

Question			Expected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance
1	a	i	Any <b>two</b> from ✓✓ H <sup>+</sup> SO <sub>4</sub> <sup>2-</sup> HSO <sub>4</sub> <sup>-</sup>	2 max	<b>DO NOT ALLOW</b> OH <sup>-</sup> <b>IGNORE</b> state symbols Charge is essential <b>ALLOW</b> H <sub>3</sub> O <sup>+</sup> for H <sup>+</sup> and SO <sub>4</sub> <sup>-2</sup> for SO <sub>4</sub> <sup>2-</sup> One answer incorrect = 1 mark max Two answers incorrect = 0 marks
		ii	Effervescence <b>OR</b> fizzing <b>OR</b> bubbling <b>OR</b> gas produced ✓ K <sub>2</sub> CO <sub>3</sub> dissolves <b>OR</b> disappears <b>OR</b> colourless solution is formed ✓ H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub> + K <sub>2</sub> CO <sub>3</sub> → K <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub> + CO <sub>2</sub> + H <sub>2</sub> O ✓	3	<b>DO NOT ALLOW</b> 'carbon dioxide produced' without 'gas' <b>DO NOT ALLOW</b> incorrectly named gas produced <b>DO NOT ALLOW</b> 'precipitate forms' = CON <b>ALLOW</b> 'it' for K <sub>2</sub> CO <sub>3</sub> <b>DO NOT ALLOW</b> mark for 'dissolves' from state symbols in equation <b>DO NOT ALLOW</b> 'potassium' <b>IGNORE</b> state symbols <b>ALLOW</b> ionic equation
	b	i	$\frac{24.6}{1000} \times 0.100 = 0.00246 \text{ mol}$ ✓ ( $2.46 \times 10^{-3} \text{ mol}$ )	1	<b>DO NOT ALLOW</b> 0.0025 as this would lead to 100% in part (iii) <b>DO NOT ALLOW</b> 0.0024 due to incorrect rounding
		ii	$0.00246 \times 2 = 0.00492 \text{ mol}$ ✓ ( $4.92 \times 10^{-3} \text{ mol}$ )	1	<b>ALLOW</b> ECF for ans (i) × 2
		iii	Moles of NaOH in 250 cm <sup>3</sup> = $0.00492 \times \frac{250}{25} = 0.0492 \text{ mol}$ ✓  Mass of NaOH in original sample = $0.0492 \times 40.0 = 1.968 \text{ g}$ ✓  % purity $\frac{1.968}{2.00} \times 100 = 98.4\%$ ✓	3	<b>ALLOW</b> ECF for ans (ii) × 10  <b>ALLOW</b> 1.97g <b>ALLOW</b> ECF for moles of NaOH × 40  <b>ALLOW</b> 98.5% (from use of 1.97) <b>ALLOW</b> ECF for $\frac{\text{mass of NaOH}}{2.00} \times 100$  <b>DO NOT ALLOW</b> ECF for 3rd marking point if answer >100% <b>ALLOW</b> ECF for 3rd marking point if answer = 100% <b>ALLOW</b> molar approach for second and third marks i.e. mol of (expected) NaOH in 2.00 g = $2/40 = 0.05(00) \text{ mol}$ $(0.0492/0.0500) \times 100 = 98.4\%$  1.6% (the percentage of the impurity present) is likely to be 2 marks, but please check 9.84% has not multiplied up by 10 for first marking point is likely to be 2 marks, but please check
			<b>Total</b>	<b>10</b>	

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2	a	3d 4p ✓	1	Correct order is essential <b>ALLOW</b> '3D'
	b	i	1	<b>ALLOW</b> 'can be found' for 'can hold' <b>ALLOW</b> 'area' <b>OR</b> 'volume' <b>OR</b> 'space' for region <b>DO NOT ALLOW</b> 'place' for region <b>DO NOT ALLOW</b> path of an electron <b>IGNORE</b> references to 'orbitals being parts of sub-shells'
		ii	1	11 ✓
	c	18 ✓	1	
	d	i	2	Mark as pairs <b>IGNORE</b> references to 12th and 13th Three answers with one correct pair = 1 mark Four answers with one correct pair = 1 mark Five answers with both pairs correct = 1 mark Five answers with only one pair correct = 0 marks Six (or more) answers = 0 marks
		ii	2	<b>ALLOW</b> $\text{Al}^{2+}(\text{g}) - \text{e}^- \rightarrow \text{Al}^{3+}(\text{g})$ for 2 marks <b>ALLOW</b> 1 mark for $\text{Al}(\text{g}) \rightarrow \text{Al}^{3+}(\text{g}) + 3\text{e}^-$ as states are correct <b>ALLOW</b> 1 mark for $\text{Al}^{2+}(\text{g}) + 2\text{e}^- \rightarrow \text{Al}^{3+}(\text{g}) + 3\text{e}^-$ as states are correct <b>ALLOW</b> 1 mark if symbol of Al is incorrect, but equation is otherwise fully correct. <b>ALLOW</b> e for electron (i.e. no charge) <b>IGNORE</b> states on electron
<b>Total</b>			<b>8</b>	

