

AQA GCSE Chemistry

Topic 8: Chemical analysis Identification of ions by chemical and spectroscopic means

Notes

(Content in bold is for Higher Tier only)

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▶ Image: Second Second



<u>Flame tests</u>

• Flame tests can be used to identify metal ions.

Lithium	Crimson
Sodium	Yellow
Potassium	Lilac
Calcium	Orange- Red
Copper	Green

• However, if a sample containing a mixture of ions is used some flame colours can be masked (you won't be able to see them)

Metal hydroxides

- Aluminium, calcium and magnesium ions form a white precipitate with NaOH.
- Only aluminium's precipitate dissolves when excess NaOH is added.
- Copper(II) produces a blue precipitate
- Iron(II) produces a green precipitate
- Iron(III) produces a brown precipitate
- equations: e.g. $Cu^{2+} + 2OH^{-} -> Cu(OH)_{2}$
 - o you need as many OH⁻ ions as the charge on the metal ion
 - the Na from the NaOH and whatever the metal ion was bonded to will react to form a compound together: e.g. CuCl₂ + 2NaOH -> Cu(OH)₂ + 2NaCl

<u>Carbonates</u>

- Carbonates react with dilute acids to create carbon dioxide.
- This gas can be bubbled through limewater, if the limewater goes cloudy, the gas is CO₂.

<u>Halides</u>

- First add dilute nitric acid, followed by silver nitrate solution
- Chloride gives a white precipitate
- Bromide gives a cream precipitate
- Iodide gives a yellow precipitate
- (catswithbrainscanideallyyodel)

<u>Sulfates</u>

- First add dilute hydrochloric acid, followed by barium chloride solution
- A white precipitate will form when sulfate ions are in this solution

Instrumental methods

• Elements and compounds can be detected and identified using instrumental methods

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o These are: accurate, sensitive and rapid, making them advantageous compared to chemical tests

Flame emission spectroscopy

- Example of an instrumental method used to analyse metal ions in solutions
- Sample is put into a flame and the light given out is passed through a spectroscope
- Output is a line spectrum that can be analysed to identify the metal ions in the solution and measure their concentrations