

Question			Answer	Marks	Guidance
1	(a)	(i)	Al ³⁺ ✓ SO ₄ ²⁻ ✓	2	
		(ii)	Al ₂ O ₃ (s) + 3H ₂ SO ₄ (aq) → Al ₂ (SO ₄) ₃ (aq) + 3H ₂ O(l) Correct species AND correctly balanced ✓ state symbols on correct species ✓	2	ALLOW multiples
		(iii)	(The number of) water(s) of crystallisation ✓	1	IGNORE hydrated OR hydrous OR 'contains water'
		(iv)	First check the answer on the answer line. If answer = 16, award 3 marks Correctly calculates amount of Al ₂ (SO ₄) ₃ : 6.846 / 342.3 = 0.02(00) mol ✓ Correctly calculates amount of H ₂ O: 5.760 / 18.0 = 0.32(0) mol ✓ Correctly calculates whole number ratio of mol of H ₂ O: Al ₂ (SO ₄) ₃ to give x = 16 ✓	3	If there is an alternative answer, check to see if there is any ECF credit possible using working below ALLOW as ECF from 12.606/342.3 = 0.0368(273) AND 0.32/0.0368(273) To give x = 9 for two marks ALLOW calculator value or rounding to 2 significant figures or more BUT IGNORE 'trailing' zeroes, eg 0.200 allowed as 0.2. ALLOW ECF for calculation of correctly rounded whole number value of H ₂ O from incorrect mol of H ₂ O and / or incorrect mol of Al ₂ (SO ₄) ₃ BUT x must be a whole number ALLOW alternative method Mol of Al ₂ (SO ₄) ₃ : 6.846 / 342.3 = 0.02(00) mol (first mark) Molar mass of Al ₂ (SO ₄) ₃ · x H ₂ O: 12.606 / 0.02(00) = 630.3 g mol ⁻¹ (second mark) Mass of water per mol = 630.3 – 342.3 = 288 AND 288/18 to give x = 16 (third mark)

Question			Answer	Marks	Guidance
1	(b)	(i)	$Cl_2 + H_2O \rightarrow HCl + HClO$ ✓ H ⁺ ions are released OR HCl is acidic OR HClO is acidic ✓	2	ALLOW HOC/ ALLOW equilibrium sign IGNORE state symbols ALLOW formulae OR names <i>If correct equation is seen:</i> ALLOW 'product is acidic' OR 'acid is produced' IGNORE 'the solution is acidic' but ALLOW 'the solution formed is acidic' DO NOT ALLOW 'chlorine is acidic' ie acidity must be related to the product(s) <i>If an incorrect equation is seen:</i> ALLOW second mark if H ⁺ OR HCl OR HClO is given as a product in the equation AND is stated as being acidic <i>If no equation is seen:</i> ALLOW second mark if H ⁺ OR HCl OR HClO is produced AND is stated as being acidic
		(ii)	ClO ⁻ ✓	1	ALLOW OCl ⁻
Total				11	

Question		Answer	Marks	Guidance
2	(a)	<p>The (weighted) mean mass of an atom (of an element) OR The (weighted) average mass of an atom (of an element) ✓</p> <p>compared with 1/12th (the mass) ✓</p> <p>of (one atom of) carbon-12 ✓</p>	3	<p>ALLOW average atomic mass DO NOT ALLOW mean mass of an element ALLOW mean mass of isotopes OR average mass of isotopes DO NOT ALLOW the singular; 'isotope'</p> <p>For second and third marking points ALLOW compared with (the mass of) carbon-12 which is 12</p> <p>ALLOW mass of one mole of atoms ✓ compared to 1/12th ✓ (mass of) one mole OR 12g of carbon-12 ✓</p> <p>ALLOW $\frac{\text{mass of one mole of atoms}}{1/12\text{th mass of one mole OR } 12\text{g of carbon-12}}$</p>
	(b)	<p>FIRST CHECK THE ANSWER ON THE ANSWER LINE If answer = 32.09 award 2 marks</p> $\frac{32 \times 95.02 + 33 \times 0.76 + 34 \times 4.22}{100}$ <p>OR</p> $30.4064 + 0.2508 + 1.4348$ <p>OR</p> $= 32.092 \text{ (calculator value) } \checkmark$ <p>($A_r =$) 32.09 ✓</p>	2	<p>ALLOW one mark for ECF from transcription error in first sum provided final answer is to 2 decimal places and is between 32 and 34 and is a correct calculation of the transcription</p> <p>Answer must be 2 decimal places</p>

