

M1.(a) (i) C<sub>4</sub>H<sub>10</sub>

$$M_r = 4(12.00000) + 10(1.00794) \\ = \underline{58.07940} \text{ or } \underline{58.0794} \text{ or } \underline{58.079} \text{ or } \underline{58.08}$$

**and** **58.1**

*Working is essential, leading to the final value of 58.1 which must be stated in addition to one of the four numbers underlined*

1

(ii) By definition

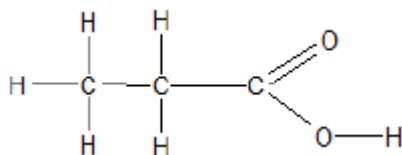
**OR**

The standard / reference (value / isotope)

*Reference to <sup>12</sup>C alone is not enough*

1

(b)



*All bonds and atoms must be drawn*

*Give credit for the displayed formula for the anion*

1

(c) (i) H<sub>2</sub>C = CHCH<sub>2</sub>OH

*Any correct representation including correct use of "sticks".*

*Require the double bond to be shown*

1

(ii) Addition (polymerisation)

*ONLY this answer*

1

(iii) **M1** **C = C** (in range) **1620 to 1680** (cm<sup>-1</sup>)

**M2** O – H (in range) **3230 to 3550** ( $\text{cm}^{-1}$ )

*Award one mark for two correct ranges but a failure to draw out the C = C or O–H bonds*

2

(d) (i)  $\text{CH}_3\text{COCH}_3$

*Any correct representation including correct use of “sticks”*

1

(ii) C

1

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**M2.** (a)  $2\text{Ca}_5\text{F}(\text{PO}_4)_3 + 9\text{SiO}_2 + 15\text{C} \longrightarrow 9\text{CaSiO}_3 + \text{CaF}_2 + 15\text{CO} + 6\text{P}$

1

(b) **M1** ( $\text{P}_4 =$ ) **0**

**M2** ( $\text{H}_3\text{PO}_4 =$ ) **(+) 5**

*Accept Roman numeral V for M2*

2

(c)  $\text{H}_2\text{SO}_4$

**Both numbers required**

$$\begin{aligned} M_r &= 2(1.00794) + 32.06550 + 4(15.99491) \\ &= \mathbf{98.06102 \text{ or } 98.0610 \text{ or } 98.061 \text{ or } 98.06 \text{ or } 98.1} \end{aligned}$$

*Calculations not required*

**and**

$\text{H}_3\text{PO}_4$

$$\begin{aligned} M_r &= 3(1.00794) + 30.97376 + 4(15.99491) \\ &= \mathbf{97.97722 \text{ or } 97.9772 \text{ or } 97.977 \text{ or } 97.98 \text{ or } 98.0} \end{aligned}$$

1

(d) (i) A substance that speeds up a reaction OR alters / increases the rate of a reaction **AND** is chemically unchanged at the end / not used up.

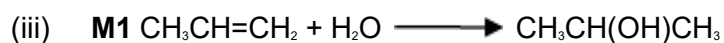
**Both ideas needed**

*Ignore reference to activation energy or alternative route.*

1

- (ii) The addition of water (**QoL**) to a molecule / compound  
**QoL- for the underlined words**

1



*For M1 insist on correct structure for the alcohol but credit correct equations using either  $\text{C}_3\text{H}_6$  or double bond not given.*

**M2** propan-2-ol

2

[8]

**M3.(a)** H **OR** hydrogen **OR**  $\text{H}^\cdot$

*Ignore brackets ignore dot  
penalise + or – charge*

1

(b)  $\text{CH}_3^\cdot$  **OR** methyl **OR**  $\text{CH}_3^\cdot$  **OR**  $^\cdot\text{CH}_3$

*Ignore brackets ignore dot  
penalise + or – charge*

1

(c) Either order

$\text{C}_2\text{H}_5^\cdot$  **OR** ethyl **OR**  $\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2^\cdot$  **OR**  $\text{C}_2\text{H}_5^\cdot$

*Ignore brackets ignore dot  
penalise + or – charge*

1

CHO **OR** HCO **OR** COH **OR**  $\text{H}-\text{C}=\text{O}$

1

(d)	I	A	1
	II	C	1
	III	D	1
	IV	B	1

[8]

- M4.** (a) The molecular ion is
- The molecule with one/an electron knocked off/lost  
*Ignore the highest or biggest m/z peak*
- OR**
- The molecule with a (single) positive charge
- OR**
- the ion with/it has the largest/highest/biggest m/z (value/ratio)  
*Ignore "the peak to the right"*
- OR**
- the ion with/it has an m/z equal to the *M*,  
*Ignore "compound"*
- (b) (i)  $\frac{2(14.00307) + 15.99491}{1} = 44.00105$   
*A sum is needed to show this*

- (ii) Propane/C<sub>3</sub>H<sub>8</sub> and carbon dioxide/CO<sub>2</sub> (and N<sub>2</sub>O) or they or both the gases/molecules or all three gases/molecules have an (imprecise)  $M_r$  of 44.0 (OR 44)

**OR**

they have the same  $M_r$  or molecular mass (to one d.p)

*This could be shown in a calculation of relative masses for propane and carbon dioxide*

1

- (iii) By definition

**OR**

The standard/reference (value/isotope)

*Ignore "element"*

*Ignore "atom"*

1

- (c) (i) **M1 (could be scored by a correct mathematical expression)**

$$\Delta H = \sum \Delta H_{\text{products}} - \sum \Delta H_{\text{reactants}}$$

OR a correct cycle of balanced equations

**M1 and M2 can be scored with correct moles as follows**

$$\Delta H + 2(-46) = +82 + 3(-286)$$

$$\Delta H - 92 = -776$$

$$\Delta H = 92 - 776 \text{ OR } 92 + 82 - 858$$

**M3**

$$\Delta H = \underline{-684} \text{ (kJ mol}^{-1}\text{)} \text{ (This is worth 3 marks)}$$

**Award 1 mark ONLY for + 684**

*Full marks for correct answer.*

*Ignore units.*

*Deduct one mark for an arithmetic error.*

3

- (ii) The value is quoted at a pressure of 100 kPa OR 1 bar or 10<sup>5</sup> Pa

**OR**

All reactants and products are in their standard states/their normal states at 100 kPa or 1 bar

*Ignore 1 atmosphere/101 kPa*

*Ignore "constant pressure"*

1

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