

Mark Scheme (Results)

Summer 2015

GCE Chemistry (6CH01/01)
The Core Principles of Chemistry

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### **General Marking Guidance**

- All candidates must receive the same treatment. Examiners must mark the first candidate in exactly the same way as they mark the last.
- Mark schemes should be applied positively. Candidates must be rewarded for what they have shown they can do rather than penalised for omissions.
- Examiners should mark according to the mark scheme not according to their perception of where the grade boundaries may lie.
- There is no ceiling on achievement. All marks on the mark scheme should be used appropriately.
- All the marks on the mark scheme are designed to be awarded. Examiners should always award full marks if deserved, i.e. if the answer matches the mark scheme. Examiners should also be prepared to award zero marks if the candidate's response is not worthy of credit according to the mark scheme.
- Where some judgement is required, mark schemes will provide the principles by which marks will be awarded and exemplification may be limited.
- When examiners are in doubt regarding the application of the mark scheme to a candidate's response, the team leader must be consulted.
- Crossed out work should be marked UNLESS the candidate has replaced it with an alternative response.
- Mark schemes will indicate within the table where, and which strands of QWC, are being assessed. The strands are as follows:
  - i) ensure that text is legible and that spelling, punctuation and grammar are accurate so that meaning is clear
  - ii) select and use a form and style of writing appropriate to purpose and to complex subject matter
  - iii) organise information clearly and coherently, using specialist vocabulary when appropriate

# Section A (multiple choice)

Question	Correct Answer	Reject	Mark
Number		•	
1	В		1
Question	Correct Answer	Reject	Mark
Number	COTTOCT ATISWET	Reject	Wark
2	С		1
	1.2	T	1
Question Number	Correct Answer	Reject	Mark
3	D		1
	1		
Question	Correct Answer	Reject	Mark
Number 4	C		1
4	C		l
Question	Correct Answer	Reject	Mark
Number			
5	В		1
Question	Correct Answer	Reject	Mark
Number	COTTEST ATISWET	Reject	IVIALK
6(a)	С		1
	1		
Question	Correct Answer	Reject	Mark
Number 6(b)	A		1
	1		
Question	Correct Answer	Reject	Mark
Number			1
6(c)	A		1
Question	Correct Answer	Reject	Mark
Number		,	
7(a)	C		1
Question	Correct Answer	Poinct	Mark
Number	Correct Answer	Reject	IVIALK
7(b)	В		1
Question Number	Correct Answer	Reject	Mark
8	D		1
	1 -		•
Question	Correct Answer	Reject	Mark
Number			
9	D		1

Question Number	Correct Answer	Reject	Mark
10	В		1
Question Number	Correct Answer	Reject	Mark
11	Α		1
		<u>,                                      </u>	<del>-</del>
Question Number	Correct Answer	Reject	Mark
12	D		1
			•
Question Number	Correct Answer	Reject	Mark
13	В		1
Question Number	Correct Answer	Reject	Mark
14(a)	D		1
Question Number	Correct Answer	Reject	Mark
14(b)	В		1
			•
Question Number	Correct Answer	Reject	Mark
15	Α		1
		·	•
Question Number	Correct Answer	Reject	Mark
16	Α		1

### **TOTAL FOR SECTION A = 20 MARKS**

## Section B

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
17(a)	(Atoms/elements/isotopes with) the same number of protons (and electrons) and different numbers of neutrons  ALLOW answers in terms of bromine isotopes, 35 protons and 44 or 46 neutrons.		1
	IGNORE different number of nucleons IGNORE same atomic number but different mass number		

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
17(b)(i)	(High energy) <b>electrons</b> are 'fired' at/ <b>Electrons</b> bombard/Use of an ' <b>electron</b> gun'  (1)  (result in) loss of electron/electrons (thus	Magnetic field (0)	2
	forming an ion) This can be shown in an equation $X + e \rightarrow X^+ + 2e$ OR $X \rightarrow X^+ + e$ (1) Stand alone marks	Forms an anion	

Question	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
Number			
17(b)(ii)	Magnet/Magnetic field/Electromagnet	Electric field	1
		Magnetic shield	
		Magnetic radiation	

