M1.(a) Diagram of an Fe^{3+} / Fe^{2+} electrode that includes the following parts labelled:
Solution containing Fe^{2+} and Fe^{3+} ions

1

Platinum electrode connected to one terminal of a voltmeter

Must be in the solution of iron ions (one type will suffice)

1

Salt bridge

Do not allow incorrect material for salt bridge and salt bridge must be in the solution (ie it must be shown crossing a meniscus)

1

298 K and 100 kPa / 1 bar

1

<u>all solutions</u> unit / 1 mol dm^{-3} concentration

Allow zero current / high resistance voltmeter as alternative to M4 or M5

Ignore hydrogen electrode even if incorrect

1

(b) $Cu^{2+} + Fe \rightarrow Cu + Fe^{2+}$

Ignore state symbols

1

$Fe|Fe^{2+}||Cu^{2+}|Cu$ correct order

Allow $Cu|Cu^{2+}||Fe^{2+}|Fe$

1

Phase boundaries and salt bridge correct, no Pt

Allow single / double dashed line for salt bridge

Penalise phase boundary at either electrode end

Can only score M3 if M2 correct

1

Copper electrode

Allow any reference to copper

1

(c) $E^{\ominus}$ Au^{+}(/ Au) > $E^{\ominus}$ O_2 (/ H_2O)

Allow E cell / e.m.f. = 0.45 V

Allow 1.68 > 1.23

1

So Au^{+} ions will oxidise water / water reduces Au^{+}

QoL

1

$2Au^{+} + H_2O \rightarrow 2Au + \frac{1}{2}O_2 + 2H^{+}$

Allow multiples

1

(d) $E^{\ominus}$ Ag^{+}(/ Ag) > $E^{\ominus}$ Fe^{2+}(/ Fe)

Allow E cell / e.m.f. = 1.24

Allow 0.80 > −0.44

1

And $E^{\ominus}$ Ag^{+}(/ Ag) > $E^{\ominus}$ Fe^{3+}(/ Fe^{2+})

Allow E cell / e.m.f. = 0.03

Allow 0.80 > 0.77

1

So silver ions will oxidise iron (to iron(II) ions) and then oxidise Fe(II) ions (further to Fe(III) ions producing silver metal)

Allow Ag^{+} ions will oxidise iron to iron(III)

1

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M2.(a) Electron acceptor / gains electrons / takes electrons away

Do not allow electron pair acceptor / gain of electrons / definition of redox (QWC)

1

(b) $Cd(OH)_2$

Do not allow 'Cd(OH)$_2$/Cd'

1

Species (on LHS) with the least positive/most negative electrode potential / lowest *E* / smallest *E*

Only allow this mark if M1 answer given correctly or blank

Do not allow negative emf

1

(c) (i) 1.5 (V) / 1.50

1

(ii) $2MnO_2 + 2H_2O + Zn \rightarrow 2MnO(OH) + 2OH^- + Zn^{2+}$

Ignore state symbols

e^- must be cancelled

(take care that Zn^{2+} is on RHS)

1

(iii) Allows <u>ions</u> to pass (through it) or words to that effect

Penalise passage of electrons

Allow mention of particular ions

1

(iv) Allows electrons to flow / makes electrical contact / conductor

Allow acts as an (inert) electrode / anode / cathode

1

(v) Zn is 'used up' / has reacted / oxidised

Allow idea that zinc <u>reacts</u>

Do not allow just zinc corrodes

1

(d) (i) 3 / +3 / III

1

$2Ni(OH)_2 + Cd(OH)_2 \rightarrow 2NiO(OH) + Cd + 2H_2O$

For correct nickel and cadmium species in correct order (allow H_2O missing and OH^- not cancelled)

1

For balanced equation (also scores M2)

Allow max 1 for M2 and M3 if correct balanced equation but reversed.

