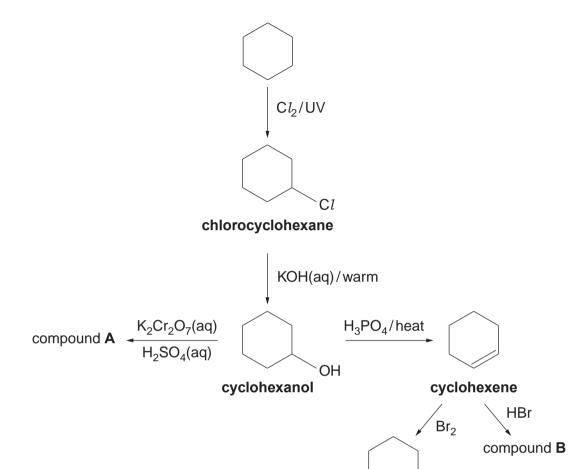
Cru	ıde oil	il is a source of alkanes.	
(a)	Frac	ctional distillation is used to separate useful hydrocarbons found in crude oil.	
	Expl	lain, in terms of intermolecular forces, how fractional distillation works.	
(b)		e petroleum industry processes straight-chained alkanes into cycloalkanes such lopentane and cyclohexane.	as
		$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
		$H_2C$ — $CH_2$ $CH_2$ $CH_2$	
		cyclopentane cyclohexane	
	(i)	Deduce the general formula of a <b>cycloalkane</b> .	
			. [1]
	(ii)	Construct the equation to show the formation of cyclohexane from hexane.	
			[1]
	(iii)	Suggest why the petroleum industry processes hexane into cyclohexane.	
			[1]

1

(c) The flowchart below shows some of the organic compounds that could be made starting from cyclohexane.



(i) Explain why cyclohexene is described as unsaturated and as a hydrocarbon.

Br

(ii) The reaction between chlorine and cyclohexane is an example of radical substitution. State **one** problem of using this reaction to prepare a sample of chlorocyclohexane.

(iii)	The formation of cyclohexanol from chlorocyclohexane involves the reaction of a nucleophile, the hydroxide ion.
	Suggest what feature of the hydroxide ion makes it able to act as a nucleophile.
	[1]
(iv)	Using the flowchart, draw the structures of compound <b>A</b> and compound <b>B</b> .

compound **B** 

(v) Describe, using the 'curly arrow model', the mechanism for the reaction between Br<sub>2</sub> and cyclohexene.

Show relevant dipoles and charges.

compound A

[4]

[2]

[Total: 15]

iodiesel is obtained from plant oils. The manufacture involves several stages, all of which ave a high energy requirement.  Siodiesel is often described as being 'carbon-neutral' because:  plants convert atmospheric carbon dioxide into carbon compounds
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· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
i) Construct an equation to show the complete combustion of biodiesel.
Assume that the molecular formula of the biodiesel is $\mathrm{C_{15}H_{30}O_{2}}$ .
[2]
Suggest why biodiesel is <b>not</b> completely carbon-neutral.
[1]
Many scientists suggest that society should use more biofuels rather than fossil fuels to rovide energy. Other scientists are worried that biofuels will need large areas of land to grow uitable crops.
Suggest <b>disadvantages</b> or <b>advantages</b> , other than being carbon-neutral, of using more iofuels.
1) 1)

(d)	Uns	saturated compounds in plant oils can also be used to make margarine.	
	Des	scribe how.	
(e)		t of the structure of an unsaturated compound in plant oils is shown below:	· [-]
		-CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH=CHCH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> -	
	(i)	Draw the displayed formula of the $Z$ isomer of this part of the structure.	
			[1]
	(ii)	Explain why this part of the structure can have an <i>E</i> and a <i>Z</i> isomer.	
			. [2]
		[Total:	14]

(a)	Ker	osene is obtained from crude oil.	
	Nar wor		
			[2]
(b)	Son	ne of the hydrocarbons in kerosene have the formula $\mathrm{C}_{10}\mathrm{H}_{22}$ .	
	(i)	What is the name of the straight chain hydrocarbon with the formula $\mathrm{C}_{10}\mathrm{H}_{22}$ ?	
			[1]
	(ii)	Draw the skeletal formula of one branched chain isomer with the formula $\mathrm{C}_{10}\mathrm{H}_{22}$ .	
			- 41
			[1]
(	(iii)	Explain why the straight chain isomer of $\mathrm{C}_{10}\mathrm{H}_{22}$ has a higher boiling point than any of branched chain structural isomers.	fits
			••••
			••••
			[2]
(	(iv)	Explain why the straight chain isomer of $\mathrm{C}_{10}\mathrm{H}_{22}$ is converted by the petroleum industrator into its branched chain isomers.	stry
			F4.

