

- M1.(a)** (i) $-\log[\text{H}^+]$
Penalise missing [] here and not elsewhere 1
- (ii) $[\text{H}^+][\text{OH}^-]$ 1
- (b) (i) $[\text{H}^+] = 2.34 \times 10^{-7}$ 1
- pH = 6.63
Penalise fewer than 3 sig figs but allow more than 2 dp 1
- (ii) $[\text{H}^+] = [\text{OH}^-]$ 1
- (iii) **M1** $[\text{H}^+] = K_w/[\text{OH}^-]$
if upside down or CE, allow M3 only for correct use of their [H⁺] 1
- M2** $(= 5.48 \times 10^{-14}/0.140) = 3.91 \times 10^{-13}$ 1
- M3** pH = 12.4(1)
not 12.40 (AE from 12.407) 1
- Penalise fewer than 3 sig figs but allow more than 3 sfs
 For values above 10, allow 3sfs - do not insist on 2 dp.
 For values below 1, allow 2dp – do not insist on 3 sig figs
 Not allow pH = 14 – pOH but can award M3 only for pH = 13.1(46)
 Can award all three marks if pK_w = 13.26 is used*
- (c) **M1** mol NaOH = mol OH⁻ = $(30 \times 10^{-3}) \times 0.20 = 6.0 \times 10^{-3}$
mark for answer 1
- M2** mol H₂SO₄ = $(25 \times 10^{-3}) \times 0.15 = 3.75 \times 10^{-3}$
mark for answer 1
- M3** mol H⁺ = $(25 \times 10^{-3}) \times 0.15 \times 2 = 7.5 \times 10^{-3}$

OR XS mol $\text{H}_2\text{SO}_4 = 0.75 \times 10^{-3}$

if factor of 2 missed or used wrongly, CE - lose M3 and next mark gained. In this case they must then use K_w to score any more.

see examples below

1

M4 XS mol $\text{H}^+ = 1.5 \times 10^{-3}$

1

M5 $[\text{H}^+] = (1.5 \times 10^{-3}) \times (1000/55) = 0.0273$

if no use or wrong use of volume, lose M5 and M6 except if 1000 missed

AE -1 (pH = 4.56)

1

M6 pH = 1.56

Penalise fewer than 3 sig figs but allow more than 3 sfs

For values above 10, allow 3sfs - do not insist on 2 dp.

For values below 1, allow 2dp – do not insist on 3 sig figs

1

[14]

M2. (a) (i) $-\log[\text{H}^+]$
or $\log_{10}[\text{H}^+]$
penalise ()

1

(ii) $[\text{H}^+] = 0.56$
mark for the answer; allow 2dp or more

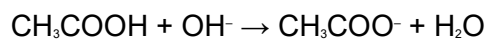
1

$[\text{H}_2\text{SO}_4] = \frac{1}{2} \times 0.56 = 0.28$

1



OR



Allow $\text{CH}_3\text{CO}_2\text{H}$ etc

1

(ii) mol acid = $(25.0 \times 10^{-3}) \times 0.41 = 1.025 \times 10^{-2}$ or 1.03×10^{-2}

1

$$[\text{NaOH}] = 1.025 \times 10^{-2} / 22.6 \times 10^{-3} = 0.45(4)$$

mark for answer

if not 0.454 look back for error

1

OR

$$[\text{NaOH}] = 1.03 \times 10^{-2} / 22.6 \times 10^{-3} = 0.456 \text{ or } 0.46$$

(iii) cresol purple

1

(iv) NaOH reacts with carbon dioxide (in the air)

1

(c) (i)
$$K_a = \frac{[\text{H}^+][\text{CH}_3\text{COO}^-]}{[\text{CH}_3\text{COOH}]}$$

allow molecular formulae or minor slip in formulae

penalise ()

allow H_3O^+

not allow HA etc

1

(ii)
$$K_a = \frac{[\text{H}^+]^2}{[\text{CH}_3\text{COOH}]}$$
 or with numbers

1

allow HA etc here

This can be scored in part (c)(i) but doesn't score there.

