

Question 1

1(c)	methyl orange	1
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Question 2

2(d)(i)	magnesium chloride (1) water (1)	2
2(d)(ii)	1st box from top ticked (magnesium carbonate)	1

Question 3

3(e)	sodium sulfate (1) carbon dioxide (1) water (1)	3
3(f)	colourless	1

Question 4

4(c)	magnesium ethanoate (1) hydrogen (1)	2
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Question 5

5(c)(iii)	pH 10	1
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Question 6

6(c)(i)	OH ⁻	1
6(c)(ii)	pH 13	1

Question 7

7(b)	calcium chloride (1) water (1)	2
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Question 8

8(d)(i)	M1 CaO is basic M2 SiO ₂ is acidic	2
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Question 9

9(a)	proton acceptor	1
9(b)	a soluble base	1
9(c)	M1 blue M2 colourless	2
9(d)(i)	M1 HNO ₃ M2 lowest pH	2
9(d)(ii)	universal indicator	1
9(e)	(CH ₃ COOH) ⇌ CH ₃ COO ⁻ + H ⁺ M1 H ⁺ M2 CH ₃ COO ⁻ M3 ⇌	3

9(f)	H ⁺ + OH ⁻ → H ₂ O	1
9(g)	M1 (0.0150 × 20.0/1000 ⇒) 0.0003(00) / 3.00 × 10 ⁻⁴ (mol) M2 (M1 × 2 = 3.00 × 10 ⁻⁴ × 2 ⇒) 0.0006(00) / 6.00 × 10 ⁻⁴ (mol) M3 (M2 × 1000/25.0 = 6.00 × 10 ⁻⁴ × 1000 / 25.0 ⇒) 0.0240 (mol / dm ³) M4 63 (g / mol) M5 (M3 × M4 = 0.0240 × 63 ⇒) 1.51(2) (g / dm ³)	5

Question 10

10(a)	metallic	1
10(b)(i)	lighted splint and (squeaky) pop	1
10(b)(ii)	14	1
10(b)(iii)	universal indicator	1
10(b)(iv)	2Na(s) + 2H ₂ O(l) → 2NaOH(aq) + H ₂ (g) M1 NaOH as product in equation (1) M2 fully correct equation (1) M3 state symbols (1)	3

Question 11

11(a)	B	1
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Question 12

12(b)	ammonia	1
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Question 13

13(c)(i)	proton donor	1
13(c)(ii)	partial dissociation	1
13(c)(iii)	M1 4 × -2 or -8 (1) M2 P + (4 × -2) = -3 ∴ P = +5 (1)	2