1

Pure Mathematics 1

Solution Bank

Pearson

Exercise 3G









5



6 a For y = x + 1 and y = 7 - x: x + 1 = 7 - x 2x = 6x = 3, y = 4

> For y = 7 - x and x = 1: x = 1, y = 6

For x = 1 and y = x + 1x = 1, y = 2

The points of intersection are (3, 4), (1, 6) and (1, 2).

b $y \ge x + 1, y \le 7 - x$ and $x \ge 1$

7 $y < 2 - 5x - x^2, 2x + y \ge 0$ and $x + y \le 4$

Pure Mathematics 1

Solution Bank







- **b** For y = x + 4 and y = -5x 3: x + 4 = -5x - 3 6x = -7 $x = -\frac{7}{6}, y = \frac{17}{6}$ For y = -5x - 3 and y = -1: $y = -1, x = -\frac{2}{5}$ For y = -1 and x = 2: x = 2, y = -1For x = 2 and y = x + 4: x = 2, y = 6The vertices are at the points $(-\frac{7}{6}, \frac{17}{6}), (-\frac{2}{5}, -1), (2, -1)$ and (2, 6).
- c $(-\frac{2}{5}, -1)$ is the only vertex formed by two solid lines.
- d Area of shaded region = area of rightangled triangle – area of unshaded triangle Area of right-angled triangle $= \frac{1}{2} \times 7 \times 7$ $= \frac{49}{2}$ Area of unshaded triangle $= \frac{1}{2} \times (-\frac{2}{5} - (-5)) \times (\frac{17}{6} - (-1))$ $= \frac{529}{60}$ Area of shaded region $= \frac{49}{2} - \frac{529}{60}$ $= \frac{941}{60}$