

# **F324: Rings, Polymers & Analysis**

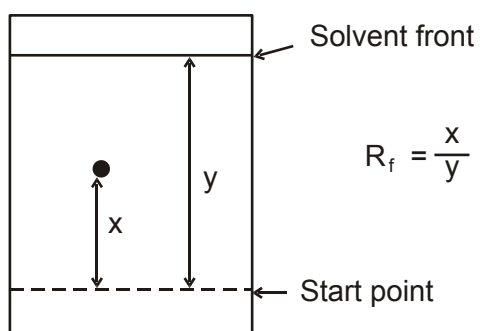
## **4.3.1 – Chromatography MARK SCHEME**

1. (i) adsorption ✓  
*ALLOW partition OR adsorbtion*  
*IGNORE solubility OR desorption*  
*DO NOT ALLOW absorption* 1
- (ii) measure how far each spot travels relative to the solvent front or calculate the  $R_f$  value ✓  
compare  $R_f$  values to those for known amino acids ✓  
*ALLOW compare  $R_f$  values to database*  
*ALLOW compare to known amino acids*  
*DO NOT ALLOW retention times for first mark, but the 2nd mark would be available as ✓ ECF*  
*ALLOW alternative approach: on the same plate compare position of spots ✓ with known amino acids ✓* 2
- (iii) (amino acids won't separate because) similar compounds have similar  $R_f$  (values) ✓  
*ALLOW spots often overlap OR don't (fully) separate*  
*ALLOW they have similar  $R_f$  (values) or similar adsorptions or similar retention times ECF to (ii)* 1 [4]
2. (i) one amide link shown correctly (1)  
glycine and phenylalanine parts shown correctly (1)  
proline linked correctly (1) 3
- (ii) 6 (1) 1
- (iii) gas/liquid chromatograph separates the tripeptides (1)  
mass spectrometer produces a distinctive fragmentation pattern (1)  
identification by computer using a spectral database (1) 3 [7]
3. (a)  $R_f$  value is distance moved by a component/spot/solute divided by distance moved by solvent. (1)  
Retention time is the time between injection and emergence (or detection) of a component. (1) 2

- (b) (i) Partition / adsorption (1) 1
- (ii) Role of gas: carrier gas / mobile phase / to carry to sample through the chromatography column (1)
- Role of liquid: stationary phase (1) 2
- (iii) Trace with two peaks drawn (1) 1
- (iv) Measure **area** under each peak (1)
- Find total area (1)
- $\% = (\text{area of one peak} / \text{total area}) \times 100\%$  (1) 3

[9]

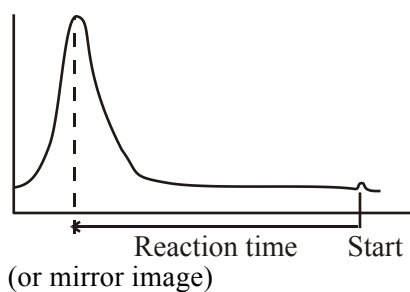
4. (i) Accept paper, column or thin-layer chromatography 1
- (ii) The  $R_f$  value 1
- (iii)



1

[3]

5. (a) (i) Retention time 1
- (ii)



1

- (b) Partition 1

[3]