Question			Expected Answers				Marks	Additional Guidance												
3	(a)	(i)	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th></th> <th>protons</th> <th>neutrons</th> <th>electrons</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td><sup>24</sup>Mg</td> <td>12</td> <td>12</td> <td>12</td> </tr> <tr> <td><sup>25</sup>Mg</td> <td>12</td> <td>13</td> <td>12</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>					protons	neutrons	electrons	<sup>24</sup> Mg	12	12	12	<sup>25</sup> Mg	12	13	12	2	mark by row
				protons	neutrons	electrons														
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<sup>24</sup> Mg line correct ✓	<sup>25</sup> Mg line correct ✓																			
		(ii)	$\frac{24 \times 78.60 + 25 \times 10.11 + 26 \times 11.29}{100}$ <p><b>OR</b> 18.8640 + 2.5275 + 2.9354</p> <p><b>OR</b> 24.3269 ✓</p> <p>A<sub>r</sub> = 24.33 (to 4 sig figs) ✓</p>				2	<p><b>ALLOW</b> two marks for A<sub>r</sub> = 24.33 with no working out</p> <p><b>ALLOW</b> one mark for ecf from incorrect sum provided final answer is between 24 and 26 and is to 4 significant figures, e.g. 24.3235 * gives ecf of 24.32 ✓</p>												
		(iii)	<p>The (weighted) mean <b>mass</b> of an <b>atom</b> ✓</p> <p><b>OR</b> (weighted) average <b>mass</b> of an <b>atom</b> ✓</p> <p>relative to 1/12<sup>th</sup> (the mass) ✓</p> <p>of (one atom of) <sup>12</sup>C ✓</p>				3	<p><b>ALLOW</b> The (weighted) mean mass</p> <p><b>OR</b> (weighted) average mass of an atom</p> <p><b>OR</b> average atomic mass ✓</p> <p>compared with (the mass of) carbon-12 ✓</p> <p>which is 12 ✓</p> <p>For 1st marking point, <b>ALLOW</b> mean mass of the isotopes</p> <p><b>OR</b> average mass of the isotopes</p> <p>Do <b>NOT ALLOW</b> the singular: isotope</p> <p><b>ALLOW</b> mass of <b>one mole</b> of <b>atoms</b> ✓</p> <p>compared to 1/12<sup>th</sup> ✓</p> <p>(the mass) of <b>one mole</b> / 12 g of carbon-12 ✓</p>												

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				<u>mass of one mole of atoms</u> ✓ 1/12th ✓ the mass of one mole / 12 g of carbon-12 ✓
(b)	(i)	Mg ✓ oxidation number changes from 0 to (+)2 <b>OR</b> oxidation number increases by 2 ✓	2	<b>ALLOW</b> correct oxidation numbers shown in equation 2nd mark is dependent on identification of Mg  <b>IGNORE</b> electrons
	(ii)	Mg/solid dissolves <b>OR</b> Mg/solid disappears <b>OR</b> (Mg/solid) forms a solution ✓  bubbles <b>OR</b> fizzes <b>OR</b> effervesces <b>OR</b> gas produced ✓	2	<b>IGNORE</b> metal reacts <b>IGNORE</b> temperature change <b>IGNORE</b> steam produced  <b>DO NOT ALLOW</b> carbon dioxide gas produced <b>DO NOT ALLOW</b> hydrogen produced without <b>gas</b>
(c)	(i)	$M(\text{MgSO}_4) = 120.4 \text{ OR } 120 \text{ (g mol}^{-1}\text{)} \checkmark$  $\text{mol MgSO}_4 = \frac{1.51}{120.4} = 0.0125 \text{ mol } \checkmark$	2	<b>ALLOW</b> 0.013 up to calculator value of 0.012541528 correctly rounded (from $M = 120.4 \text{ g mol}^{-1}$ ) <b>ALLOW</b> 0.013 up to calculator value of 0.012583333 correctly rounded (from $M = 120 \text{ g mol}^{-1}$ )  <b>ALLOW</b> ecf from incorrect $M$ i.e. $1.51 \div M$
	(ii)	$\frac{1.57}{18.0} = 0.0872(2) \text{ (mol)} \checkmark$	1	<b>ALLOW</b> 0.09 up to calculator value of 0.08722222
	(iii)	$x = 7 \checkmark$	1	<b>ALLOW</b> ecf i.e. answer to (ii) $\div$ answer to (i) <b>ALLOW</b> correctly calculated answer from 1 significant figure up to calculator value, ie, $x$ does not have to be a whole number. Likely response = 6.95 ✓
		<b>Total</b>	<b>15</b>	

