



# Cambridge IGCSE™

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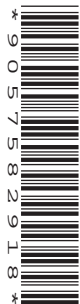
**LITERATURE IN ENGLISH**

**0475/21**

Paper 2 Drama

**October/November 2023**

**1 hour 30 minutes**



You must answer on the enclosed answer booklet.

You will need: Answer booklet (enclosed)

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## INSTRUCTIONS

- Answer **two** questions.
- Your answers must be on **two** different set texts.
- You must answer **one** (a) passage-based question and **one** (b) essay question.
- Follow the instructions on the front cover of the answer booklet. If you need additional answer paper, ask the invigilator for a continuation booklet.

## INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 50.
- All questions are worth equal marks.

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This document has **12** pages. Any blank pages are indicated.

LYNN NOTTAGE: *Crumbs from the Table of Joy*

Remember to support your ideas with details from the writing.

Either 1(a) Read this passage, and then answer the question that follows it:

	[ERNESTINE is startled as GODFREY and GERTE burst through the front door. GODFREY's clothing is disheveled, his forehead is covered with blood and he holds a cloth over his eye. GERTE's brightly colored dress is stained with blood. GODFREY takes off his spring jacket and throws it on the floor, then searches frantically for a weapon. He finds ERNESTINE's sewing scissors.]	5
Gerte:	Don't! No!	
	[GERTE stops GODFREY from going back out.]	
Godfrey:	I'll show those bastards! They don't know who they're messing with! I got something for them!	10
Gerte:	GODFREY! [Shaken and angry; to ERNESTINE] I told him not to speak. 'Please do not answer them, Godfrey!'	
Ernestine:	What happened?	
	[LILY and ERMINA enter.]	15
Godfrey:	That bastard's lucky I only caught him with the side of my hand. I was outnumbered, that's all. 'Cause any other time I'd –	
Lily:	You'd what?	
Godfrey:	There we go, a colored man and a white lady trying to get from one place to another. Minding our own business –	20
Gerte:	I must have caught their eyes –	
Lily:	I wonder how that happened?	
Gerte:	You think I asked them to speak? I forced those vulgarities out of their mouths?	
Godfrey:	Told 'em not to speak to my wife. 'WIFE?' Then 'nigger.'	25
Gerte:	I did not ask them to speak!	
Lily:	What did you expect?	
Gerte:	Stupid men! You're beyond that, Godfrey. What do they know about us.	
Ermina:	Who done this to you?	30
Ernestine:	You hurt Daddy!	
Godfrey:	Oh, they had plenty to say. Snickering and carrying on. Outnumbered. Folks on the subway nodding like it's all right for them to crack me in the face with a Coca-Cola bottle.	
	[ERMINA covers her ears as though trying to block out the sound.]	35
Ermina	[In one breath]: Scat cat, hip, jive, cool baby, dip dive. Be bop, shoo bop, de dap, de dop. Give me some skin, babe. Far out, sweet daddy. STOP! [She races out]	
Godfrey	[Flustered]: If ... If ... If ... I had a ... [He paces. He inadvertently bumps into ERNESTINE's dressmaker's dummy] Does this have to be here?	40

## 3

<i>Ernestine:</i>	Nah, sir.	
<i>Godfrey:</i>	Then move it!	
	[ <i>The dressmaker's dummy topples over.</i> ]	45
<i>Lily:</i>	Why don't you let the child alone. She ain't done this to you. [ <i>GERTE lets out a few short cries as if gasping for air.</i> ]	
<i>Ernestine:</i>	You want me to get the police?	
<i>Lily:</i>	What are the police gonna do, take one look and be on their way.	50
<i>Gerte:</i>	Why not get them. I'll tell them what they should do.	
<i>Godfrey:</i>	Sister's right. [ <i>LILY tends to GODFREY's eye. GERTE tries to take over from LILY.</i> ]	
<i>Gerte:</i>	So where are the warriors in your revolution now? Why don't they help us? How are we to lead our lives if we can't go out for a ... a picture show on a Saturday night.	55
<i>Lily:</i>	Welcome to our world, Miss Eva. You ain't supposed to, period!	

(from Act 2, Scene 3)

How does Nottage make this such an intense moment in the play?

Or **1(b)** In what ways does Nottage make Ernestine's enjoyment of film such a dramatic part of the play?

R C SHERRIFF: *Journey's End*

Remember to support your ideas with details from the writing.

