## M1. (a) (i) propyl methanoate must be correct spelling 1 (ii) rate = $k[X][OH^-]$ allow HCOOCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub> (or close) for X allow ( ) but penalise missing minus 8.5 × 10<sup>-5</sup> $k = \overline{(0.024)(0.035)}$ (iii) In (a)(iii), if wrong orders allow mark is for insertion of numbers in correct expression for k If expression for k is upside down, only score units conseq to their expression 1 = 0.10(12)2sf minimum 1 for conseq answer 1 mol<sup>-1</sup> dm<sup>3</sup> s<sup>-1</sup> 1 for conseq units any order 1 (iv) 2.1(3) × 10<sup>-5</sup>

(v)  $1.3 \times 10^{-4} (1.28 \times 10^{-4})$ allow  $(1.26 \times 10^{-4})$  to  $(1.3 \times 10^{-4})$  ignore units allow 2 sf

(a)(iv) if conseq to wrong k

or  $2.1(2) \times 10^{-5}$ 

allow 2 sf

See \* below

NB If wrong check the orders in part (a)(iii) and allow (a)(iv) if conseq to wrong k

ignore units

NB If wrong check the orders in part (a)(iii) and allow

1

1

## For example, if orders given are 1st in X and second in OH-

[The mark in a(ii) and also first mark in a(iii) have already been lost]

So allow mark \* in (iv) for rate = their k ×  $(0.012)(0.0175)^2$  = their k ×  $(3.7 \times 10^{-6})$  (allow answer to 2sf) \*\* in (v) for rate = their k ×  $(0.012)(0.105)^2$  = their k ×  $(1.32 \times 10^{-4})$  (allow answer to 2sf)

The numbers will of course vary for different orders.

(vi) Lowered

if wrong, no further mark

1

fewer particles/collisions have energy > E<sub>a</sub>

OR

fewer have sufficient (activation) energy (to react) not just fewer successful collisions

1

(b) Step 2

1

(this step with previous) involves one mol/molecule/particle A and two Bs

or 1:2 ratio or same amounts (of reactants) as in rate equation if wrong, no further mark

1

[11]

**M2.** (a) 3-hydroxybutanal

ignore number 1 i.e. allow 3-hydroxybutan-1-al not hydroxyl

1

$$k = \frac{2.2 \times 10^{-3}}{(0.10)(0.02)}$$

$$= 1.1$$

$$mol^{-1} dm^{3} s^{-4}$$

$$(c) planar or flat C=O or molecule allow planar molecule
$$allow planar molecule$$

$$equal probability of attack from above or below must be equal; not attack of OH$$

$$(d) (i) Step 1 if wrong – no mark for explanation.$$

$$involves ethanal and OH- or species/ "molecules" in rate equation$$

$$(ii) (B-L) acid or proton donor not Lewis acid$$

$$(iii) nucleophilic addition QOL$$

$$1$$$$

not allow M2 before M1, but allow M1 attack on C+ after non-scoring carbonyl arrow ignore error in product

2

1

(e)

[13]

**M3.** (a) order with respect to **P** is 2

order with respect to **Q** is 1

1

1

(b) (i) rate =  $k[R][S]^2$ 

(if wrong expression, no further marks)

1

rate =  $(4.2 \times 10^{-4}) \times 0.16 \times 0.84^{2}$ 

1

=  $4.7 \times 10^{-5} \text{ (mol dm}^{-3} \text{ s}^{-1}\text{)}$ 

ignore units even if wrong

1

(ii) 
$$k = \frac{\text{rate}}{[R][S]^2} = \frac{8.1 \times 10^{-5}}{0.76 \times 0.98^2}$$

$$= 1.1 \times 10^{-4}$$

(iii)  $T_1$  \*If calculated value for  $k > 4.2 \times 10^{-4}$ , then answer to (iii) is  $T_2$  1

[8]

M4. (a) 
$$\exp 2 \quad 4.0 \times 10^{-3}$$
 1 
$$\exp 3 \quad 0.45 \times 10^{-5}$$
 1 
$$\exp 4 \quad 9.0 \times 10^{-3}$$
 1

$$\frac{1.8\times10^{-6}}{(3.0\times10^{-3})^2(1.0\times10^{-3})}$$
 (b) 
$$\frac{2000}{1}$$
 
$$mol^{-2} dm^6 s^{-1}$$

 $$^{1}$$   $$^{-2}$$  dm $^{6}$$  s $^{-1}$   $$^{1}$$  [6]

**M5.** (a)  $k = \text{rate}/[\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{COOCH}_3][\text{H}^+]$ 

or

$$= \frac{1.15 \times 10^{-4}}{(0.150)(0.555)}$$

= 
$$1.38 \times 10^{-3}$$
 to  $1.4 \times 10^{-3}$ 

 $mol^{\scriptscriptstyle -1}\ dm^{\scriptscriptstyle 3}\ s^{\scriptscriptstyle -1}$ 

(b) ans = rate constant × (
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 × 0.150) × ( $\frac{1}{2}$  × 0.555) ignore units

= rate constant × 0.0208

$$2.88 \times 10^{-5}$$
 (1.38 × 10<sup>-3</sup> gives 2.87 × 10<sup>-5</sup>)  
Allow 2.87 – 2.91 × 10<sup>-5</sup> (1.4 × 10<sup>-3</sup> gives 2.91 × 10<sup>-5</sup>)

1

1

1

1

1

1

1

[7]

(c)  $[H^{+}]$  = rate/  $k[CH_{3}COOCH_{2}CH_{3}]$ 

$$= \frac{4.56 \times 10^{-6}}{(8 \cdot 94 \times 10^{-4})(0 \cdot 123)}$$

$$= 0.415 (0.4146)$$

pH = 0.38 mark independently  $[H^{+}] = 0.41$  gives pH = 0.39

**M6**. (a) (i) 2

(ii) 0

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(b) (i) rate/[NO<sub>2</sub>]<sup>2</sup>[O<sub>2</sub>] 1
13
13
1 mol dm<sup>-3</sup>
1

(ii) 1.9 × 10<sup>-3</sup>
1

(iii) Step 2
1
[7]

M7. (a) 2 or two or second

(b)  $k = \frac{1.24 \times 10^{-4}}{(4.40)(0.82)}$ mark is for insertion of numbers into a correctly rearranged rate equ, k = etcif upside down, (or use of  $I_2$  data) score only units mark 1  $= 3.44 \times 10^{-5} \text{ (min 3sfs)}$  1  $mol^{-1} dm^3 s^{-1}$ any order

1

no change or no effect or stays the same or  $1.24 \times 10^{-4}$ 

(c)

## (d) 1 or 2 or 1 and 2

if wrong no further mark but mark on from no answer

rate equ doesn't involve  $I_2$  or only step which includes 2 species in rate equ

1

1

1

(e)

any second arrow loses the mark

[8]