

Cambridge International AS & A Level

COMPUTER SCIENCE

Paper 31 Advanced Theory MARK SCHEME Maximum Mark: 75 9618/31 May/June 2022

Published

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge International will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

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Generic Marking Principles

These general marking principles must be applied by all examiners when marking candidate answers. They should be applied alongside the specific content of the mark scheme or generic level descriptors for a question. Each question paper and mark scheme will also comply with these marking principles.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 1:

Marks must be awarded in line with:

- the specific content of the mark scheme or the generic level descriptors for the question
- the specific skills defined in the mark scheme or in the generic level descriptors for the question
- the standard of response required by a candidate as exemplified by the standardisation scripts.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 2:

Marks awarded are always whole marks (not half marks, or other fractions).

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 3:

Marks must be awarded **positively**:

- marks are awarded for correct/valid answers, as defined in the mark scheme. However, credit is given for valid answers which go beyond the scope of the syllabus and mark scheme, referring to your Team Leader as appropriate
- marks are awarded when candidates clearly demonstrate what they know and can do
- marks are not deducted for errors
- marks are not deducted for omissions
- answers should only be judged on the quality of spelling, punctuation and grammar when these features are specifically assessed by the question as indicated by the mark scheme. The meaning, however, should be unambiguous.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 4:

Rules must be applied consistently, e.g. in situations where candidates have not followed instructions or in the application of generic level descriptors.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 5:

Marks should be awarded using the full range of marks defined in the mark scheme for the question (however; the use of the full mark range may be limited according to the quality of the candidate responses seen).

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 6:

Marks awarded are based solely on the requirements as defined in the mark scheme. Marks should not be awarded with grade thresholds or grade descriptors in mind.

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Question	Answer						
1(a)	LibraryBook.Title ← "A Level Computer Science" LibraryBook.Fiction ← FALSE	2					
1(b)(i)	RE NumberOfCopies : 1 10						
1(b)(ii)	DECLARE AccessionNumber : ARRAY[1:NumberOfCopies] OF INTEGER						
1(c)	 Any two from A data type constructed by a programmer // not a primitive data type A data type that references at least one other data type the data types can be primitive, or user defined One mark for an example Class / object / set 	3					

Question	Answer					
2(a)	type(caracal, wild). hair(caracal, short).	2				
2(b)	persian					
2(c)(i)	type(Pet, domestic).	1				
2(c)(ii)	<pre>spots(WildSpotty, yes) ,type(WildSpotty, wild).</pre>	2				

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Question	Answer	Marks
3	Circuit switching max four marks Any two from • a dedicated circuit • circuit is established before transmission starts // circuit is released after transmission ends • data is transferred using the whole bandwidth • all data is transferred over the same route Two from • Advantage – data /frames arrive in order and do not need to be reassembled • Disadvantage – nobody else can use the same circuit even if it is idle //less secure as only one route used Packet switching max four marks Any two from • data is split into packets • each packet is given its own route • the routing for a packet depends on the congestion • packets may not arrive in the order sent Two from • Advantage – packets can be rerouted if there are problems// more secure as harder to intercept messages • Disadvantage – time taken to reassemble packets at the destination	8

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Question	Answer	Marks
4(a)	 RISC max 2 any two from: Uses simple instructions Uses fixed length instructions Instructions only require one clock cycle Uses many registers Makes use of pipelining Hardwired CU 	4
	 CISC max 2 any two from: Uses many instruction formats Uses variable length instructions Makes use of different addressing modes Uses few registers Has a large instruction set Requires complex circuits Frequently uses cache Instructions (converted to sub-instructions that) may require many clock cycles Programmable CU 	
4(b)	 One mark for each difference max 2 from: RISC has fewer instructions // CISC has more instructions RISC has many registers // CISC has few registers RISC's instructions are simpler // CISC's instructions are more complex RISC has a few instruction formats / CISC has many instruction formats RISC usually uses single-cycle instructions// CISC uses multi-cycle instructions RISC uses fixed-length instructions // CISC uses variable-length instructions RISC has better pipelineability // CISC has poorer pipelineability RISC requires less complex circuits// CISC requires more complex circuits RISC has fewer addressing modes // CISC has more addressing modes RISC makes more use of RAM// CISC makes more use of cache/less use of RAM RISC has a hard-wired control unit // CISC has a programmable control unit RISC only uses load and store instructions to address memory // CISC has many types of instructions to address memory 	2