Question			Expected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance
4	(a)	(i)	mol HCl = $1.50 \times 10^{-2}$ ✓  volume HCl(aq) = 75.0 ✓	2	<b>ALLOW</b> answers to 2 significant figures  <b>ALLOW</b> ecf from wrong number of moles i.e. $\frac{\text{moles of HCl} \times 1000}{0.200}$ <b>ALLOW</b> one mark for 37.5 (from incorrect 1:1 ratio)
		(ii)	180 ✓	1	No other acceptable answer
	(b)		$\text{CaCO}_3(\text{s}) \longrightarrow \text{CaO}(\text{s}) + \text{CO}_2(\text{g})$ equation ✓ state symbols ✓	2	state symbols are <b>dependent</b> on correct formulae of $\text{CaCO}_3$ , $\text{CaO}$ and $\text{CO}_2$ <b>DO NOT ALLOW</b> the 'equation mark' if $\text{O}_2$ is seen on both sides (but note that the 'state symbol mark' may still be accessible)
	(c)	(i)	$\text{Ca}(\text{OH})_2$ ✓	1	<b>IGNORE</b> charges, even if wrong
		(ii)	$\text{Ca}(\text{NO}_3)_2$ ✓	1	<b>IGNORE</b> charges, even if wrong
			<b>Total</b>	<b>7</b>	

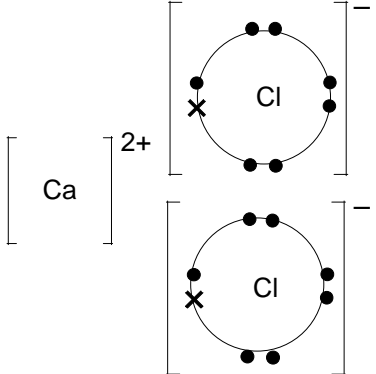
Question			er	Marks	Guidance									
5	(a)	(	<p><b>mass of the isotope</b> compared to 1/12th  <b>OR</b>  <b>mass of the atom</b> compared to 1/12th ✓              (the mass of a) <math>^{12}\text{C}</math> (atom) ✓</p>	2	<p><b>ALLOW</b> for <math>^{12}\text{C}</math>: carbon-12 <b>OR</b> C-12 <b>OR</b> C 12 <b>OR</b> 12 C</p> <p><b>IGNORE</b> reference to average <b>OR</b> weighted mean            (ie correct definition of relative atomic mass scores both marks)</p> <p><b>ALLOW</b> mass of a <b>mole</b> of the isotope/atom with 1/12th ✓ the mass of a <b>mole</b> <b>OR</b> 12 g of carbon-12 ✓</p> <p><b>ALLOW 2 marks for:</b>            'mass of the isotope <b>OR</b> mass of the atom compared to <math>^{12}\text{C}</math> atom given a mass of 12.0'            ie 'given a mass of 12' communicates the same idea as 1/12th'</p> <p><b>ALLOW FOR 2 MARKS:</b>  <math display="block">\frac{\text{mass of the isotope}}{\text{mass of 1/12th mass of carbon - 12}}</math>           ie fraction is equivalent to 'compared to'</p> <p><b>ALLOW 1 MARK FOR</b> a mix of mass of atom and mass of mole of atoms, ie:            'mass of the isotope/mass of an atom compared with 1/12th the mass of a <b>mole</b> <b>OR</b> 12 g of carbon-12'</p> <p><b>DO NOT ALLOW</b> mass of ion <b>OR</b> mass of element  <b>BUT ALLOW</b> mass of an atom of an element</p>									
		(ii)	<p>Both rows completed correctly ✓</p> <table border="1" style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <thead> <tr> <th></th> <th>protons</th> <th>neutrons</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>iodine-127</td> <td></td> <td>74</td> </tr> <tr> <td>iodine-131</td> <td></td> <td>78</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>		protons	neutrons	iodine-127		74	iodine-131		78	1	<p><b>ALL</b> four entries in table correct for 1 mark</p>
	protons	neutrons												
iodine-127		74												
iodine-131		78												