Either 2(a) Read this passage, and then answer the question that follows it:

	[MASON <i>arrives with two more plates of soup.</i> ]	
Osborne:	What kind of soup is this, Mason?	
Mason:	It's yellow soup, sir.	
Osborne:	It's got a very deep yellow flavour.	
Trotter	[ <i>taking a melodious sip</i> ]: It wants some pepper; bring some pepper, Mason.	5
Mason	[ <i>anxiously</i> ]: I'm very sorry, sir. When the mess box was packed the pepper was omitted, sir.	
Trotter	[ <i>throwing his spoon with a clatter into the plate</i> ]: Oh, I say, but damn it!	10
Osborne:	We must have pepper. It's a disinfectant.	
Trotter:	You must have pepper in soup!	
Stanhope	[ <i>quietly</i> ]: Why wasn't it packed, Mason?	
Mason:	It – it was missed, sir.	
Stanhope:	Why?	15
Mason	[ <i>miserably</i> ]: Well, sir, I left it to –	
Stanhope:	Then I advise you never to leave it to anyone else again – unless you want to rejoin your platoon out there. [ <i>He points into the moonlit trench.</i> ]	
Mason:	I'm – I'm very sorry, sir.	20
Stanhope:	Send one of the signallers.	
Mason:	Yes, sir. [ <i>He hastens to the tunnel entrance and calls:</i> ] Bert, you're wanted!	
	[ <i>A SOLDIER appears, with a rifle slung over his shoulder. He stands stiffly to attention.</i> ]	25
Stanhope:	Do you know A Company Headquarters?	
Soldier:	Yes, sir.	
Stanhope:	Go there at once and ask Captain Willis, with my compliments, if he can lend me a little pepper.	
Soldier:	Very good, sir.	30
	[ <i>He turns smartly and goes up the steps, MASON stopping him for a moment to say confidentially: 'A screw of pepper, you ask for.'</i> ]	
Osborne:	We must have pepper.	
Trotter:	I mean – after all – war's bad enough <i>with</i> pepper – [ <i>noisy sip</i> ] – but war without pepper – it's – it's bloody awful!	35
Osborne:	What's it like outside?	
Trotter:	Quiet as an empty 'ouse. There's a nasty noise going on up north.	
Osborne:	Wipers, I expect. I believe there's trouble up there. I wish we	40

## 5

	knew more of what's going on.	
<i>Trotter:</i>	So do I. Still, my wife reads the papers every morning and writes and tells me.	
<i>Osborne:</i>	Hardy says they had a lively time here yesterday. Three big Minnies right in the trench.	45
<i>Trotter:</i>	I know. And they left the bloomin' 'oles for us to fill in. [MASON <i>arrives with cutlets on enamel plates.</i> ] What's this.	
<i>Mason:</i>	Meat, sir.	
<i>Trotter:</i>	I know that. What sort?	50
<i>Mason:</i>	Sort of cutlet, sir.	
<i>Trotter:</i>	Sort of cutlet, is it? You know, Mason, there's cutlets and cutlets.	
<i>Mason:</i>	I know, sir; that one's a cutlet.	
<i>Trotter:</i>	Well, it won't let me cut it.	55
<i>Mason:</i>	No, sir?	
<i>Trotter:</i>	That's a joke.	
<i>Mason:</i>	Oh. Right, sir. [ <i>He goes out.</i> ]	

(from Act 1)

How does Sherriff make this moment in the play both entertaining and revealing?

Or **2(b)** In what ways does Sherriff powerfully convey Stanhope's qualities as a leader?

**WOLE SOYINKA: *Death and the King's Horseman***

**Remember to support your ideas with details from the writing.**

**Either 3(a)** Read this passage, and then answer the question that follows it:

*Elesin:* In a night which falls before our eyes

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Is there now a streak of light at the end of the passage,  
a light I dare not look upon?

*(from Scene 3)*

Explore the ways in which Soyinka makes this moment in the play so mysterious.

**Or**      **3(b)** In what ways does Soyinka encourage you to dislike Pilkings?

WILLIAM SHAKESPEARE: *Twelfth Night*

Remember to support your ideas with details from the writing.

Either 4(a) Read this passage, and then answer the question that follows it:

1 Officer:	This is the man; do thy office.	
2 Officer:	Antonio, I arrest thee at the suit Of Count Orsino.	
Antonio:	You do mistake me, sir.	
1 Officer:	No, sir, no jot; I know your favour well, Though now you have no sea-cap on your head. Take him away; he knows I know him well.	5
Antonio:	I must obey. [To VIOLA] This comes with seeking you; But there's no remedy; I shall answer it. What will you do, now my necessity Makes me to ask you for my purse? It grieves me Much more for what I cannot do for you Than what befalls myself. You stand amaz'd; But be of comfort.	10
2 Officer:	Come, sir, away.	15
Antonio:	I must entreat of you some of that money.	
Viola:	What money, sir? For the fair kindness you have show'd me here, And part being prompted by your present trouble, Out of my lean and low ability I'll lend you something. My having is not much; I'll make division of my present with you; Hold, there's half my coffer.	20
Antonio:	Will you deny me now? Is't possible that my deserts to you Can lack persuasion? Do not tempt my misery, Lest that it make me so unsound a man As to upbraid you with those kindnesses That I have done for you.	25
Viola:	I know of none, Nor know I you by voice or any feature. I hate ingratitude more in a man Than lying, vainness, babbling drunkenness, Or any taint of vice whose strong corruption Inhabits our frail blood.	30
Antonio:	O heavens themselves!	
2 Officer:	Come, sir, I pray you go.	
Antonio:	Let me speak a little. This youth that you see here I snatch'd one half out of the jaws of death, Reliev'd him with such sanctity of love, And to his image, which methought did promise Most venerable worth, did I devotion.	40
1 Officer:	What's that to us? The time goes by; away.	