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Question	Answer	Marks
5(a)	One mark for each in order jk+jk-/ jk+ jk-/	2
5(b)(i)	1 mark per ring Do not allow operators in stacks 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	4
5(b)(ii)	 Any four from Max 4 Max 3 generic answer only Working from left to right in the expression PUSH 10/m onto the stack PUSH the following numbers (10/m, 3/j, 2/k) onto the stack When the first operator ,*, is reached POP the top two numbers, 2/k and 3/j apply the operation PUSH result back onto stack Continue to the end of the expression 	4
5(c)	 Any two from recursion implementation of ADTs e.g. linked lists procedure calls interrupt handling (storing contents of registers etc) 	2

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Question	Answer	Marks
6	Two marks each benefit description max 4	6
	New system can be tried on different virtual hardware (1) without need to purchase the hardware (1)	
	Easier to recover if software emulating the new computer causes system crash (1) as VM provides protection to other software (1)	
	Emulate programs for the new computer system that are not compatible with the host computer / operating system (1) by using the guest operating system on the old computer (1)	
	More than one new computer system can be emulated (1) this allows multiple operating systems to coexist on a single computer(1)	
	Two marks each limitation description max 2 from:	
	Virtual machines may not be able to emulate the new hardware (1) because this hardware may have been developed since the virtual machine was developed (1)	
	Using virtual machine means execution of extra code // A virtual machine might not be as efficient // resources e.g. memory or processor time are shared (1) processing time increased // performance degrades (1)	
	Use of a virtual machine increases the maintenance overheads (1) because both host system and the virtual machine must be maintained (1)	

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Question		Answer			Marks		
7(a)	7(a) 1 mark per point Acrylic has attribute Soft of type BOOLEAN Wool has attribute WoolType with suitable data type Acrylic and Wool have method YarnInfo() Acrylic, Wool and Mix at least one inherit (one arrow correct) from Yarn Acrylic, Wool and Mix all inherit (all arrows correct) from Yarn						
	[Yarn					
		<pre>Name: STRING Colour: STRING BatchCode: STRING Weight: INTEGER NumberBalls: INTEGER Type: STRING Constructor() EditNumberBalls() YarnInfo()</pre>					
	Acrylic	Wool	Mix				
	Soft: BOOLEAN	WoolType: STRING	Percentage: INTEGER				
	Constructor() YarnInfo()	Constructor() YarnInfo()	Constructor() YarnInfo()				

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Question	Answer	Marks
7(b)	 Properties max 2: the data items / attributes the data types // characteristics defined in a class Methods max 2: the procedures/ functions / programmed instructions in a class / super class / base class implementing the behaviours that act on the properties / attributes 	6 6
	 Inheritance max 2: Methods and properties / attributes contained in one class/ super class / base class Are made available to / reused by another class/ derived class 	

Question	Answer	Marks	
8(a)(i)	 Any two from To ensure the message is authentic // came from a trusted source To ensure that only the intended receiver is able to understand the message To ensure the message has not been altered during transmission Non-repudiation, neither the sender or receiver can deny the transmission occurred 	2	
8(a)(ii)	Symmetric Asymmetric	2	
8(b)(i)	 Any two from Any eavesdropping can be identified (as the state will be changed) Integrity of the key once transferred can be guaranteed (cannot be copied and decrypted at a later date) Longer/more secure keys can be exchanged 	2	
8(b)(ii)	 Any two from Limited range requires dedicated fibre (optic) line and specialist hardware cost of dedicated fibre (optic) line and specialist hardware is expensive polarisation of light may be altered whilst travelling down fibre optic cables 	2	

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Question				Answer	Marks
9(a)	LDM #500: LDD 500: D LDI 500: In	irect 100	00		3
9(b)		Inst	ruction		7
	Label	Opcode	Operand		
		LDM	#20		
		STO	Twenty		
		LDI	У		
		ADD	Twenty		
		STO	Z		
	Twenty:	#20			
	Y:				
	Z:				
	One mark for One mark for One mark for One mark for	storing 20 a labelling tha labelling add correct use correct use	nt any address at address e.g. T dresses away fro of LDI Y	wenty away from the program code om the program code as Y and Z lled address	