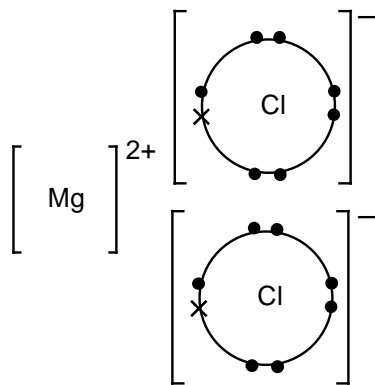
Question		Answer	Marks	Guidance															
2	(c)	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th></th> <th>protons</th> <th>neutrons</th> <th>electrons</th> <th></th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>^{33}S</td> <td>16</td> <td>17</td> <td>16</td> <td>✓</td> </tr> <tr> <td>$^{34}\text{S}^{2-}$</td> <td>16</td> <td>18</td> <td>18</td> <td>✓</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>		protons	neutrons	electrons		^{33}S	16	17	16	✓	$^{34}\text{S}^{2-}$	16	18	18	✓	2	Mark by row
	protons	neutrons	electrons																
^{33}S	16	17	16	✓															
$^{34}\text{S}^{2-}$	16	18	18	✓															
	(d)	<p>FIRST CHECK THE ANSWER ON THE ANSWER LINE If answer = 5.78×10^{22} award 2 marks</p> <p>(mol of atoms) = $0.0120 \times 8 = 0.0960$ (mol) OR (no. of molecules) = $0.0120 \times 6.02 \times 10^{23} = 7.224 \times 10^{21}$ OR (no. of S atoms in 1 mole of S_8) = $8 \times 6.02 \times 10^{23} = 4.816 \times 10^{24}$ ✓</p> <p>Correctly calculates (number of atoms) = $0.0120 \times 8 \times 6.02 \times 10^{23}$ = 5.78×10^{22} (atoms) ✓</p>	2	<p>If there is an alternative answer, check to see if there is any ECF credit possible using working below</p> <p>ALLOW 5.8×10^{22} up to calculator value of 5.7792×10^{22} ALLOW correct rounding of ECF to 2 significant figures or more up to calculator value ALLOW answers in non standard form such as 0.578×10^{23} correctly rounded to 2 or more significant figures</p>															
	(e) (i)	<p>Creating the dipole mark Uneven distribution of electrons ✓</p> <p>Type of dipole mark Creates or causes an instantaneous dipole OR temporary dipole (in a molecule) ✓</p> <p>Induction of a second dipole mark Causes induced dipoles in neighbouring molecules ✓</p>	3	<p>Use annotations with ticks, crosses, ECF etc for this part ALLOW movement of electrons ALLOW changing electron density</p> <p>ALLOW 'transient', 'oscillating' 'momentary' 'changing' DO NOT ALLOW induces a temporary dipole for the second marking point</p> <p>ALLOW induces a dipole in neighbouring molecules ALLOW causes a resultant dipole in other molecules ALLOW atoms for molecules</p>															

Question			er	Marks	Guidance
2	(e)	(ii)	Only one type of atom OR No (permanent) dipoles OR non-polar OR no polar bonds ✓	1	ALLOW no difference in electronegativity IGNORE 'No hydrogen bonding' IGNORE 'No lone pairs'
	(f)		+ 2 ✓	1	ALLOW 2(+)
	(g)	(i)	There are no waters of crystallisation ✓	1	ALLOW 'without water' 'no water' etc IGNORE dehydrated
		(ii)	248.2 ✓	1	IGNORE units DO NOT ALLOW 248
		(iii)	FIRST CHECK THE ANSWER ON THE ANSWER LINE If answer = 7.91 (g) award 2 marks (amount of $\text{Na}_2\text{S}_2\text{O}_3 \cdot 5\text{H}_2\text{O}$) = $12.41/248.2$ OR = $0.05(00)$ (mol) ✓ (mass of $\text{Na}_2\text{S}_2\text{O}_3$) = $0.05 \times 158.2 = 7.91$ (g) ✓	2	If there is an alternative answer, check to see if there is any ECF credit possible using working below ALLOW ECFs from answer to (g)(ii) for both marking points ALLOW ECF for calculated mol of $\text{Na}_2\text{S}_2\text{O}_3 \cdot 5\text{H}_2\text{O} \times 158.2$ correctly calculated for the 2nd mark ALLOW calculator value or rounding to 3 significant figures or more but IGNORE 'trailing' zeroes, eg 0.200 allowed as 0.2

