

**M1.(a)** ( $Q = mc\Delta T$ )

$$= 50 \times 4.18 \times 27.3$$

*If incorrect (eg mass = 0.22 or 50.22 g) CE = 0 / 2*

1

$$= \mathbf{5706 \text{ J}}$$
 (accept 5700 and 5710)

*Accept 5.7 kJ with correct unit. Ignore sign.*

1

(b)  $M_r$  of 2-methylpropan-2-ol = 74(.0)

*For incorrect  $M_r$ , lose M1 but mark on.*

1

$$\text{Moles} = \text{mass} / M_r$$

$$= 0.22 / 74(.0)$$

$$= \mathbf{0.00297 \text{ moles}}$$

1

$$\Delta H = -5706 / (0.002970 \times 1000)$$

$$= \mathbf{-1921 \text{ (kJ mol}^{-1}\text{)}}$$

*If 0.22 is used in part (a), answer =  $-8.45 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1}$  scores 3*

(Allow  $-1920$ ,  $-1919$ )

*If uses the value given (5580 J), answer =  $-1879 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1}$  scores 3*

*Answer without working scores M3 only.*

*Do not penalise precision.*

*Lack of negative sign loses M3*

1

(c)  $\Delta H = \Sigma \Delta H \text{ products} - \Sigma \Delta H \text{ reactants}$   
OR a correct cycle

*Correct answer with no working scores 1 mark only.*

1

$$\Delta H = -(-360) + (4 \times -393) + (5 \times -286)$$

*M2 also implies M1 scored.*

1

$$\Delta H = -2642 \text{ (kJ mol}^{-1}\text{)} \text{ This answer only.}$$

*Allow 1 mark out of 3 for correct value with incorrect sign.*

1

(d)  $(-2422 - \text{part (b)}) \times 100 / -2422$

*Ignore negative sign.*

Expect answers in region of 20.7

*If error carried forward, 0.22 allow 99.7*

*If 5580 J used earlier, then allow 22.4*

1

- (e) Reduce the distance between the flame and the beaker / put a sleeve around the flame to protect from drafts / add a lid / use a copper calorimeter rather than a pyrex beaker / use a food calorimeter

*Any reference to insulating material around the beaker must be on top.*

*Accept calibrate the equipment using an alcohol of known enthalpy of combustion.*

1

- (f) Incomplete combustion

1

[11]

- M2.(a)** The enthalpy change / heat (energy) change (at constant pressure) in a reaction is independent of the route / path taken (and depends only on the initial and final states)

*Ignore the use of  $\Delta H$  for enthalpy*

1

(b)  $\Delta H_{\text{exp}} + \Delta H_2 - \Delta H_1 = 0$

Any correct mathematical statement that uses all three terms

**OR**

$$\Delta H_{\text{exp}} + \Delta H_2 = \Delta H_1 \text{ OR } \Delta H_1 = \Delta H_{\text{exp}} + \Delta H_2$$

**OR**

$$\Delta H_{\text{exp}} = \Delta H_1 - \Delta H_2 \text{ OR } \Delta H_{\text{exp}} = \Delta H_1 + (-\Delta H_2)$$

1

(c)  $\Delta H_{\text{exp}} = \Delta H_1 - \Delta H_2$

$$\Delta H_{\text{exp}} = -156 - 12 = \mathbf{-168} \text{ (kJ mol}^{-1}\text{)}$$

*Ignore units*

Award the mark for the correct answer without any working

1

(d) (i) M1  $q = m c \Delta T$  OR calculation (25.0 x 4.18 x 14.0)

*Award full marks for correct answer*

M2 = **1463J** OR **1.46** kJ (This also scores **M1**)

*In **M1**, do not penalise incorrect cases in the formula*

M3 must have both the correct value within the range specified **and** the minus sign

*Penalise **M3** ONLY if correct numerical value but sign is incorrect; e.g. **+69.5** to **+69.7** gains 2 marks (ignore +70 after correct answer)*

For 0.0210 mol, therefore

$$\Delta H_1 = \mathbf{-69.67} \text{ to } \mathbf{-69.52} \text{ (kJ mol}^{-1}\text{)}$$

$$\text{OR } \Delta H_1 = \mathbf{-69.7} \text{ to } \mathbf{-69.5} \text{ (kJ mol}^{-1}\text{)}$$