3

(C)		en kerosene burns in an aeroplane engine very little carbon monoxide, CO, is formed b gnificant amount of nitrogen monoxide, NO, is formed.	ut
	(i)	Construct the equation to show the <b>complete</b> combustion of $C_{10}H_{22}$ .	
		[	2]
	(ii)	Suggest, with the aid of an equation, how NO is formed within an aeroplane engine.	
			•••
(d)	NO	is a radical and contributes towards ozone depletion in the stratosphere.	
	(i)	What is a radical?	
	(ii)	One of the processes leading to the breakdown of ozone in the stratosphere can be represented by the following two equations.	_
		$NO(g) + O_3(g) \rightarrow NO_2(g) + O_2(g)$	
		$NO_2(g) + O(g) \rightarrow NO(g) + O_2(g)$	
		What is the role of the NO in this process?	
		[	1]
	(iii)	Ozone in the stratosphere is broken down to make O <sub>2</sub> and O.	
		Describe and explain how the concentration of ozone in the stratosphere is maintained	۱.
		[	2]
	(iv)	Why is it important to life on the Earth's surface that the concentration of ozone in the stratosphere is maintained?	те
		г	
		[	.1

- **4** This question is about halogenated hydrocarbons.
  - (a) Halogenoalkanes undergo nucleophilic substitution reactions with ammonia to form amines. Amines contain the -NH<sub>2</sub> functional group.

For example, 1-bromopropane reacts with ammonia to form propylamine, CH<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>.

$$CH_3CH_2CH_2Br + 2NH_3 \rightarrow CH_3CH_2CH_2NH_2 + NH_4Br$$

(i) Iodoethane is reacted with ammonia.

Write an equation for this reaction.

(ii) The first step in the mechanism of the reaction between CH<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>Br and NH<sub>3</sub> is shown below. It is incomplete.

Complete the mechanism.

Include relevant dipoles, lone pairs, curly arrows and the missing product.

[3]

**(b)** A student investigates the rate of hydrolysis of six halogenoalkanes.

The student mixes  $5\,\mathrm{cm}^3$  of ethanol with five drops of halogenoalkane. This mixture is warmed to  $50\,\mathrm{^{\circ}C}$  in a water bath. The student adds  $5\,\mathrm{cm}^3$  of aqueous silver nitrate, also heated to  $50\,\mathrm{^{\circ}C}$ , to the halogenoalkane. The time taken for a precipitate to form is recorded in a results table.

The student repeats the whole experiment at 60 °C instead of 50 °C.

halaranaalkana	time taken for a precipitate to form / s		
halogenoalkane	at 50°C	at 60°C	
CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> C <i>l</i>	243	121	
CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> Br	121	63	
CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> I	40	19	
CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CHBrCH <sub>3</sub>	89	42	
(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CHCH <sub>2</sub> Br	110	55	
(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> CBr	44	21	

Describe and explain the factors that affect the rate of hydrolysis of halogenoalkanes.

Include ideas about

- the halogen in the halogenoalkanes
- the groups attached to the carbon of the carbon–halogen bond (the type of halogenoalkane)
- the temperature of the hydrolysis.

In your answer you should link the evidence with your explanation.

		[Total:	
	()	What problem is caused by disposing of PTFE and PVC in this way?	
	(ii)	The combustion of waste polymers can be used for energy production.	[3]
(c)	(i)	y(tetrafluoroethene), PTFE, and poly(chloroethene), PVC, are halogenated plastics.  Write an equation, using displayed formulae, for the reaction to form PTFE from monomer.	its
		(	
			•••••