Question	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
Number			
17(b)(iii)	Particles (of gas/air) will	Atoms for ions	1
	interfere with the movement of the		
	ions/collide with the ions/deflect ions		
	OR		
	Additional peaks will be detected/peaks at incorrect m/e		
	IGNORE references to chemical reactions		

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
17(c)	Marking point 1 Twin peaks of about the same height at 79 and 81 (1)		4
	Marking point 2 Twin peaks of about the same height at 158 and 162 (1)		
	Marking point 3 Peak at 160 (1)		
	Marking point 4 Peak at 160 approximately twice the height of the peaks at 158 and 162 (1)		
	IGNORE  Small peak at 80 which could be due to Br <sub>2</sub> <sup>2+</sup> (79-81)		
	In MPs 1 and 2 penalise height difference once only		

Question Number	Acceptable Answers		Reject	Mark
17(d)	$((47 \times 79) + (53 \times 81)) = 80.06$	(1)		2
	(answer =) 80.1	(1)	Incorrect units of mass/%	
	Correct final answer without working scores	s (2)	01 111d337 70	
	No TE on incorrect expression			

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
17(e)	The (m/e) value would be halved	Peak half as high	1

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
17(f)(i)	Any two from:	References to	2
	Sample kept sealed/ tamper-proof (1)	medication being taken	
	Sample stored and labelled clearly (1)		
	Sample stored in preservative/sample tested immediately after being taken (1)		
	Sample kept under temperature control (1)		
	Monitor sample is being taken from named competitor (1)		
	Check that other non-banned substances do not give similar mass spectrometry result (1)		
	Analysis repeated (to confirm result)/ Multiple samples taken/ Sample divided into two and tested at different times/ locations (1)		
	Container/equipment sterile/cleaned (1)	Just 'no contamination'	
	Run a control sample/ compare to a sample without drugs (1)	Contamilation	
	Sampling to take place immediately after event (1)		
	Precautions need to be actions/activities that are carried out and not just a statement that something must or must not happen but how this is ensured or prevented		
	There will likely be other suggestions in addition to those given above which can be given credit if they are reasonable actions		

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
17(f)(ii)	Health concerns/depression/bursts of anger/ acts of violence/heart attack/strokes/liver damage/masculine features in women/ harmful side effects  Allow any suitable health concern	Just 'Fear of being banned/prosecuted' Just 'side effects'	1

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
17(g)	Any suitable use such as:	Alcohol testing	1
	RAM/RMM calculations/Relative isotopic mass calculations/Space probes/ Pharmaceutical purity/testing of new pharmaceuticals/Age of rocks from Helium content/ Identification of unknown substances/ Carbon dating/Radioactive dating	C-12 dating	

**TOTAL FOR QUESTION 17 = 16 MARKS** 

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
18(a)	C <sub>n</sub> H <sub>2n</sub> ALLOW any letter for n	$C_2H_{2n}$ $C_nH_{2n+2}$	1

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
18(b)	Either one of the following options:		3
	$CH_2CH_2 + Br_2 \rightarrow CH_2BrCH_2Br$ 1,2-dibromoethane		
	OR		
	CH <sub>3</sub> CHCH <sub>2</sub> + Br <sub>2</sub> → CH <sub>3</sub> CHBrCH <sub>2</sub> Br 1,2-dibromopropane		
	Marking Point 1 Correct reactant – ethene or propene (1)		
	Marking Point 2 Correct product from the number of carbon atoms in the reactant (1)		
	Marking Point 3 Correct name from the number of carbon atoms in the reactant (1)		
	IGNORE punctuation on product		
	ALLOW displayed/ skeletal formulae Penalise molecular formula of product only		
	No TE on name if product incorrect		

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
18(c)(i)	(Error 1) the dipole on the chlorine molecule should be the other way round (1)		3
	(Error 2) the arrow should be going from the double bond (to the chlorine)/electrons move from the double bond to the chlorine (1)		
	(Error 3) the chlorine should have a <b>negative</b> charge (and a lone pair) (1)	Chlorine molecule	

