

# Edexcel A Geography GCSE Topic 4: Changing Cities

#### **Definitions Flashcards**

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### Central Business District (CBD)







#### Central Business District (CBD)

# The centre of a city where many offices and shops are located.







### **Commuter Village**







#### Commuter Village

# A rural village separate from the city but within commuting distance (by car, train, etc) for its residents to work in the city.







#### **Counter Urbanisation**







#### **Counter Urbanisation**

# Migration away from a city because of urban problems (crime, congestion, etc).







#### **De-centralisation**







#### **De-centralisation**

# The movement of population, shops, offices and industry away from CBDs into housing estates, retail and business parks in the suburbs.







#### Dereliction







#### Dereliction

# Where buildings are left unused or unoccupied.







#### Deindustrialisation







#### Deindustrialisation

# Declining industrial activity in a region or economy which causes high levels of unemployment.







#### Globalisation







#### Globalisation

# The increasing connections between places and people across the world, through trade, ideology and cultural exchanges.







#### **Integrated Transport**







#### Integrated Transport

# A system that links different types of transportation to give commuters access to the whole city.







### **International Migration**







#### **International Migration**

# The movement of people between countries, for work or long term residence.







## Lower Income Country (LIC)







#### Lower Income Country (LIC)

# A country of low wealth and a limited level of development.







### Megacity









# A city with a population greater than 10 million people.







## Middle Income Country (MIC)







#### Middle Income Country (MIC)

# A country of sufficient wealth and a good level of development.







### **Multicultural City**







#### Multicultural City

## A city that shares and encourages multiple cultures and religions, besides the national culture.







## **Net Migration**







#### **Net Migration**

# The total number of people entering minus the number of people leaving a country.







### **Population Density**







#### **Population Density**

# The number of people living per square meter of land. It's a measure of how squashed together or spread out a population is.







#### **Pull Factors**







#### **Pull Factors**

# Reasons why a person may feel attracted towards living in the city.







#### **Push Factors**







#### **Push Factors**

# Reasons why a person may feel they need to move away from a rural area.







### Quality of Life







#### **Quality of Life**

## The environment and community a person is part of, as well as their health and access to essentials.







#### Regeneration







#### Regeneration

# Upgrading existing areas to improve its appearance or reputation by constructing new buildings for urban, industrial, commercial and rural areas.







#### Remittance







#### Remittance

#### A family member living in a different country can send money back to their country of origin to support their family substantially.







#### **Re-urbanisation**







#### **Re-urbanisation**

## Migration into an area or town that had been abandoned in the past.







#### **Rural-Urban Migration**







#### **Rural-Urban Migration**

## Individuals move their homes from a rural area to the urban city, for work opportunities or a better quality of life.







#### **Social Inequality**







#### Social Inequality

## The difference in quality of life between groups in society such as incomes, age, gender, ethnicity and disabilities.







#### **Squatter Settlements**







#### **Squatter Settlements**

#### Clusters of temporary housing in which migrants or low income families live in, often built on unfavourable land.







#### Suburbanisation







#### Suburbanisation

## Migration to live on the periphery (suburbs) of a city or town.







#### Suburbs







#### Suburbs

#### Residential land surrounding the city, offering more space, cheaper land but further from the CBD.







#### Transnational Company (TNC)







#### Transnational Company (TNC)

### A business with operations in more than one country.







#### Urbanisation







#### **Urbanisation**

## The increase in the proportion of the population living in urban areas.







#### **Urban Sprawl**







#### **Urban Sprawl**

## The process of a city growing and spreading out, taking over surrounding greenfield land.







#### World City







#### World City

## A city with global influence through politics, businesses or travel.