Question			er	Marks	Guidance
2	(h)	(i)	Sulfur has six bonded pairs (and no lone pairs) ✓ Electron pairs repel (one another equally) ✓	2	ALLOW 'It has six bonded pairs' ALLOW bonds for bonded pairs IGNORE regions OR areas of negative charge ALLOW 'bonds repel' DO NOT ALLOW 'Atoms repel' or 'electrons repel' 'Lone pairs repel more than bonded pairs' would score the second mark but would contradict the first mark if there is no reference to no lone pairs
		(ii)	The ability of an atom to attract electrons ✓ in a (covalent) bond ✓ (The octahedral shape) is symmetrical ✓	3	ALLOW dipoles cancel out IGNORE polar bonds repel IGNORE charges cancel
			Total	23	

Question		er	Mark	Guidance																
3	(a)	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>particle</th> <th>rel charge</th> <th>rel mass</th> <th>position</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>proton</td> <td></td> <td>1</td> <td>nucleus</td> </tr> <tr> <td>neutron</td> <td>nil/</td> <td>1</td> <td>nucleus</td> </tr> <tr> <td>electrons</td> <td></td> <td>1/2000</td> <td>in shells</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> ✓	particle	rel charge	rel mass	position	proton		1	nucleus	neutron	nil/	1	nucleus	electrons		1/2000	in shells	1	1 mark for whole table ALLOW '+' on its own for rel charge of proton DO NOT ALLOW '1' on its own for rel charge of proton DO NOT ALLOW 'positive' for rel charge of proton For neutron ALLOW 'neutral' ALLOW '-' on its own for rel charge of electron DO NOT ALLOW 'negative' for rel charge of electron IGNORE '+' if precedes '1' for mass IGNORE 'middle/centre' for nucleus
	particle	rel charge	rel mass	position																
proton		1	nucleus																	
neutron	nil/	1	nucleus																	
electrons		1/2000	in shells																	
(b)	The energy required to remove an electron ✓ from each atom in one mole ✓ of atoms in the gaseous state ✓	1 1 1	ALLOW 'energy to remove one mole of electrons from one mole of gaseous atoms' for three marks ALLOW 'The energy required to remove an electron from one mole of gaseous atoms to form one mole of gaseous 1+ ions' for two marks as it does not meet the 2 nd marking point For third mark: ALLOW ECF of wrong particle being gaseous If no attempt at a definition, ALLOW one mark for the equation below, including state symbols $X(g) \rightarrow X^+(g) + e^-$ OR $X(g) - e^- \rightarrow X^+(g)$ ALLOW e for electrons IGNORE state symbol for electron																	
(c)	<table border="1"> <tbody> <tr> <td>a 2p orbital</td> <td>2 ✓</td> </tr> <tr> <td>the 3s sub-shell</td> <td>2 ✓</td> </tr> <tr> <td>the 4th shell</td> <td>32 ✓</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	a 2p orbital	2 ✓	the 3s sub-shell	2 ✓	the 4th shell	32 ✓	1 1 1												
a 2p orbital	2 ✓																			
the 3s sub-shell	2 ✓																			
the 4th shell	32 ✓																			
(d)	A repeating pattern (of properties shown across different periods) ✓	1	ALLOW 'repeating trend' DO NOT ALLOW just 'trend' OR 'pattern'																	
(e)	(i) C ✓	1																		
	(ii) Al ✓	1																		
	(iii) N ✓	1																		
	(iv) Al ✓	1																		
	(v) Mg ✓	1																		
Total			13																	

Question		er	Mark	Guidance
4	(a)		1	IGNORE state symbols
	(b)	(i)	1 1	ALLOW states mark if MgCl used in place of MgCl ₂
		(ii)	1 1	ALLOW (both) 'go clear' ALLOW CO ₂ produced DO NOT ALLOW incorrect gases DO NOT ALLOW responses which suggest A will effervesce e.g. as B will fizz more
		(iii)	1	DO NOT ALLOW 203 or 203.0 IGNORE units
		(iv)	1 1	For 1st mark , if 8 electrons shown around cation then 'extra' electron around anion must match symbol chosen for electrons in cation Shell circles not required IGNORE inner shell electrons ALLOW correct diagram of a [Cl ⁻] ion with '2 x' OR '2' in front OR 'x 2' after the diagram. ALLOW correct diagram of [Cl ⁻] ion with subscript 2. i.e. [Cl ⁻] ₂ . DO NOT ALLOW [Cl ⁻] ₂ [Cl ⁻] ₂ i.e. for first mark charges do not need to be seen



magnesium (ion) with 8 (or no) outermost electrons **AND** 2 x chloride (ions) with 'dot-and-cross' outermost octet ✓

