

Cambridge Assessment International Education Cambridge International Advanced Subsidiary and Advanced Level

COMPUTER SCIENCE

9608/11 May/June 2019

Paper 1 Written Paper MARK SCHEME Maximum Mark: 75

Published

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge International will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge International is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2019 series for most Cambridge IGCSE[™], Cambridge International A and AS Level and Cambridge Pre-U components, and some Cambridge O Level components.

Generic Marking Principles

These general marking principles must be applied by all examiners when marking candidate answers. They should be applied alongside the specific content of the mark scheme or generic level descriptors for a question. Each question paper and mark scheme will also comply with these marking principles.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 1:

Marks must be awarded in line with:

- the specific content of the mark scheme or the generic level descriptors for the question
- the specific skills defined in the mark scheme or in the generic level descriptors for the question
- the standard of response required by a candidate as exemplified by the standardisation scripts.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 2:

Marks awarded are always **whole marks** (not half marks, or other fractions).

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 3:

Marks must be awarded **positively**:

- marks are awarded for correct/valid answers, as defined in the mark scheme. However, credit
 is given for valid answers which go beyond the scope of the syllabus and mark scheme,
 referring to your Team Leader as appropriate
- marks are awarded when candidates clearly demonstrate what they know and can do
- marks are not deducted for errors
- marks are not deducted for omissions
- answers should only be judged on the quality of spelling, punctuation and grammar when these features are specifically assessed by the question as indicated by the mark scheme. The meaning, however, should be unambiguous.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 4:

Rules must be applied consistently e.g. in situations where candidates have not followed instructions or in the application of generic level descriptors.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 5:

Marks should be awarded using the full range of marks defined in the mark scheme for the question (however; the use of the full mark range may be limited according to the quality of the candidate responses seen).

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 6:

Marks awarded are based solely on the requirements as defined in the mark scheme. Marks should not be awarded with grade thresholds or grade descriptors in mind.

PMT

Question	Answer						
1(a)	1 mark for e	each correct indication and explanation	3				
	3A.21.2H.1	Invalid H is not a valid hexadecimal digit					
	299.53.2.2	Invalid 299 is not in the correct range					
	192.2.1.0	Valid Consists of four numbers in the range 0–255 separated by full stops					
1(b)	1 mark per b	bullet point to max 3	3				
	 URL is p Domain DNS ho DNS na If DNS c higher le If the Do If the Do server If the Do 	 URL is parsed to obtain the Domain name Domain name is sent to the nearest Domain Name Server (DNS) DNS holds a list of Domain names and matching IP addresses DNS name resolver searches its database for the Domain name If DNS does not find the Domain name, the request is forwarded to a higher level DNS If the Domain name is found, the IP address is returned If the Domain name is not found, the request is passed to a higher level server If the Domain name is finally not found, an error message is concreted 					
1(c)	1 mark for each correct term						
	Real-time On-demand						
1(d)(i)	1 mark per t	bullet point to max 1	1				
	 The data It would files will A higher 	a files are very large take a long time to send the uncompressed file // Compressed download faster r bandwidth would be needed to transmit the uncompressed file					
1(d)(ii)	1 mark per b	bullet point to max 1	1				
	Data is IThe dec	lost compressed file is not the same as the original					
1(d)(iii)	1 mark per bullet point to max 3						
	 Lossy cl than los The recorreductio Lossy re By exan 	reates a smaller file than lossless // lossy compresses further esless ording of the concert is a large file size and needs <u>significant</u> on in size emoves detail which can be lost without people noticing nple e.g. reduction in sound quality <u>will not be noticed</u>					

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Question	Answer	Marks
2(a)	1 mark for each correct term	4
	 Commercial Licence Free Software Licence Shareware Licence Open Source Licence 	
2(b)(i)	1 mark per bullet point to max 3	3
	 Data redundancy // data is repeated in more than one file Data dependency // changes to data means changes to programs accessing that data Lack of data integrity // entries that should be the same can be different in different places Lack of data privacy // all users have access to all data if a single flat file 	
2(b)(ii)	1 mark for each correct name, 1 mark for each matching description, max 2 marks per level	4
	 External The individual's view(s) of the database Conceptual Describes the data as seen by the applications making use of the DBMS Describes the 'views' which users of the database might have Physical / Internal Describes how the data will be stored on the physical media Logical Describes how the relationships will be implemented in the logical structure of the database 	
2(c)(i)	1-to-many // 1 customer to/has many licences	1
2(c)(ii)	1 mark per bullet point	2
	 <u>CustomerID</u> is the Primary key in <u>CUSTOMER</u> table Links to <u>CustomerID</u> as a Foreign key in <u>LICENCE</u> table 	

Question	Answer	Marks
2(c)(iii)	1 mark per bullet point	5
	 Select with correct 5 fields From LICENCE Where ExpiryDate <= '31/12/2019' (any appropriate date type) Group by CustomerID Order by Cost (with or without ASC, but not DESC) 	
	<pre>SELECT CustomerID, SoftwareID, LicenceType, Cost, ExpiryDate FROM LICENCE WHERE ExpiryDate <= '31/12/2019' GROUP BY CustomerID ORDER BY Cost;</pre>	

