

# **Cambridge International AS & A Level**

#### **COMPUTER SCIENCE**

9618/13 May/June 2021

Paper 1 Theory Fundamentals MARK SCHEME Maximum Mark: 75

Published

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge International will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge International is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2021 series for most Cambridge IGCSE<sup>™</sup>, Cambridge International A and AS Level components and some Cambridge O Level components.

#### Generic Marking Principles

These general marking principles must be applied by all examiners when marking candidate answers. They should be applied alongside the specific content of the mark scheme or generic level descriptors for a question. Each question paper and mark scheme will also comply with these marking principles.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 1:

Marks must be awarded in line with:

- the specific content of the mark scheme or the generic level descriptors for the question
- the specific skills defined in the mark scheme or in the generic level descriptors for the question
- the standard of response required by a candidate as exemplified by the standardisation scripts.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 2:

Marks awarded are always whole marks (not half marks, or other fractions).

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 3:

Marks must be awarded **positively**:

- marks are awarded for correct/valid answers, as defined in the mark scheme. However, credit
  is given for valid answers which go beyond the scope of the syllabus and mark scheme,
  referring to your Team Leader as appropriate
- marks are awarded when candidates clearly demonstrate what they know and can do
- marks are not deducted for errors
- marks are not deducted for omissions
- answers should only be judged on the quality of spelling, punctuation and grammar when these features are specifically assessed by the question as indicated by the mark scheme. The meaning, however, should be unambiguous.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 4:

Rules must be applied consistently, e.g. in situations where candidates have not followed instructions or in the application of generic level descriptors.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 5:

Marks should be awarded using the full range of marks defined in the mark scheme for the question (however; the use of the full mark range may be limited according to the quality of the candidate responses seen).

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 6:

Marks awarded are based solely on the requirements as defined in the mark scheme. Marks should not be awarded with grade thresholds or grade descriptors in mind.

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Question	Answer	Marks
1(a)(i)	1 mark for each description	2
	<ul> <li>Pixel:</li> <li>A single square of one colour</li> <li>The smallest addressable element in an image</li> <li>File header:</li> </ul>	
	Data about the bitmap image (e.g. number of colours)	
1(a)(ii)	1 mark per bullet point for working, 1 mark for answer	3
	Working: • 1024 × 512 = 524 288 pixels/bytes • 524288 / 1024 / 1024	
	Answer: 0.50 mebibytes	
1(b)	1 mark for naming method, 1 mark per description to max 2	3
	<ul> <li>Run-length encoding</li> <li>Replace sequences of the same colour pixel</li> <li> with colour code and number of identical pixels</li> </ul>	
1(c)(i)	252	1
1(c)(ii)	1 mark per bullet point	3
	<ul> <li>Converting 15 to binary 0000 1111</li> <li>Method for addition</li> <li>Final answer 0010 0011 + 0000 1111 0011 0010 1 111         </li> </ul>	
1(c)(iii)	1 mark per bullet point	3
	<ul> <li>Converting -10 to two's complement binary 1111 0110</li> <li>Adding values</li> <li>Final answer 0001 1001 10 = 0000 1010 -10 = 1111 0110</li> <li>0010 0011 + <u>1111 0110</u> 0001 1001 11 11</li> </ul>	

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Question	Answer	Marks
1(d)	<ol> <li>mark per bullet point to max 2</li> <li>The formal and legal rights to ownership // intellectual property rights</li> <li>Protects against unauthorised reproduction of work</li> <li>Provides for legal right of redress</li> </ol>	2

Question	A	Inswer	Marks
2(a)	1 mark for each correct line		4
	Utility software	Description	
		Scans software for errors and repairs the problems	
	Disk formatter	Moves parts of files so that each file is contiguous in memory	
	Back-up	Creates a copy of data that is no longer required	
	Disk repair	Sets up a disk so it is ready to store files	
		Scans for errors in a disk and corrects them	
		Creates a copy of data in case the original is lost	
2(b)	1 mark per bullet point to max 4		4
	<ul> <li>memory management</li> <li>file management</li> <li>security management</li> <li>hardware / device / peripheral /</li> <li>input/output management</li> <li>process management</li> <li>error checking and recovery</li> <li>provision of a platform for software</li> </ul>	resources management are	
	<ul> <li>hardware / device / peripheral /</li> <li>input/output management</li> <li>process management</li> <li>error checking and recovery</li> <li>provision of a platform for software</li> <li>provision of a user interface</li> </ul>	resources management are	

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Question				1	Answe	er				Marks
3(a)	1 mark for each The Program This address in The Memory data is sent to decodes the in	ch compl Counter is sent to Data Reg the Cur nstructior	eted s r holds the <b>M</b> gister rent In n's opc	tateme the ac emory holds struct	ent ddress <b>Addr</b> the dat tion Re	of the ess Re a fetch egister	next ir egiste ned fro r and t	nstruction t r. m this add he Control	o be loaded. ress. This Unit	5
3(b)	The Program	Counte	r is inc	remen	ted. es					6
	Instruction		Mem	orv ad	dress	1				
	address	ACC	365	366	367	368	IX	Output		
			1	3	65	66	0			
	200	1								
	201									
	202									
	203	2								
	204		2							
	205						2			
	206	65								
	207							A		
	208									
	200	2								
	201									
	202									
	203	3								
	204		3							
	205						3			
	206	66								
	207							В		
	208									
	200	3								
	201									
	202									
	209									

