segment AB . Give your answer as a surd. (3)



Core Mathematics C1

Mensuration

$$\text{Surface area of sphere} = 4\pi r^2$$

$$\text{Area of curved surface of cone} = \pi r \times \text{slant height}$$

Arithmetic series

$$u_n = a + (n - 1)d$$

$$S_n = \frac{1}{2}n(a + l) = \frac{1}{2}n[2a + (n - 1)d]$$