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
	Because <b>tertiary</b> carbocation is more stable (than a primary carbocation)  OR	Just Secondary carbocation	1
	the positive carbon has more <b>positively- inductive</b> / <b>electron-releasing</b> alkyl groups (to help stabilization than the other carbon of the double bond)  IGNORE references to carbon only having		

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
18(d)	X		2
	OR		
	(1)		
	(1)		

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
18(e)	Same molecular formula/same number of atoms/same amount of each element  but different  (Structural) arrangement (of atoms)/ structure/ structural formulae/ displayed formulae/ skeletal formulae	'in space'	1

Question	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
Number			
18(f)(i)	Ultraviolet (radiation)/ UV (radiation) / (Sun) light	High temperature	1

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
18(f)(ii)	CI-CI $\rightarrow$ 2CI $\bullet$ OR CI-CI $\rightarrow$ CI $\bullet$ + CI $\bullet$ (1) Correct use of curly half / 'fish-hook' arrows (1) OR OR		2
	Curly half arrows can start from anywhere on the bond and extend beyond the CI The half arrows can be above or below the bond or a combination of the two.		

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
18(f)(iii)	(First propagation step) $C_4H_8 + CI \bullet \rightarrow HCI + C_4H_7 \bullet $ (1)	Reference to H/ H• scores (0)	2
	(Second propagation step) $C_4H_7 \bullet + CI_2 \rightarrow C_4H_7CI + CI \bullet $ (1)		
	The position of • is not essential		
	Penalise lack of ● once only		

Question	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
Number			
18(f)(iv)	Homolytic/ homolytic fission/ homolytic bond fission		1

Question	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
Number			
18(f)(v)	Marking point 1		2
	Two free radicals are combining/reacting with		
	each other/suitable termination equation (1)		
	Marking point 2		
	The product is a stable species/No free		
	radicals produced/ The product is not a free		
	radical/ Concentration of free radicals		
	decreases / lowers the number of radicals (1)		

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
18(g)	Further substitution/polysubstitution can occur		1
	OR		
	Other products such as C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>6</sub> Cl <sub>2</sub> / C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>5</sub> Cl <sub>3</sub>		
	COMMENT: ALLOW Forms C <sub>4</sub> Cl <sub>8</sub>		

(TOTAL FOR QUESTION 18 = 20 MARKS)

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
19(a)	00		1
	Drawing must have at least 1 circle around each chlorine atom		
	OR		
	aca		
	Random dots to indicate electron density around both chlorine atoms and a concentrated area between the atoms		

Question	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
Number			
19(b)	(Electrostatic) <b>attraction</b> between oppositely charged ions		1
	IGNORE comments on the formation of ions		

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
19(c)	Marking point 1 Either		3
	Diagram of U-tube / beaker with electrodes and sodium chloride solution	Sodium electrode	
	OR		
	Diagram of microscope slide with electrodes attached and either filter paper soaked in sodium chloride solution or dampened/wet filter paper on the top of the slide with the sample added (in the		
	centre) (1)		
	Marking point 2 Suitable circuit (1)		
	If electrodes labelled ± or named they must be consistent with the cell For example the following would not score this marking point:		
	Calhade @ Anade		
	Marking point 3 Ammeter/ light bulb showing conductivity OR Chlorine (gas) evolved/ Test for chlorine/hydrogen (gas) evolved/Test for hydrogen (1)	Sodium formed	
	ALLOW any other reasonable electrolysis apparatus that would work to show ionic bonding.		
	For MP3 if the electrode at which the gas is		

evolved is stated then it must have the correct sign or charge, although it is not necessary to name or give a sign for the electrode, ie chlorine at the electrode with a positive sign and hydrogen at the electrode with a negative sign.	
Use of other ionic compounds can only score MP2	

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
19(d)(i)	Correct dot and cross diagram with charge  Example  XX  XX CI X•  XX		1
	ALLOW all dots or all crosses  IGNORE any sodium dot and cross diagram		