Question	Answer	Marks
3(a)(i)	1 mark for each advantage, 1 mark for a valid expansion to max 2 × 2	4
	 Code is already tested so it is more robust/likely to work 	
	 Saves programming time code does not have to be written/re-written from scratch 	
	 The programmer can use e.g. mathematical functions that s/he may not know how to code 	
	 If there is an improvement in the library routine the program updates automatically 	
3(a)(ii)	1 mark per bullet point to max 2	2
	 A collection of self-contained (shared library) programs that are already compiled Linked to the main program during execution 	
	 Library program code is separate from the .EXE file Library file only loaded into memory when required at run time 	
	 A DLL file can be made available to several applications (at the same time) 	
	If DLL routine is updated the program that uses it will run the update	
3(b)(i)	1 mark per bullet point to max 1	1
	 Errors can be corrected as they occur Can run a partially complete program when developing The effect of any change made to the code can be seen immediately 	

Question	Answer	Marks
3(b)(ii)	 1 mark per bullet point to max 3 Produces an executable file User does not have access to source code 	3
	 It will (probably) be faster to run the executable Code does not have to be compiled each time it is run Does not need the compiler to be present at run-time 	

Question	Answer	Marks
4(a)	1 mark for naming a principle, 1 mark for description to max 3 × 2	6
	 Product Software engineers shall ensure that their products and related modifications meet the highest professional standards possible. 	
	 Judgement Software engineers shall maintain integrity and independence in their professional judgement. 	
	 Management Software engineering managers and leaders shall subscribe to and promote an ethical approach to the management of software development and maintenance. 	
	 Profession Software engineers shall advance the integrity and reputation of the profession consistent with the public interest. 	
	 Colleagues Software engineers shall be fair to and supportive of their colleagues. 	
	 Self Software engineers shall participate in life-long learning regarding the practice of their profession and shall promote an ethical approach to the practice of the profession. 	
4(b)	1 mark per bullet point to max 2 × 2	4
	 Data backup A copy of data will have been made and stored elsewhere. If the original is lost, the backup can be used to restore the data. 	
	 Disk-mirroring The data is stored on two disks simultaneously. If the first disk drive fails, the data is accessed from the second disk. 	

Marks Question Answer 1 mark for two correct ticks, 2 marks for three correct ticks 2 5(a) Task First pass Second pass **Creation of symbol table** \checkmark Expansion of macros \checkmark Generation of object code \checkmark Removal of comments \checkmark 5(b) 1 mark per bullet point to max 2 2 Data movement • • Input and output of data Arithmetic operations • • Jump instructions **Compare instructions** • 5(c) 1 mark per bullet point 8 Storing 0 in 300 (line 21) ٠ • Loading 65 (line 28) • Outputting A (line 29) Loading 0 (line 30), incrementing ACC (line 31) and storing in 300 • (line 32) Incrementing IX (line 33) • Loading 67 (line 24) and adding 33 (line (25) • Outputting d (line 26) • Loading 1 (line 30), incrementing ACC (line 31), storing in 300 (line 32) • and incrementing IX (line 33)

Instruction			N	lemory	addres	SS			IV	
address	ACC	100	101	102	103	104	300	301	IX	OUIPUI
		65	67	69	69	68		33	0	
20	0									
21							0			
22										
23										
28	65									
29										А
30	0									
31	1									
32							1			
33									1	
34										
35										
22										
24	67									
25	100									
26										d
27										
30	1									
31	2									
32							2			
33									2	
34										
36										

Question	Answer	Marks
6(a)	1 mark per bullet point to max 3	3
	 The data from a single frame is split into two separate fields One field has data for the odd numbered <u>rows/lines</u> and the other field has data for the even numbered <u>rows/lines</u> Odd numbered line fields alternate with even numbered line fields The viewer sees data from two frames simultaneously 	
6(b)	1 mark per bullet point to max 1	1
	 Produces what appears to be a higher refresh rate Lower bandwidth needed // Halves the bandwidth requirements 	
6(c)	1 mark per bullet point to max 2	2
	 Identifies pixels that do not change between frames Records only the differences between the frames 	
6(d)(i)	1 mark per bullet point to max 3	3
	 The amplitude of the wave is measured /sound wave is sampled At <u>set/regular</u> time intervals Each sample is stored as a binary number Samples are stored in order in a file 	
6(d)(ii)	1 mark per bullet point to max 1 for each	2
	 Sample rate: Increasing the sample rate means more samples per second hence more bits per second <u>and</u> larger file size Decreasing the sample rate means fewer samples per second hence fewer bits per second <u>and</u> smaller file size 	
	 Sample resolution: A higher sampling resolution means more bits per sample and a larger file size A lower sampling resolution means fewer bits per sample. a smaller file size 	