

Edexcel Geography GCSE

Mumbai

Case Study Flashcards

This work by [PMT Education](https://www.pmt.education) is licensed under [CC BY-NC-ND 4.0](https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-nc-nd/4.0/)



Where is Mumbai?



Where is Mumbai?

Mumbai is on the West Coast of India,
next to the Arabian Sea



What is Mumbai's population? What does this make Mumbai?



What is Mumbai's population? What does this make Mumbai?

22 million.

A city with a population over 10 million is a megacity.



Name two reasons why Mumbai is important to India



Name two reasons why Mumbai is important to India

Any two from:

Very large population, international trade port, 32 million international passengers through Mumbai airport, part of India's richest province.



Name two contrasting regions in Mumbai. Why do they contrast?



Name two contrasting regions in Mumbai. Why do they contrast?

Malabar Hill is the richest residential area, whereas Dharavi is Asia's largest slum.



Is Mumbai's population shrinking or growing? How fast is the population changing?



Is Mumbai's population shrinking or growing? How fast is the population changing?

Mumbai's population is rising! In the next ten years (2030) the population will have grown by 5 million more people.



Name two processes that cause
Mumbai's population growth



Name two processes that cause Mumbai's population growth

- Natural Increase, due to the high fertility rate
- Rural to Urban Migration, for a better quality of life and job opportunities



Name one advantage and one disadvantage of slums in Mumbai



Name one advantage and one disadvantage of slums in Mumbai

👍 Large working population who can process Mumbai's waste and recycling.

👎 Dangerous living conditions - spread of fire and disease, illegal electricity connections, etc.



Why does Mumbai have water pollution?



Why does Mumbai have water pollution?

800 million litres of sewage is emptied into the Mithi River



Why is water pollution dangerous to Mumbai's residents?



Why is water pollution dangerous to Mumbai's residents?

If residents drink polluted water, they can get water-borne diseases

e.g. Diarrhoea, Salmonella, Typhoid Fever



How many fatalities are caused by
Mumbai's trains?



How many fatalities are caused by Mumbai's trains?

10 people die each day due to the overcrowded train system.



How many sweatshops and mini-factories can be found in Dharavi?



How many sweatshops and mini-factories can be found in Dharavi?

20,000 sweatshops and mini factories.