correct charges ✓

Question		er	Mark	Guidance
4	(c)	$\frac{1.82}{24.3} \quad \frac{1.05}{28.1} \quad \frac{2.40}{16.0}$ To give $0.0749 \quad 0.0374 \quad 0.150$ Ratio of moles ✓ Answer = Mg_2SiO_4 ✓	1 1	ALLOW '24' for Mg (giving 0.0758) and '28' for Si (giving 0.0375) ALLOW any correct ratios of moles as calculator value OR correct rounding to 2 sig figs or more ALLOW method from masses being converted to percentages ALLOW correct answer from a ratio of moles where it is clear that the candidate has divided by the atomic numbers. ALLOW ECF for formula from incorrect ratio of moles due to over-rounding calculator error or upside down mole calculation
	(d) (i)	$\frac{32.00}{1000} \times 0.500 = 1.60 \times 10^{-2}$ (mol) OR 0.0160 (mol) ✓	1	ALLOW 0.016 (mol) IGNORE trailing zeroes
	(ii)	$\frac{1.60 \times 10^{-2}}{2} = 8.00 \times 10^{-3}$ (mol) OR 0.00800 (mol) ✓	1	ALLOW ECF for answer d(i) ALLOW 0.008 or 8×10^{-3} (mol) Ignore trailing zeroes ALLOW 0.0080 or 8.0×10^{-3}
	(iii)	Molar mass $Mg(OH)_2 = 58.3$ ✓ mass $Mg(OH)_2 = 58.3 \times 8.00 \times 10^{-3} = 0.466(4)$ g ✓ $\% Mg(OH)_2 = \frac{0.4664}{0.500} \times 100 = 93.3\%$ ✓	1 1 1	DO NOT ALLOW 58 OR 58.0 ALLOW answer to d(ii) $\times 58.3$ ALLOW 0.47 ALLOW ECF for d(ii) \times incorrect molar mass as calculator value OR correct rounding to 2 sig figs or more ALLOW 93% OR 93.2% OR 93.28% DO NOT ALLOW d(ii) /0.5 $\times 100$ ALLOW (answer to second marking point/0.500) $\times 100$ as calculator value OR correct rounding to 2 sig figs or more ALLOW moles method for 3 marks Molar mass = 58.3 $0.500/58.3 = 0.00857(6)$ $0.00800/0.00857(6) \times 100 = 93.3\%$ ALLOW correct answer without working for 3 marks
Total			15	

Question			Expected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance
5	a	i	^{118}Sn 50p 68n 50e Complete row ✓	1	
		ii	$^{120}_{50}\text{Sn}$ has (two) more neutrons / 70 neutrons ✓ ora	1	ALLOW There is a different number of neutrons IGNORE correct reference to protons / electrons DO NOT ALLOW incorrect references to protons / electrons ALLOW ECF for stated number of neutrons from 1a(i)
	b	i	The (weighted) mean mass of an atom (of an element) OR The (weighted) average mass of an atom (of an element) ✓ compared with 1/12th (the mass) ✓ of (one atom of) carbon-12 ✓	3	ALLOW average atomic mass DO NOT ALLOW mean mass of an element ALLOW mean mass of isotopes OR average mass of isotopes DO NOT ALLOW the singular; 'isotope' For second and third marking points ALLOW compared with (the mass of) carbon-12 which is 12 ALLOW mass of one mole of atoms ✓ compared to 1/12th ✓ (mass of) one mole OR 12g of carbon-12 ✓ ALLOW $\frac{\text{mass of one mole of atoms}}{1/12\text{th mass of one mole OR 12g of carbon-12}}$
	c		moles of Sn = $\frac{2080}{118.7} = 17.52$ ✓ $17.52 \times 6.02 \times 10^{23} = 1.05 \times 10^{25}$ atoms ✓	2	ALLOW 17.5 up to (correctly rounded) calculator value of 17.52316765 DO NOT ALLOW use of 118, which makes moles of Sn = 17.63 ALLOW 105×10^{23} atoms DO NOT ALLOW answers which are not to three sig figs for second marking point ALLOW two marks for answer only of 1.05×10^{25} ALLOW one mark for answer only if not 3 sig figs up to calculator value of $1.054894693 \times 10^{25}$ Eg 100×1 ALLOW ECF for any calculated moles of Sn (based on use of any A_r value) $\times 6.02 \times 10^{23}$ if shown to 3 sig figs DO NOT ALLOW mass of Sn $\times 6.02 \times 10^{23}$

