Pure Mathematics 1

Solution Bank

Pearson

Exercise 3A

1 a Multiply 2x - y = 6 by 3: 6x - 3y = 18 4x + 3y = 22Add: 10x = 40 x = 4Substitute into 2x - y = 6: 8 - y = 6 y = 2Solution is x = 4, y = 2

- **b** Multiply 7x + 3y = 16 by 3: 21x + 9y = 48 2x + 9y = 29Subtract: 19x = 19 x = 1Substitute into 7x + 3y = 16: 7 + 3y = 16 y = 3
 - Solution is x = 1, y = 3
- c Multiply 5x + 2y = 6 by 5: 25x + 10y = 30 3x - 10y = 26Add: 28x = 56 x = 2Substitute into 5x + 2y = 6: 10 + 2y = 6 y = -2Solution is x = 2, y = -2

d Multiply
$$2x - y = 12$$
 by 2:
 $4x - 2y = 24$
 $6x + 2y = 21$
Add:
 $10x = 45$
 $x = 4\frac{1}{2}$
Substitute into $2x - y = 12$:
 $9 - y = 12$
 $y = -3$
Solution is $x = 4\frac{1}{2}$, $y = -3$

e Multiply 3x - 2y = -6 by 2: 6x - 4y = -126x + 3y = 2Subtract: -7y = -14y = 2Substitute into 3x - 2y = -6: 3x - 4 = -63x = -2 $x = -\frac{2}{2}$ Solution is $x = -\frac{2}{3}$, y = 2f Multiply 3x + 8y = 33 by 2: 6x + 16y = 666x = 3 + 5y6x + 16y = 666x - 5y = 3Subtract: 21y = 63v = 3Substitute into 3x + 8y = 33: 3x + 24 = 333x = 9x = 3Solution is x = 3, y = 3

2 a Rearrange x + 3y = 11 to give: x = 11 - 3ySubstitute into 4x - 7y = 6: 4(11 - 3y) - 7y = 6 44 - 12y - 7y = 6 -19y = -38 y = 2Substitute into x = 11 - 3y: x = 11 - 6 x = 5Solution is x = 5, y = 2

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- 2 b Rearrange 2x + y = 5 to give: y = 5 - 2xSubstitute into 4x - 3y = 40: 4x - 3(5 - 2x) = 40 4x - 15 + 6x = 40 $x = 5\frac{1}{2}$ Substitute into y = 5 - 2x: y = 5 - 11 = -6Solution is $x = 5\frac{1}{2}$, y = -6
 - c Rearrange 3x y = 7 to give: y = 3x - 7Substitute into 10x + 3y = -2: 10x + 3(3x - 7) = -2 10x + 9x - 21 = -2 19x = 19 x = 1Substitute into y = 3x - 7: y = 3 - 7 = -4Solution is x = 1, y = -4
 - d Rearrange 3y = x 1 to give: x = 3y+1Substitute into 2y = 2x-3: 2y = 2(3y+1)-3 2y = 6y+2-3 $y = \frac{1}{4}$ Substitute into x = 3y+1: $x = \frac{3}{4}+1=1\frac{3}{4}$ Solution is $x = 1\frac{3}{4}$, $y = \frac{1}{4}$
- 3 a Rearrange 3x 2y + 5 = 0 to give: 3x - 2y = -5 (1) Expand and rearrange 5(x + y) = 6(x + 1)to give: 5x + 5y = 6x + 6 x - 5y = -6 (2) Multiply (2) by 3 to give: 3x - 15y = -18 (3) Subtract (3) from (1) to give: 13y = 13 y = 1, x = 5(1) - 6 = -1x = -1 and y = 1

- **b** Rearrange $\frac{x-2y}{3} = 4$ to give: x - 2y = 12 (1) Rearrange 2x + 3y + 4 = 0 to give: 2x + 3y = -4 (2) Multiply (1) by 2 to give: 2x - 4y = 24 (3) Subtract (2) from (3) to give: -7y = 28 y = -4, x = 2(-4) + 12 = 4Solution is x = 4 and y = -4
- c Expand and rearrange 3y = 5(x 2)to give: 5x - 3y = 10 (1) Expand and rearrange 3(x - 1) + y + 4 = 0to give: 3x + y = -1 (2) Multiply (2) by 3 to give: 9x + 3y = -3 (3) Add (1) and (3) to give: 14x = 7 $x = \frac{1}{2}, y = -3(\frac{1}{2}) - 1 = -\frac{5}{2}$ Solution is $x = \frac{1}{2}$ and $y = -2\frac{1}{2}$
- 4 a 3x + ky = 8 (1) x - 2ky = 5 (2) Multiply (1) by 2 to give: 6x + 2ky = 16 (3) Add (2) and (3) to give: 7x = 21 x = 3
 - **b** Using (1), 3(3) + $k(\frac{1}{2}) = 8$ $\frac{1}{2}k = -1$ k = -2

5 Substitute x = q and y = -1 into both equations to give: 2q + p = 5 (1) 4q - 5 + q = 0 (2) From (2), 5q = 5, q = 1Substituting q = 1 into (1) gives: 2(1) + p = 5p = 3So p = 3 and q = 1