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
19(d)(ii)	(Isoelectronic example) S <sup>2-</sup> /S <sup>-2</sup> /P <sup>3-</sup> /P <sup>-3</sup>	Si <sup>4-</sup> /K <sup>+</sup> /Ca <sup>2+</sup> /Ar	1

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
19(e)	Marking point 1 Sodium conducts when solid (and liquid/molten) (1)	Sodium in solution/dissolved	3
	Marking point 2 Sodium chloride conducts when molten (and in solution but not as a solid) (1)		
	Marking point 3 Charge carriers in sodium are (delocalised) electrons but ions in sodium chloride		
	OR		
	Conductivity in sodium due to the movement of (delocalised) electrons but the movement of ions in sodium chloride (1)		

(TOTAL FOR QUESTION 19 = 10 MARKS)

Question	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
Number			
20(a)	$(50 \times 4.18 \times 15.5 =) 3239.5 (J)$		1
	IGNORE any sign given		
	ALLOW		
	3.2395 kJ		
	(units are essential for this answer)		

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
20(b)	$(1.46 \div 56.1 =) 0.026025 $ (mol) (1)		2
	$(\Delta H = 3.2395 \div 0.026025 = -124.47)$ -124 kJ mol <sup>-1</sup> (1)	+ sign	
	OR		
	$(1.46 \div 56.1 =) 0.0260 \text{ (mol)}$ (1)		
	$(\Delta H = 3.2395 \div 0.0260 = -124.596154)$ -125 kJ mol <sup>-1</sup> (1)		
	ALLOW the use of CaO = $56$ = $(-124.255 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1}) -124 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1}$		
	ALLOW TE from answer to (a)		

Question	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
Number	Acceptable Allsweis	Reject	IVIGIR
	Any three recent from	Incomplete regetion	2
20(c)(i)	Any three reasons from:	Incomplete reaction	3
	Heat/energy loss	Just 'heat lost to	
	(to the surroundings / to the apparatus)/	the thermometer'	
	Lack of lid/no lid/ heat capacity of the cup		
	not taken into account/heat capacity of the		
	cup is not zero (1)		
	Inaccuracy of thermometer/temperature		
	readings (1)		
	(1)		
	Impure CaO/Absorbed moisture from the air		
	•		
	(1)		
	11		
	Heat capacity is not 4.18/ the mass of		
	solution is not 50 g/ density of solution is		
	not 1 g cm-3  (1)		
	IGNORE non-standard conditions/		
	stirring/human error/incomplete transfer of		
	solid		

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
20(c)(ii)	Marking point 1 (Q=(250 x 4.18 x 25) = 26125(J)		3
	OR		
	$(26125 \div 1000 =) 26.125 (kJ)$ (1)		
	Marking point 2 (n = 26.125 ÷ 196.8 =) 0.132749 (mol) (1)		
	Marking point 3 Mass = (0.132749 x 56.1 =) 7.4472189 = 7.45 (g) (1)	7.5	
	ALLOW (0.132749 x 56 =) 7.433944 = 7.43 (g)		
	Correct answer alone scores 3 marks		

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
20(d)(i)	Marking point 1 Arrow downwards from CaCO <sub>3</sub> to the box, with 2HCl((aq)) alongside (1)		4
	Marking point 2 Correct entities and states in box $CaCl_2(aq) + H_2O(l) + CO_2(g)$ (1)		
	Marking point 3 Correct use of Hess' Law ( $\Delta H = \Delta H_{CaCO3}$ - $\Delta H_{CaO}$ ) e.g. $-18.8196.8 =$ (1)		
	Marking point 4 $\Delta H = +178 (kJ mol^{-1})$ (1)		

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
Number 20(d) (ii)	Products on line below CaCO <sub>3</sub> (s) with both arrows going down from CaCO <sub>3</sub> and CaO  Example  CaO(s) + CO2(g) (+ 2HCl(aq))  CaCl2(aq) (+ CO2(g) + H2O(l))  ALLOW the word 'products' for formulae		1
	ALLOW the word products for formulae		

(Total for Question 20 = 14 marks)

TOTAL FOR SECTION B = 60 MARKS TOTAL FOR PAPER = 80 MARKS