Question					Ans	swer				Marks
3(c)(i)									1	1
	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	0		
		1		1					1	
3(c)(ii)	1 mark	for corre	ect ansv	ver						1
	The nur	nber is (	divided	by 8 (an	id only v	vhole nu	imber re	etained)		

Question	Answer	Marks
4(a)	1 mark per bullet point to max 2	2
	<ul> <li>All computers are of equal status</li> <li>Each computer provides access to resources and data // data is distributed</li> <li>Computers can communicate and share resources</li> <li>Each computer is responsible for its own security</li> </ul>	
4(b)	1 mark per bullet point to max 2 per drawback	4
	<ul> <li>Reduced security // no central management of security</li> <li> only as secure as the weakest computer on the network</li> <li> each computer is at risk from viruses from other computers</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>No central management of backup</li> <li> if the data from one computer is not backed up it is lost to all of them</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>No central management of files/software</li> <li> consistency may be difficult to maintain</li> <li> each computer may have different software from the others</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Individual computers may respond slower</li> <li> because they are being accessed by other computers</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>In order to share files etc. all the computers involved need to be switched on</li> </ul>	
	so the files etc. may not be always available	

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Question	Answer			Marks
4(c)(i)	<b>1 mark</b> for first 2 ticks, <b>1 mark</b> for last 2 (sha	ded)		2
	Task	Performed by router	Not performed by router	
	Receives packets from devices	✓		
	Finds the IP address of a Uniform Resource Locator (URL)		~	
	Directs each packet to all devices attached to it		✓	
	Stores the IP and/or MAC address of all devices attached to it	$\checkmark$		
4(c)(ii)	<ul> <li>1 mark per bullet point for justification up to r No mark for identification of wired/wireless</li> <li>Wired</li> <li>Faster connection // higher bandwidth</li> <li> needed as she is downloading/stream</li> <li> less time waiting / less latency / fewer</li> <li>More reliable / stable connection</li> <li> is less susceptible to issues with dista</li> <li>More secure</li> <li>Wireless</li> <li>Freedom of movement</li> <li> can move between different rooms with receive/transmit data</li> <li> no need of a physical connection</li> <li>Easily expanded if friends want to access</li> <li>Less cabling / expertise is needed</li> <li> making the initial setup less expensive</li> </ul>	nax 3 ning large files delays nce/walls/interf th a mobile dev s the same netw	ference rice and still work	3
4(d)	<ol> <li>mark for identifying that she is using both.</li> <li>mark per bullet point for justification</li> <li>using internet because sending data on to using WWW because accessing a webs server operated by the webmail) that is performed.</li> </ol>	t <b>he infrastruct</b> ite (that is store part of the WWV	<b>ure</b> ed on a web V	3

Question	Answer	Marks
5(a)	1 mark per bullet point to max 2	2
	<ul> <li>Definition: Microprocessor/microcontroller within a larger system // microprocessor/microcontroller that performs one specific task</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Example: e.g. Embedded system in washing machine only controls the programs for the washing cycle // it is part of the washing machine but does not perform any other function within it</li> </ul>	
5(b)	1 mark for RAM, 1 mark for ROM	2
	<ul> <li>RAM:</li> <li>Store the choices/wash program the user has entered // stores the data read from the sensors // stores the time left in the program // by example</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li><b>Store</b> the start-up instructions (for the washing cycles)</li> </ul>	
5(c)	1 mark per bullet point	2
	<ul> <li>The system uses feedback</li> <li>The system causes the temperature to change // produces an action</li> </ul>	

Question	Answer	Marks
6(a)	Range (check)	1
6(b)	Presence (check)	1
6(c)	Existence (check)	1

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Question	Answer						
7(a)	1 mark per bullet point to max 3						
	<ul> <li>Flat-file has more data redundancy</li> <li> because the same data is stored many times // data is stored in different tables which are linked</li> </ul>						
	<ul> <li>There is program-data dependence with flat-files</li> <li> because any changes to the structure of the data means the programs that access that data have to be re-written</li> </ul>						
	<ul> <li>Flat-file has more data inconsistency // worse data integrity</li> <li> because duplicated data might be stored differently //because when data is updated in one place, it is not updated everywhere</li> </ul>						
	<ul> <li>It is not easy to perform complex searches /queries</li> <li> because a new program has to be written each time</li> <li>Flat files could have a lack of privacy</li> <li> as user views cannot easily be implemented</li> </ul>						
7(b)(i)	1 mark for each correct example						
	<ul> <li>one-to-one</li> <li>e.g. customer to payment details // customer to login details one-to-many</li> <li>e.g. customer to order many-to-many</li> <li>e.g. order to product // customer to product</li> </ul>						
7(b)(ii)	1 mark						
	Relationship Tick (✓)						
	one-to-one						
	one-to-many						
	many-to-many 🗸						
7(b)(iii)	i) 1 mark						
	CREATE DATABASE SHOPORDERS;						
7(c)	1 mark per item to max 3						
	<ul> <li>table name</li> <li>field name // attribute</li> <li>data type</li> <li>type of validation</li> <li>Primary Key</li> <li>Foreign Key</li> <li>relationships</li> </ul>						

Question	Answer							
8	1 mark per correct row							
	Statement	AND	NAND	NOR	XOR	OR		
	The output is 1 only when both inputs are 1	~						
	The output is 1 only when both inputs are different				~			
	The output is 1 only when both inputs are 0			~				