Question		er	Marks	Guidance
5	(b)	(	2	<p>If there is an alternative answer, check to see if there is any ECF credit possible <b>FOR ONE MARK ONLY</b> using working below</p> <p><b>ALLOW</b> <math>70.0 \times 10^{-x} / 126.9</math> OR <math>5.52 \times 10^{-x}</math> (ie wrong conversion of <math>\mu\text{g}</math> and g)  <b>ALLOW</b> calculator values which round to <math>5.52 \times 10^{-x}</math>, ie 3 significant figures or more</p> <p><b>ALLOW</b> ECF for incorrect calculated amount of <math>\text{I}^- \times 166.0</math>, must be 3 sf  <b>ALLOW</b> calculator value or rounding to 3 significant figures or more <b>BUT IGNORE</b> 'trailing' zeroes, eg 0.200 allowed as 0.2.</p> <p>Answers with <math>91.6 \times 10^{-x}</math> (ie wrong conversion of <math>\mu\text{g}</math> and g) would get one mark</p>
		(ii)	1	<p><b>Ethical implications</b>  Some people feel it is wrong to put additives into the national diet  <b>OR</b>  <b>Dietary issues</b>  Food <b>OR</b> diet contains sufficient amounts of iodide ✓</p> <p><b>ALLOW</b> some people disapprove of additives in their food</p> <p>Assume 'it' refers to KI  <b>IGNORE</b> economic reasons  <b>ALLOW</b> (excess) potassium <b>OR</b> <math>\text{K}^{(+)}</math> <b>OR</b> KI is harmful <b>OR</b> toxic  <b>ALLOW too much</b> iodine <b>OR</b> iodide <b>OR</b> <math>\text{I}^{(-)}</math> is harmful <b>OR</b> toxic  <b>ALLOW</b> iodine <b>OR</b> iodide <b>OR</b> <math>\text{I}^{(-)}</math> <b>OR</b> KI is radioactive  <b>ALLOW</b> any effect which would be detrimental to human health  <b>OR</b> well-being <b>OR</b> eg 'lead to heart problems'</p> <p><b>ALLOW</b> some table salt already contains iodide (eg sea salt)  <b>ALLOW</b> some countries do not have (access to) KI  <b>IGNORE</b> references to dangerous <b>OR</b> taste  <b>IGNORE</b> responses referring solely to intake going above GDA  <b>IGNORE</b> carcinogenic</p>
	(c)	(	1	<p><b>IGNORE</b> state symbols</p>

Question			er	Marks	Guidance
5	(c)	(i)	<p><b>Two alternative explanations to award the two marks:</b></p> <p><i>Explanation 1</i>            ICl has <b>permanent dipole</b> (–dipole) (interactions) <b>AND</b>            Cl<sub>2</sub> has (only) van der Waals' forces ✓</p> <p>Forces are stronger in ICl <b>ORA</b>  <b>OR</b>            More energy is needed to overcome forces in ICl ✓  <b>ORA</b></p> <p><i>Explanation 2</i>            ICl has more electrons ✓ <b>ORA</b></p> <p>Stronger van der Waals' forces in ICl (than in Cl<sub>2</sub>) <b>ORA</b>  <b>OR</b>            More energy is needed to overcome van der Waals' forces in ICl ✓ <b>ORA</b></p>	2	<p><b>Quality of Written Communication:</b> 'dipole' OR 'permanent' spelled correctly at least once and in context for marking point 1 in explanation 1</p> <p><b>ALLOW</b> 'vdW' for van der Waals'  <b>IGNORE</b> references to van der Waals' forces in ICl in explanation 1  <b>DO NOT ALLOW</b> 'dipole–dipole interactions' without reference to these being permanent for marking point 1</p> <p><b>DO NOT ALLOW</b> marking point 2 for comparison of ICl having stronger ionic <b>OR</b> covalent bonds than Cl<sub>2</sub></p> <p><b>Quality of Written Communication</b> – 'electrons' spelled correctly once and used in context for marking point 1 of explanation 2</p> <p><b>ALLOW</b> I has more electrons</p> <p><b>ALLOW</b> more van der Waals' forces  <b>ALLOW</b> 'vdW' for van der Waals'</p>
			<b>Total</b>	<b>9</b>	