## 9

*Antonio:* But, O, how vile an idol proves this god!  
 Thou hast, Sebastian, done good feature shame. 45  
 In nature there's no blemish but the mind:  
 None can be call'd deform'd but the unkind.  
 Virtue is beauty; but the beauteous evil  
 Are empty trunks, o'erflourish'd by the devil.

*1 Officer:* The man grows mad. Away with him. 50  
 Come, come, sir.

*Antonio:* Lead me on.

[Exit with OFFICERS.]

*Viola:* Methinks his words do from such passion fly  
 That he believes himself; so do not I. 55  
 Prove true, imagination, O, prove true,  
 That I, dear brother, be now ta'en for you!

(from Act 3, Scene 4)

How does Shakespeare make this moment in the play so dramatic?

Or **4(b)** In what ways does Shakespeare movingly portray Viola's love for Orsino?

WILLIAM SHAKESPEARE: *Othello*

Remember to support your ideas with details from the writing.

Either 5(a) Read this passage, and then answer the question that follows it:

[Enter RODERIGO.]

<i>Iago:</i>	How now, Roderigo!	
<i>Roderigo:</i>	I do not find that thou deal'st justly with me.	
<i>Iago:</i>	What in the contrary?	
<i>Roderigo:</i>	Every day thou daff'st me with some device, Iago; and rather, as it seems to me now, keep'st from me all conveniency than suppliest me with the least advantage of hope. I will indeed, no longer endure it; nor am I yet persuaded to put up in peace what already I have foolishly suffer'd.	5
<i>Iago:</i>	Will you hear me, Roderigo?	10
<i>Roderigo:</i>	Faith, I have heard too much; for your words and performances are no kin together.	
<i>Iago:</i>	You charge me most unjustly.	
<i>Roderigo:</i>	With nought but truth. I have wasted myself out of my means. The jewels you have had from me to deliver to Desdemona would half have corrupted a votarist. You have told me she hath receiv'd them, and return'd me expectations and comforts of sudden respect and acquaintance; but I find none.	15
<i>Iago:</i>	Well; go to; very well.	
<i>Roderigo:</i>	Very well! go to! I cannot go to, man, nor 'tis not very well; by this hand, I say 'tis very scurvy, and begin to find myself fopt in it.	20
<i>Iago:</i>	Very well.	
<i>Roderigo:</i>	I tell you 'tis not very well. I will make myself known to Desdemona. If she will return me my jewels, I will give over my suit and repent my unlawful solicitation; if not, assure yourself I will seek satisfaction of you.	25
<i>Iago:</i>	You have said now.	
<i>Roderigo:</i>	Ay, and said nothing but what I protest intendment of doing.	
<i>Iago:</i>	Why, now I see there's mettle in thee; and even from this instant do build on thee a better opinion than ever before. Give me thy hand, Roderigo. Thou hast taken against me a most just exception; but yet, I protest, I have dealt most directly in thy affair.	30
<i>Roderigo:</i>	It hath not appear'd.	35
<i>Iago:</i>	I grant, indeed, it hath not appear'd; and your suspicion is not without wit and judgment. But, Roderigo, if thou hast that in thee indeed, which I have greater reason to believe now than ever – I mean purpose, courage, and valour – this night show it; if thou the next night following enjoy not Desdemona, take me from this world with treachery, and devise engines for my life.	40
<i>Roderigo:</i>	Well, what is it? Is it within reason and compass?	

<i>Iago:</i>	Sir, there is especial commission come from Venice to depute Cassio in Othello's place.	45
<i>Roderigo:</i>	Is that true? Why, then Othello and Desdemona return again to Venice.	
<i>Iago:</i>	O, no; he goes into Mauritania, and taketh away with him the fair Desdemona, unless his abode be linger'd here by some accident; wherein none can be so determinate as the removing of Cassio.	50
<i>Roderigo:</i>	How do you mean removing of him?	
<i>Iago:</i>	Why, by making him incapable of Othello's place – knocking out his brains.	
<i>Roderigo:</i>	And that you would have me to do?	55
<i>Iago:</i>	Ay, an if you dare do yourself a profit and right.	

(from Act 4, Scene 2)

How does Shakespeare strikingly portray Roderigo and Iago at this moment in the play?

**Or** **5(b)** Explore how Shakespeare vividly conveys the strength of Desdemona's love for Othello.

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