*Penalise **M2** for arithmetic error but mark on*

Accept answers to 3sf or 4sf in the range - 69.7 to - 69.5

$$\Delta T = 287, \text{ score } q = m c \Delta T \text{ only}$$

Ignore -70 after correct answer

*If  $c = 4.81$  (leads to 1684J) penalise **M2** ONLY and mark on for **M3** = -80.17 (range - 80.0 to - 80.2)*

*Ignore incorrect units*

3

(ii) The idea of heat loss

*NOT impurity*

**OR**

Incomplete reaction (of the copper sulfate)

*NOT incompetence*

**OR**

Not all the copper sulfate has dissolved

*NOT incomplete combustion*

1

(e) Impossible to add / react the exact / precise amount of water

*Not just "the reaction is incomplete"*

**OR**

Very difficult to measure the temperature rise of a solid

**OR**

Difficult to prevent solid dissolving

**OR**

(Copper sulfate) solution will form

1

[8]

**M3.** (a) (i) **M1 (could be scored by a correct mathematical expression which must have**

**all  $\Delta H$  symbols and the  $\Sigma$  or SUM)**

**M1**  $\Delta H_r = \Sigma \Delta H_f$  (products) -  $\Sigma \Delta H_f$  (reactants)

**OR** a correct cycle of balanced equations with 1C, 3H<sub>2</sub> and 1O<sub>2</sub>

**M2**  $\Delta H_r = -201 + (-242) - (-394)$

$\Delta H_r = -201 - 242 + 394$

$\Delta H_r = -443 + 394$

(This also scores M1)

**M3** = -49 (kJ mol<sup>-1</sup>)

**(Award 1 mark ONLY for + 49)**

*Correct answer gains full marks*

*Credit 1 mark ONLY for + 49 (kJ mol<sup>-1</sup>)*

*For other incorrect or incomplete answers, proceed as*

follows

- check for an arithmetic error (AE), which is either a transposition error or an incorrect multiplication; this would score 2 marks (**M1** and **M2**)
- If no AE, check for a correct method; this requires either  
correct cycle of balanced equations with  $1C$ ,  $3H_2$  and  $1O_2$   
OR a clear statement of **M1** which could be in words  
and scores only M1

3

- (ii) It is an element / elemental  
Ignore reference to "standard state"

**OR**

By definition

1

- (b) **M1** (The yield) increases / goes up / gets more  
If M1 is given as "decreases" / "no effect" / "no change" then  
CE= 0 for clip, but mark on only **M2** and **M3** from a blank M1

**M2** There are more moles / molecules (of gas) on the left / of reactants

**OR** fewer moles / molecules (of gas) on the right  
/ products

**OR** there are 4 moles / molecules (of gas) on the left and 2 moles / molecules on the right.

**OR** (equilibrium) shifts / moves to the side with less moles / molecules

Ignore "volumes", "particles" "atoms" and "species" for **M2**

**M3: Can only score M3 if M2 is correct**

The (position of) equilibrium shifts / moves (from left to right) to oppose the increase in pressure

For **M3**, not simply "to oppose the change"

For **M3** credit the equilibrium shifts / moves (to right) to lower / decrease the pressure

(There must be a specific reference to the change that is opposed)

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- (c) **M1** Yield increases goes up

**M2** The (forward) reaction / to the right is endothermic OR takes in/ absorbs

heat

**OR**

The reverse reaction / to the left is exothermic OR gives out / releases heat

*If M1 is given as “decrease” / “no effect” / “no change” then  
CE= 0 for clip, but mark on only **M2** and **M3** from a blank **M1***

**Can only score M3 if M2 is correct**

**M3** The (position of) equilibrium shifts / moves (from left to right) to oppose the increase

in temperature (QoL)

*For **M3**, not simply “to oppose the change”*

*For **M3**, credit the (position of) equilibrium shifts / moves  
(QoL)*

*to absorb the heat OR*

*to cool the reaction OR*

*to lower the temperature*

*(There must be a specific reference to the change that is opposed)*

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- (d) (i) An activity which has no net / overall (annual) carbon emissions to the atmosphere

**OR**

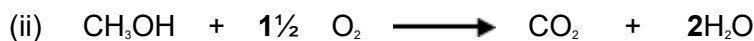
An activity which has no net / overall (annual) greenhouse gas emissions to the atmosphere.