Question		er	Marks	Guidance
6	(a)	Add (aqueous) silver nitrate OR $\text{AgNO}_3$ OR $\text{Ag}^+$ ions ✓  white AND precipitate ✓	2	<b>IGNORE</b> references to nitric acid <b>DO NOT ALLOW</b> references to any other additional reagent added to silver nitrate for marking point 1  <b>ALLOW</b> 'solid' OR 'ppt' for 'precipitate'. Both colour AND state is needed. <b>IGNORE</b> references to solubility in ammonia for marking point 2 if colour of precipitate is stated <b>BUT</b> <b>ALLOW</b> 'dissolves in dilute ammonia' if no colour of precipitate is given <b>DO NOT ALLOW</b> marking point 2 if additional reagent leads to invalid test
	(b)	The mixture effervesced OR fizzed OR bubbled OR produced a gas ✓  X is $\text{CaCO}_3$ OR calcium carbonate ✓	2	<b>ALLOW</b> CaO would not fizz <b>IGNORE</b> name of gas
	(c)	(i) Contains water (of crystallisation) ✓	1	<b>ALLOW</b> 'with water' OR 'has water' <b>DO NOT ALLOW</b> 'in solution' OR 'in water'
		(ii) Working must be marked first  $219.1 - 111.1 = 108$ ✓  $108/18 (= 6)$ AND $\text{CaCl}_2 \cdot 6\text{H}_2\text{O}$ ✓	2	<b>ALLOW</b> $\text{CaCl}_2(\text{H}_2\text{O})_6$ <b>ALLOW</b> $\text{CaCl}_2 \cdot 6\text{H}_2\text{O}$ (ie no 'dot') <b>ALLOW</b> $[219.1 - (40.1 + 2 \times 35.5)] / 18$ AND $\text{CaCl}_2 \cdot 6\text{H}_2\text{O}$ for two marks <b>ALLOW</b> ECF for incorrectly calculated mass of $\text{H}_2\text{O} / 18$ provided final answer is rounded to nearest whole number for marking point 2

Question		er	Marks	Guidance
6	(d)	 <p>Ca shown with either 8 or 0 electrons  <b>AND</b>  Cl shown with 8 electrons with 7 crosses and one dot (or vice versa) ✓  correct charges on both sets of ions ✓</p>	2	<p><b>For first mark</b>, if eight electrons are shown in the cation then the 'extra' electron in the anion must match symbol chosen for electrons in the cation  <b>IGNORE</b> inner shell electrons  Circles <b>not</b> essential</p> <p><b>ALLOW</b> One mark if both electron arrangement and charges are correct but only one Cl is drawn</p> <p><b>ALLOW</b> 2[Cl<sup>-</sup>] 2[Cl]<sup>-</sup> [Cl<sup>-</sup>]<sub>2</sub> (brackets not required)  <b>DO NOT ALLOW</b> [Cl<sub>2</sub>]<sup>-</sup> [Cl<sub>2</sub>]<sup>2-</sup> [2Cl]<sup>2-</sup> [Cl]<sub>2</sub><sup>-</sup></p>
	(e)	<p>Ba is more reactive than Ca ✓ <b>ORA</b></p> <p>Br<sub>2</sub> is less reactive than Cl<sub>2</sub> ✓ <b>ORA</b></p>	2	<p><b>ALLOW</b> reactivity increases down Group 2 <b>ORA</b>  Provided Ca <b>and</b> Ba have been identified as Group 2 elements  <b>ALLOW</b> reactivity decreases down Group 7 <b>ORA</b>  Provided Cl <b>and</b> Br have been identified as Group 7 elements  <b>ALLOW</b> one mark for both sentences if no ascribing to groups</p> <p><b>ALLOW</b> Br for Br<sub>2</sub> and Cl for Cl<sub>2</sub>  <b>DO NOT ALLOW</b> Br<sup>-</sup> for Br<sub>2</sub> <b>OR</b> Cl<sup>-</sup></p>
<b>Total</b>			<b>11</b>	