M2.(a) (i) (Compounds with the) same molecular formula

Allow same number and type of atom for M1

Ignore same general formula.

1

But different structural formula / different displayed formula / different structures / different skeletal formula

M2 dependent on M1

Not different positions of atoms / bonds in space.

1

(ii) But-2-ene

Allow but-2-ene.
Allow but 2 ene.
Ignore punctuation.

1

(iii) (2)-methylprop-(1)-ene

Do not allow 2-methyleprop-1-ene.

1

(iv)

Do not allow skeletal formulae. Penalise missing H and missing C

1

(b) (i) $C_4H_8 + 2O_2 \rightarrow 4C + 4H_2O$ Accept multiples.

1

(ii) Exacerbates asthma / breathing problems / damages lungs / smog / smoke / global dimming

Ignore toxic / pollutant / soot / carcinogen.

Do not allow greenhouse effect / global warming / acid rain / ozone.

1

(c) (i) $C_{16}H_{34}$

Allow H₃₄C₁₆

C and H must be upper case.

1

(ii) Jet fuel / diesel / (motor) fuel / lubricant / petrochemicals / kerosene / paraffin / central heating fuel / fuel oil

Ignore oil alone.

Not petrol / bitumen / wax / LPG / camping fuel.

1

(d) (i) $C_8H_{18} + 25NO \rightarrow 8CO_2 + 12.5 N_2 + 9H_2O$ Accept multiples. (ii) Ir / iridium

OR

Pt / platinum

OR

Pd / palladium

OR

Rh / rhodium

[11]

M3.(a) Fractional distillation / fractionation / GLC / gas liquid chromatography

1

(b) C₄H₁₀

Need C₄H₁₀ and the reason for the mark

Because it has a higher bp / has stronger IMF / larger molecule / longer chain / larger surface (area)

1

(c) $C_4H_{10} + 6\frac{1}{2}O_2 \longrightarrow 4CO_2 + 5H_2O$ Accept multiples

1

(d) CO₂ or H₂O evolved is a greenhouse gas / CO₂ or H₂O evolved contribute to global warming / the products are greenhouse gases

Ignore climate change

1

(e) $CH_3CH_2CH_2CH_3 + 3.5O_2 \longrightarrow C_2H_2(CO)_2O + 4H_2O$ Accept multiples

Ignore state symbols

Allow with	or without	a number 1	before the	organic
molecules				

- (f) (i) $C_2H_5SH + 4.5O_2 \longrightarrow 2CO_2 + 3H_2O + SO_2$ Accept multiples 1 Calcium oxide / calcium carbonate (ii) Allow any base or alkali Allow correct formulae 1 Neutralises the SO₂ / acid base reaction / it is a base Can only score M2 if base or alkali used in M1 Allow M2 if blank in M1 1 (iii) Ethanol contains hydrogen bonding Breaking covalent bonds CE = 0 / 2 Which is stronger than IMF (VDW / dipole-dipole forces) in ethanethiol / (H bonding) is the strongest IMF Only award M2 if M1 given, but allow IMF in ethanol are stronger than in ethanethiol for maximum 1 mark 1 (g) (i) (2,2-)dimethylpropane Ignore punctuation 1
 - (ii) Because molecule is smaller / less polarisable / has less surface (area) / is more spherical / molecules can't get as close to one another (to feel the vdW forces)

Allow converse answers referring to straight chain isomers CE = 0 / 2 if breaking bonds

1

1

<u>vdW intermolecular</u> forces or <u>vdW force between molecules</u> are weaker or fewer

Need vdW rather than just IMF

1

(iii) 1 or one

1

(h) (i) C_9H_{20}

 $H_{20}C_{9}$

1

(ii) Thermal (cracking)

If not thermal cracking CE = 0/2

1

High pressure AND high temperature

If blank mark on
Allow high P and T

1

OR

Pressure of ≥ 10 atm, ≥ 1 MPa ≥ 1000 kPa

AND temp of 400 °C \leq T \leq 1000 °C or 650 K \leq T \leq 1300 K Do not allow high heat If no units for T, then range must be 650 – 1000

[17]

M4.(a) Saturated – single bonds only / no double bonds

1

Hydrocarbon – contains carbon and hydrogen (atoms) only

1

(b) $C_{16}H_{34} + 16.5O_2 \longrightarrow 16CO + 17H_2O$ Allow multiples

(c) (On combustion) SO₂ produced

Allow equation to produce SO₂. Ignore sulfur oxides.

1

Which causes acid rain

If formula shown it must be correct M2 is dependent on M1. But if M1 is sulfur oxides, allow M2. For M2 allow consequence of acid rain or SO₂. Ignore greenhouse effect and toxic

1

(d) (i)
$$C_{16}H_{34} \longrightarrow C_8H_{18} + C_2H_4 + 2C_3H_6$$
Allow multiples

1

(ii) polypropene / propan(-1 or 2-)ol / propane(-1,2-)diol / isopropanol / propanone / propanal

Accept alternative names Ignore plastic and polymer

1

1

Allow any unambiguous representation

(f) 2,4-dichloro-2,4-dimethylhexane

Only but ignore punctuation

[10]

M5.(a) Crude oil OR petroleum

Not petrol.

1

Fractional distillation / fractionation

Not distillation alone.

1

(b) $C_{12}H_{26} + 12.5O_2 \longrightarrow 12CO + 13H_2O$

Allow balanced equations that produce CO₂ in addition to CO.

Accept multiples.

1

(c) (i) M1 Nitrogen and oxygen (from air) <u>react / combine</u> / allow a correct equation

If nitrogen from petrol / paraffin / impurities CE = 0 / 2.

1

M2 at high temperatures

Allow temperatures above 1000 °C or spark.

Not just heat or hot.

M2 dependent on M1.

But allow 1 mark for nitrogen and oxygen together at high temperatures.

1

(ii) $2NO + O_2 \longrightarrow 2NO_2$

(iii)
$$4NO_2 + 2H_2O + O_2 \longrightarrow 4HNO_3$$

Allow multiples.

1

(d) (i) $C_n H_{2n+2}$

Allow C_xH_{2x+2}

CnH2n+2

Allow CxH2x+2

1

(ii)
$$C_{12}H_{26} \longrightarrow C_6H_{14} + C_6H_{12}$$

Only.

1

 C_3H_7

Only.

1

Zeolite / aluminosilicate(s)

Ignore aluminium oxide.

1

(iii) Larger molecule / longer carbon chain / more electrons / larger surface area

1

More / stronger van der Waals' forces between molecules

Allow dispersion forces / London forces / temporary induced dipole-dipole forces <u>between molecules.</u>

If breaking bonds, CE = 0/2.

1

(e) 2,2,3,3,4,4-hexamethylhexane
Only.
Ignore punctuation.

Chain
Ignore branch(ed).

(f) Cl₂
Only.

CI–CI
Not CL₂ or Cl2 or CL2 or Cl² or CL².
Ignore Chlorine.

[16]

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