**OR**

There is no change in the total amount / level of carbon dioxide /CO<sub>2</sub> carbon /greenhouse gas present in the atmosphere.

*The idea that the carbon /CO<sub>2</sub> given out equals the carbon /CO<sub>2</sub> that was taken in from the atmosphere*

1



*Ignore state symbols*

*Accept multiples*

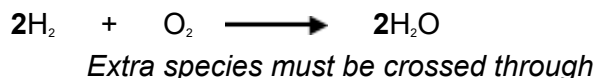
1



*Ignore state symbols*

**OR**

*Accept multiples*



1

- (e) **M1**  $q = m c \Delta T$   
*Award full marks for correct answer*  
*Ignore the case for each letter*
- OR**  $q = 140 \times 4.18 \times 7.5$
- M2** = 4389 (J) OR 4.389 (kJ) OR 4.39 (kJ) OR 4.4 (kJ)(also scores M1)
- M3** Using 0.0110 mol  
 therefore  $\Delta H = \underline{-399}$  (kJmol<sup>-1</sup>)  
 OR -400  
*Penalise **M3** ONLY if correct numerical answer but sign is incorrect; +399 gains 2 marks*  
*Penalise **M2** for arithmetic error and mark on*  
*In **M1**, do not penalise incorrect cases in the formula*  
*If  $\Delta T = 280.5$ ; score  $q = m c \Delta T$  only*  
*If  $c = 4.81$  (leads to 5050.5) penalise **M2** ONLY and mark on for **M3** = - 459*
- +399 or +400 gains 2 marks**  
*Ignore incorrect units*

3

[16]

- M4.(a)** Chloride (ions) are smaller (than bromide ions)  
*Must state or imply ions.*  
*Allow chloride has greater charge density (than bromide).*  
*Penalise chlorine ions once only (max 2 / 3).*

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So the force of attraction between chloride ions and water is stronger  
*This can be implied from M1 and M3 but do not allow intermolecular forces.*

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Chloride ions attract the  $\delta+$  on H of water / electron deficient H on water  
*Allow attraction between ions and polar / dipole water.*  
*Penalise  $H^+$  (ions) and mention of hydrogen bonding for M3*  
*Ignore any reference to electronegativity.*  
*Note: If water not mentioned can score M1 only.*

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(b)  $\Delta H_{\text{solution}} = \Delta H_L + \Delta H_{\text{hyd}} K^+ \text{ ions} + \Delta H_{\text{hyd}} Br^- \text{ ions} / = 670 - 322 - 335$

*Allow  $\Delta H_{\text{solution}} = \Delta H_L + \Sigma \Delta H_{\text{hyd}}$*

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$= (+)13 \text{ (kJ mol}^{-1}\text{)}$

*Ignore units even if incorrect.*

*+13 scores M1 and M2*

*-13 scores 0*

*-16 scores M2 only (transcription error).*

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- (c) (i) The entropy change is positive / entropy increases  
 *$\Delta S$  is negative loses M1 and M3*

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Because 1 mol (solid)  $\rightarrow$  2 mol (aqueous ions) / no of particles increases  
*Allow the aqueous ions are more disordered (than the solid).*  
*Mention of atoms / molecules loses M2*

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Therefore  $T\Delta S > \Delta H$

1

- (ii) Amount of KCl =  $5/M_r = 5/74.6 = \underline{0.067(0)} \text{ mol}$   
*If moles of KCl not worked out can score M3, M4 only*  
*(answer to M4 likely to be 205.7 K)*

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$$\text{Heat absorbed} = 17.2 \times 0.0670 = 1.153 \text{ kJ}$$

*Process mark for M1 × 17.2*

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$$\text{Heat absorbed} = \text{mass} \times \text{sp ht} \times \Delta T$$

$$(1.153 \times 1000) = 20 \times 4.18 \times \Delta T$$

*If calculation uses 25 g not 20, lose M3 only (M4 = 11.04, M5 = 287)*

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$$\Delta T = 1.153 \times 1000 / (20 \times 4.18) = 13.8 \text{ K}$$

*If 1000 not used, can only score M1, M2, M3*

*M4 is for a correct  $\Delta T$*

*Note that 311.8 K scores 4 (M1, M2, M3, M4).*

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$$T = 298 - 13.8 = 284(.2) \text{ K}$$

*If final temperature is negative, M5 = 0*

*Allow no units for final temp, penalise wrong units.*

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[13]