$$[\text{H}^+] = (\sqrt{(1.74 \times 10^{-5} \times 0.410)}) = \sqrt{(7.13 \times 10^{-6})} = 2.67 \times 10^{-3}$$

1

mark for 2.67×10^{-3} or 2.7×10^{-3} either gives 2.57

$$\text{pH} = 2.57$$

can give three ticks here for (c)(ii)

penalise decimal places < 2 >

1

pH mark conseq on their $[\text{H}^+]$

so 5.15 gets 2 marks where square root not taken

(iii) **M1** mol OH⁻ = (10.0 × 10⁻³) × 0.10 = 1.0 × 10⁻³
If no subtraction or other wrong chemistry the max score is 3 for M1, M2 and M4

1

M2 orig mol HA = (25.0 × 10⁻³) × 0.41 = 0.01025

1

or 1.025 × 10⁻² or 1.03 × 10⁻²

M3 mol HA in buffer = orig mol HA – mol OH⁻

1

= 0.00925 or 0.0093

*If A⁻ is wrong, max 3 for M1, M2 and M3 or use of
 pH = pKa – log [HA]/[A⁻]*

M4 mol A⁻ in buffer = mol OH⁻ = 1.0 × 10⁻³

Mark is for insertion of correct numbers in correct expression for [H⁺]

1

$$\mathbf{M5} \text{ [H}^+] = \left(\frac{K_a \times [\text{CH}_3\text{COOH}]}{[\text{CH}_3\text{COO}^-]} \right)$$

1

$$\frac{(1.74 \times 10^{-5})(0.00925)}{0.0010} \text{ or } \frac{(1.74 \times 10^{-5})(0.00930)}{0.0010}$$

(= 1.61 × 10⁻⁴ or 1.62 × 10⁻⁴)

M6 pH = 3.79 can give six ticks for 3.79

if [HA]/[A⁻] upside down lose M5 & M6

If wrong method e.g. [H⁺]/[HA] max 3 for M1, M2 and M3

Some may calculate concentrations

[HA] = 0.264 and [A⁻] = 0.0286 and rounding this to 0.029 gives pH = 3.80 (which is OK)

NB Unlike (c)(ii), this pH mark is NOT awarded conseq to their [H⁺] unless following AE

BEWARE: using 0.01025 wrongly instead of 0.00925 gives pH = 3.75

(this gets 3 for M1, M2 & M4)

1

[18]

M3.(a) (i) $[H^+][OH^-]$ 1

$-\log [H^+]$ 1

(ii) $[H^+] = [OH^-]$ 1

(iii) $(2.0 \times 10^{-3}) \times 0.5 = 1.0 \times 10^{-3}$ 1

(iv) $[H^+] = \frac{4.02 \times 10^{-14}}{1.0 \times 10^{-3}} \quad (= 4.02 \times 10^{-11})$ 1

$pH = 10.40$ 1

(b) (i) $K_a = \frac{[H^+][CH_3CH_2COO^-]}{[CH_3CH_2COOH]}$ 1

$= \frac{[H^+]}{[CH_3CH_2COOH]}$ 1

$[H^+] = \sqrt{(1.35 \times 10^{-5}) \times 0.125} \quad (= 1.30 \times 10^{-3})$ 1

$pH = 2.89$ 1

(c) (i) $(50.0 \times 10^{-3}) \times 0.125 = 6.25 \times 10^{-3}$ 1

(ii) $(6.25 \times 10^{-3}) - (1.0 \times 10^{-3}) = 5.25 \times 10^{-3}$ 1

(iii) mol salt formed = 1.0×10^{-3}

1

$$[H^+] = K_a \times \frac{[CH_3CH_2COOH]}{[CH_3CH_2COO^-]}$$

1

$$= (1.35 \times 10^{-5}) \times \frac{(5.25 \times 10^{-3})/V}{(1.0 \times 10^{-3})/V} (= 7.088 \times 10^{-5})$$

1

pH = 4.15

1

[16]

M4.A

[1]