## **Arenes - Mark Scheme**

## Q1.

Question	Answer		Additional Guidance	Mark
number	7.11.51.51		Additional Guidance	Mark
_	This question assesses to show a coherent an structured answer wit sustained reasoning.  Marks are awarded for and for how the answe shows lines of reasoning.  The following table sh should be awarded for indicative content.	the student's ability d logically h linkages and fully indicative contenter is structured and ng.  ows how the marks	Guidance on how the mark scheme should be applied. The mark for indicative content should be added to the mark for lines of reasoning. For example, a response with four indicative marking points that is partially structured with some linkages and lines of reasoning scores 4 marks (3 marks for indicative content and 1 mark for partial structure and some linkages and lines of reasoning).	Mark 6
	indicative marking points seen in answer  6 5-4 3-2 1 0	awarded for indicative marking points  4 3 2 1 0	If there were no linkages between the points, then the same indicative marking points would yield an overall score of 3 marks (3 marks for indicative content and zero marks for linkages).  If there is any incorrect chemistry, deduct mark(s) from the reasoning. If no reasoning mark(s) awarded, do not deduct mark(s).	
	The following table sh should be awarded for of reasoning.  Answer shows a coherent logical			

structure with linkages and fully sustained lines of reasoning demonstrated throughout Answer is partially structured with some linkages and lines of reasoning Answer has no linkages between		
points and is unstructured		
Indicative content:  Spectroscopy: (IP 1 and 2) either X-ray diffraction • all C-C bond lengths in benzene are equal • but if it was a cyclic triene then they would alternate in 'short' and 'long' lengths or which is consistent with equivalent	Ignore references to equal/120° bond angles	
C-C bonds with a delocalised ring of electrons		
or (infrared spectroscopy) • benzene has peaks at 1600, 1580, 1500, 1450 (cm <sup>-1</sup> ) for an aromatic C=C	Allow for one indicative point The infrared spectrum for benzene has a peak for an aromatic C=C at a different	
• alkene C=C has a peak at 1669 - 1645	wavenumber/absorption/frequency to	
(cm <sup>-1</sup> ).	Allow bonzono is more stable by 150	
Thermochemistry: (IP 3 and 4)  enthalpy of hydrogenation is less exothermic than expected for a cyclic triene or enthalpy of combustion data	Allow benzene is more stable by ~150 kJ mol <sup>-1</sup>	
which is consistent with the delocalisation stability of the ring from the ring of electrons	Stated enthalpies (of hydrogenation) -205 to -210 kJ mol <sup>-1</sup> for benzene and -360 kJ mol <sup>-1</sup> for 3 (localised C=C) double bonds	

reactions

Type of reaction: (IP 5 and 6)
• benzene undergoes substitution

reactions/decolourise bromine water.

alkenes undergo addition

Allow di-substitution

compounds (not 4)

same, e.g. 1,2 and 1,6

substituted

the

There are only 3 isomers of di-

some di-substituted compounds are

Question number	Answer		Additional guidance	Marks
(b)(i)	An answer that makes reference to the following points:		Allow arrow that starts from anywhere from within	4
	electron pair movement from ring to electrophile      formula of	(1)	the hexagon  'Horseshoe' to cover at least three carbon atoms and facing the tetrahedral carbon with some part of the positive sign to be inside the 'horseshoe'.	
	<ul> <li>movement of electron pair to reinstate delocalised ring</li> </ul>	(1)		
	formulae of products.	(1)	Exemplar mechanism:  H <sub>3</sub> C  C+O  H  CO  H  CH <sub>3</sub> C+O  H  CO  H  CO  H  CH <sub>3</sub> C+O  CH <sub>3</sub> C+O  H  CO  H  C	

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Marks
(b)(ii)	<ul> <li>CH<sub>3</sub>COCl + AlCl<sub>3</sub> → CH<sub>3</sub>CO<sup>+</sup> + AlCl<sub>4</sub></li> </ul>	Accept use of FeCl <sub>3</sub> /Fe + 3Cl <sub>2</sub>	1

Question number	Answer		Additional guidance	Marks
(c)	An explanation that make reference to the following points:     Ione pair of electrons on the oxygen atom increases the electron density of the ring     more susceptible to attack by electrophiles.	(1) (1)		2

Question number	Answer	_	Additional guidance	Marks
(d)(i)	(reactant) (conc) HNO <sub>3</sub>	(1)	Ignore name	2
	• (catalyst) (conc) H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>	(1)	Allow name	
			Penalise reference to dilute acid once only	

Question number	Answer		Additional guidance	Marks
(d)(ii)	calculation of molar masses	(1)	Example of calculation:  M <sub>r</sub> of benzene = 78	3
	number of moles of benzene and maximum mass of nitrobenzene	(1)	and M <sub>r</sub> of nitrobenzene = 123 n(0.936 ÷ 78=) 0.012 (mol) m(0.012 × 123=) 1.476 (g)	
	percentage yield of nitrobenzene to 2/3 SF	(1)	% = ((0.642 ÷ 1.476) × 100= 43.4959) = 43.5/43% Do not award 44%	