Ignore state symbols

1

(ii) Metal / metal compounds are re-used / supplies are not depleted / It (the cell) can be re-used

Allow does not leak / no landfill problems / less mining / less energy to extract metals / less waste

Do not allow less CO_2 unless explained

1

(e) (i) $C_2H_5OH + 3O_2 \rightarrow 2CO_2 + 3H_2O$

Allow C_2H_6O

1

(ii) $C_2H_5OH + 3H_2O \rightarrow 2CO_2 + 12H^+ + 12e^-$

Allow C_2H_6O

1

(iii) (+)0.23 (V)

1

(iv) $\underline{CO_2}$ released by combustion / fermentation / fuel cell / reaction with water

Can be answered with the aid of equations

1

(atmospheric) $\underline{CO_2}$ taken up in <u>photosynthesis</u>

1

[17]

M3.(a) loses electrons / donates electrons

penalise donates electron pair

1

(b) Zn

1

(most) negative E° / lowest E° / least positive

can only score M2 if M1 correct

do not allow e.m.f instead of E°

1

(c) $\underline{E^\circ F_2}$ (/F^-) > $\underline{E^\circ O_2}$ (/H_2O)

or e.m.f is positive or e.m.f = 1.64 V

1

Fluorine reacts to form oxygen (can score from equation in M3 even if equation unbalanced provided no contradiction)
or fluorine oxidises water
or fluorine is a more powerful oxidising agent than oxygen

1

$2F_2 + 2H_2O \rightarrow 4F^- + 4H^+ + O_2$

allow 4HF in equation

balanced equation scores M2 and M3

1

(d) (i) order correct Zn Zn^{2+} Ag_2O Ag or reverse of this order

ignore ss , H^+ and H_2O, no. of moles

1

all phase boundaries correct

allow $Zn|Zn^{2+}||Ag_2O,Ag$

or $Zn|Zn^{2+}||Ag_2O|H^+|Ag$ for M1 & M2

e.g. $Zn|Zn^{2+}||Ag_2O|Ag$ or $Ag|Ag_2O||Zn^{2+}|Zn$ scores 2

M2 cannot be gained unless M1 scored

allow H^+ either side of Ag_2O with comma or |

for M2 penalise

- *wrong phase boundary (allow dashed lines for salt bridge)*
- *Pt*
- *use of + (from half equation)*
- *water/H^+ outside Ag in Ag electrode*

1

(ii) 1.1 (V)

Allow no units, penalise wrong units

allow correct answer even if no answer to (d)(i) or answer to (d)(i) incorrect

allow –1.1 if silver electrode on Left in (d)(i) even if the species are in the wrong order.

1

(iii) Reaction(s) not reversible or H_2O electrolyses

do not allow hard to reverse

mention of primary cell is not enough to show that reaction(s) are irreversible

1

(e) (i) –0.46 (V)

Allow no units, penalise wrong units

1

(ii) $2PbSO_4 + 2H_2O \rightarrow Pb + PbO_2 + 2HSO_4^- + 2H^+$

lead species correct on correct sides of equation

1

equation balanced and includes H_2O,

HSO_4^- and H+ (or H_2SO_4)

allow ions / species must be fully cancelled out or combined

allow 1/2 for balanced reverse equation

1

(f) (i) reagents / PbO_2 / H_2SO_4 /acid / ions used up (or concentration decreases)

1

(ii) fuel cell

Ignore any other words

1

(iii) reagents / fuel supplied continuously

1

concentrations (of reagents) remain constant

1

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M4. (a) 1.4 V

Allow + or –

1

(b) $2NiO(OH) + 2H_2O + Cd \rightarrow 2Ni(OH)_2 + Cd(OH)_2$

Mark for species, Deduct a mark for additional species (eg OH^-) but allow balance mark

1

Balanced

If equation is reversed CE=0

1

(c) NiO(OH) or Ni(III) or nickel

1

+3

Allow conseq on wrong species

1

[5]