

| | | |
|---------------|---------------|------------------|
| Surname | Centre Number | Candidate Number |
| First name(s) | | 0 |



GCSE

C100U60-1



THURSDAY, 9 JUNE 2022 – MORNING

HISTORY
COMPONENT 2: STUDIES IN BREADTH
Thematic Study

2F. Changes in Health and Medicine in Britain,
c.500 to the present day

1 hour 15 minutes

| For Examiner's use only | | |
|-------------------------|--------------|--------------|
| Question | Maximum Mark | Mark Awarded |
| 1. | 4 | |
| 2. | 6 | |
| 3. | 5 | |
| 4. | 9 | |
| 5. | 16 | |
| 6.a | 8 | |
| 6.b | 12 | |
| Total | 60 | |

C100U601
01

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Use black ink or black ball-point pen. Do not use gel pen or correction fluid.

Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the spaces at the top of this page.

Answer all questions on the examination paper.

Write your answers in the spaces provided in this booklet. Additional space is provided for question 6(b) within the booklet (if required). If further space is required for any question, use the additional page(s) at the back of the booklet, taking care to number the question(s) correctly.

INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

The number of marks is given in brackets at the end of each question or part-question.

Question 5 will assess your ability to construct a balanced, reasoned and well-substantiated extended narrative response.



JUN22C100U60101

Answer **all** questions.

QUESTION 1

Look at Sources A, B and C which show attempts to prevent illness and disease over time and answer the question which follows.

Source A



[Attempting to prevent illness and disease in the medieval period]

Source B



[Attempting to prevent illness and disease in the 19th century]



QUESTION 2

Study Sources D and E below and answer the question which follows.

Source D

An excess of black bile has filled me with melancholy. And so, I have taken to walking in the health-giving air, to restore the balance of my humours.

[From correspondence between two Spanish noblemen referred to in *Love's Labour's Lost*, a comedy play written by William Shakespeare, an author c.1597]

Source E

The discovery of penicillin has ushered in a new era in the treatment of disease. We stand close to a revolution in medicine that is the result of Alexander Fleming's discovery. Fleming deserves his place among the immortals.

[From *The British Medical Journal*, 1955, a publication producing research articles for medical practitioners]

Which of the two sources is the more reliable to an historian studying attempts to treat and cure illness and disease over time? [6]

[In your answer you should refer to the content and authorship of the sources and use your own knowledge and understanding of the wider historical context.]

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....



Examiner
only

Large empty rectangular area for writing, bounded by a solid top and bottom line and a solid left and right line. The interior is divided into 10 horizontal sections by dotted lines.

C100U601
05

| |
|---|
| 2 |
| 4 |

Total

| |
|--|
| |
|--|



05



BLANK PAGE

**PLEASE DO NOT WRITE
ON THIS PAGE**



Examiner
only

Four horizontal dotted lines for marking.

| |
|---|
| 2 |
| 7 |

Total

| |
|--|
| |
|--|



Examiner
only

Large rectangular area with horizontal dotted lines for writing.

| |
|----|
| 6 |
| 10 |

Total

| |
|--|
| |
|--|



