Q1.	cm³ (Give 1.74	of a 0.′ n that × 10 ⁻	0 mol dm ⁻³ solution of potassium hydroxide was added from a burette 160 mol dm ⁻³ solution of ethanoic acid in a conical flask. the value of the acid dissociation constant, K_a , for ethanoic acid is mol dm ⁻³ , calculate the pH at 25 °C of the solution in the conical flask aree points:	
		befor	e any potassium hydroxide had been added;	
		after	8.0 cm³ of potassium hydroxide solution had been added;	
		after	40.0 cm³ of potassium hydroxide solution had been added.	(Total 16 marks)
Q2.		The va	alue of the acid dissociation constant, K_{s} , for ethanoic acid is 1.74 × 10 K.)⊸ mol
	(a)	(i)	Write an expression for $K_{\!\scriptscriptstyle 0}$ for ethanoic acid.	
		(ii)	Calculate the pH at 298 K of a 0.220 mol dm ⁻³ solution of ethanoic ad	
				. (5)

- (b) A sample of the 0.220 mol dm $^{\!\scriptscriptstyle -3}$ solution of ethanoic acid was titrated against sodium hydroxide solution.
 - (i) Calculate the volume of a 0.150 mol dm⁻³ solution of sodium hydroxide

(ii)	From the list below, select the best indicator for this titration and explain your choice.				
	Name of indicator bromophenol blue	pH range 3.0 – 4.6			
	methyl red bromothymol blue	4.2 - 6.3			
	thymol blue	8.0 – 9.6			
	Indicator				
	Explanation				
A bı	iffer solution is formed when 2.00 a of s	sodium hydroxide are added to 1 00 dm³			
	buffer solution is formed when 2.00 g of sodium hydroxide are added to 1.00 at 0.220 mol dm ^{-₃} solution of ethanoic acid.				
Calc	calculate the pH at 298 K of this buffer solution.				