M1.(a) (i) Filtration

	(ii)	Chlorine	1
(b)	(i)	nanoparticles are small / smaller / much smaller / tiny allow any in range 1–100 nm or 1 × 10 ⁻⁹ m – 1 × 10 ⁻⁷ m or a few hundred atoms in size ignore numbers if stated smaller	1
	(ii)	they have a high surface area to volume ratio	
		reference to surface area without volume ratio is insufficient	
		allow nanoparticles are very reactive or nanoparticles are more reactive than normal particles.	1
(c)	(sod	ium hydroxide) produces a white precipitate	
(- <i>)</i>		accept solid / suspension or ppt or ppte for precipitate. ignore cloudy / milky	1
	whic	ch (then) dissolves / disappears (in excess sodium hydroxide) M2 cannot be awarded unless a solid of some sort has been made	
		ignore names or formulae of compounds	1

1

[6]

M2.(a) (i) Solids

(ii)	Chlorine	1
(iii)	kill microbes / bacteria allow to make the water safe to drink ignore disinfect	
	ignore remove / get rid of microbes	1

(b) energy

(c) improve dental health

allow reduce tooth decay allow (local) government requirement allow help teeth

1 [5]

1

	(ii) Chlorine	1
	(iii) improves dental health or reduces tooth decay	1
(b)	put a sample of the filtered water in an evaporating basin or leave to evaporate accept any description of evaporation (using a Bunsen or leaving on the windowsill)	1
	there will be crystals of salt left	1
(c)	sodium and / or chloride ions are bigger than water (molecules) or ions are charged or molecules are not charged do not accept sodium chloride molecules as ions is given in the question	1

1

[6]

(b)

(ii)	phytomining	1
(iii)	carbon dioxide	1
(i)	copper / Cu	1
	iron sulfate / FeSO₄	1
(ii)	copper / ions have a positive charge it = copper ions allow copper ions have a different charge accept copper / ions are free to move accept to gain electrons accept copper / ions are attracted to the negative electrode or	

opposite charges attract

1

(c) any **two** from:

ignore not biodegradable or does not decay

• copper ores are limited / running out

allow copper is running out

- copper can be recycled
- copper can be reused
- copper is expensive
- landfill sites are filling up
- copper compounds are toxic

allow copper is toxic

[8]

M5. (a) contains (large amounts of) dissolved solids / difficult to remove dissolved solids allow salty / too much salt
allow sea water makes you thirsty / vomit
allow polluted / untreated / contaminated

(b) filtered: removes solids / removes insoluble material / dirt ignore large objects

chlorine: kills/destroy bacteria/microbes/ germs etc allow disinfect / sterilise **or** gets rid of bacteria ignore purify / clean

[3]

1

1