## edexcel

Mark Scheme (Results)<br>Summer 2014

GCE Chemistry (6CH01/01)
The Core Principles of Chemistry

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## General Marking Guidance

- All candidates must receive the same treatment. Examiners must mark the first candidate in exactly the same way as they mark the last.
- Mark schemes should be applied positively. Candidates must be rewarded for what they have shown they can do rather than penalised for omissions.
- Examiners should mark according to the mark scheme not according to their perception of where the grade boundaries may lie.
- There is no ceiling on achievement. All marks on the mark scheme should be used appropriately.
- All the marks on the mark scheme are designed to be awarded. Examiners should always award full marks if deserved, i.e. if the answer matches the mark scheme. Examiners should also be prepared to award zero marks if the candidate's response is not worthy of credit according to the mark scheme.
- Where some judgement is required, mark schemes will provide the principles by which marks will be awarded and exemplification may be limited.
- When examiners are in doubt regarding the application of the mark scheme to a candidate's response, the team leader must be consulted.
- Crossed out work should be marked UNLESS the candidate has replaced it with an alternative response.
- Mark schemes will indicate within the table where, and which strands of QWC, are being assessed. The strands are as follows:
i) ensure that text is legible and that spelling, punctuation and grammar are accurate so that meaning is clear
ii) select and use a form and style of writing appropriate to purpose and to complex subject matter
iii) organise information clearly and coherently, using specialist vocabulary when appropriate


## Using the Mark Scheme

Examiners should look for qualities to reward rather than faults to penalise. This does NOT mean giving credit for incorrect or inadequate answers, but it does mean allowing candidates to be rewarded for answers showing correct application of principles and knowledge. Examiners should therefore read carefully and consider every response: even if it is not what is expected it may be worthy of credit.

The mark scheme gives examiners:

- an idea of the types of response expected
- how individual marks are to be awarded
- the total mark for each question
- examples of responses that should NOT receive credit.
/ means that the responses are alternatives and either answer should receive full credit.
( ) means that a phrase/word is not essential for the award of the mark, but helps the examiner to get the sense of the expected answer.
Phrases/words in bold indicate that the meaning of the phrase or the actual word is essential to the answer.
ecf/TE/cq (error carried forward) means that a wrong answer given in an earlier part of a question is used correctly in answer to a later part of the same question.

Candidates must make their meaning clear to the examiner to gain the mark. Make sure that the answer makes sense. Do not give credit for correct words/phrases which are put together in a meaningless manner. Answers must be in the correct context.

## Quality of Written Communication

Questions which involve the writing of continuous prose will expect candidates to:

- write legibly, with accurate use of spelling, grammar and punctuation in order to make the meaning clear
- select and use a form and style of writing appropriate to purpose and to complex subject matter
- organise information clearly and coherently, using specialist vocabulary when appropriate.
Full marks will be awarded if the candidate has demonstrated the above abilities.
Questions where QWC is likely to be particularly important are indicated (QWC) in the mark scheme, but this does not preclude others.


## Section A

| Question <br> Number | Correct Answer | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | A | $\mathbf{1}$ |


| Question <br> Number | Correct Answer | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | C | $\mathbf{1}$ |


| Question <br> Number | Correct Answer | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{3}$ | A | $\mathbf{1}$ |


| Question <br> Number | Correct Answer | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{4}$ | C | $\mathbf{1}$ |


| Question <br> Number | Correct Answer | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{5}$ | D | $\mathbf{1}$ |


| Question <br> Number | Correct Answer | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{6}$ | D | $\mathbf{1}$ |


| Question <br> Number | Correct Answer | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{7}$ | D | $\mathbf{1}$ |


| Question <br> Number | Correct Answer | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{8}$ | B | $\mathbf{1}$ |


| Question <br> Number | Correct Answer | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{9}$ | D | $\mathbf{1}$ |


| Question <br> Number | Correct Answer | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1 0}$ | C | $\mathbf{1}$ |


| Question <br> Number | Correct Answer | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1 1}$ | C | $\mathbf{1}$ |


| Question <br> Number | Correct Answer | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1 2}$ | B | $\mathbf{1}$ |


| Question <br> Number | Correct Answer | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1 3}$ | B | $\mathbf{1}$ |


| Question <br> Number | Correct Answer | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1 4}$ | B | $\mathbf{1}$ |


| Question <br> Number | Correct Answer | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1 5}$ | A | $\mathbf{1}$ |


| Question <br> Number | Correct Answer | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1 6}$ | D | $\mathbf{1}$ |


| Question <br> Number | Correct Answer | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1 7 ( a )}$ | B | $\mathbf{1}$ |


| Question <br> Number | Correct Answer | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1 7 ( b )}$ | A | $\mathbf{1}$ |


| Question <br> Number | Correct Answer | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1 8}$ | C | $\mathbf{1}$ |


| Question <br> Number | Correct Answer | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1 9}$ | B | $\mathbf{1}$ |

Total for Section A: 20 marks

## Section B

| Question <br> Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| $\mathbf{2 0 ( a ) ( i )}$ | (Compound of) carbon and hydrogen <br> ONLY/ ENTI RELY/ PURELY | "Mixture of carbon and <br> hydrogen only" | $\mathbf{1}$ |


| Question <br> Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| $\mathbf{2 0}$ (a)(ii) | (Contains) only (C-C) single bonds/ <br> only $\sigma$ bond(s) <br> OR <br> (Contains) no (C=C) double <br> bond(s)/no triple bond(s) <br> OR <br> Cannot undergo addition (reactions) |  | $\mathbf{1}$ |
| ALLOW <br> Has maximum number of hydrogen <br> atoms / has maximum amount of <br> hydrogen / can form no more bonds <br> IGNORE references to alkanes |  |  |  |


| Question <br> Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| $\mathbf{2 0 ( b ) ( i )}$ | Boiling point(s) / boiling <br> temperatures / boiling rangesALLOW <br> Different sizes of molecules / different <br> chain lengths / different numbers of <br> carbon atoms | Just ‘different <br> temperatures' <br> Breaking of hydrocarbon <br> chains | $\mathbf{1}$ |
| IGNORE <br> References to melting points / melting <br> temperatures / condensing |  |  |  |


| Question Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & 20 \\ & \text { (b) (ii) } \end{aligned}$ | Save fossil fuels / saves finite resources / saves petrol / saves diesel OR <br> More sustainable <br> OR <br> Uses renewable resources / biodiesel made from 'natural resources' <br> OR <br> Biodiesel is a renewable fuel <br> OR <br> Plants (more) carbon neutral / use of plants improves carbon footprint (of fuel) <br> OR <br> Biodiesel has smaller carbon footprint / zero carbon footprint <br> OR <br> Biodiesel (more) carbon neutral <br> ALLOW <br> Reverse argument for petrol / 'normal' diesel (eg crude oil is non-renewable) <br> IGNORE <br> Less impact on the environment / references to 'environmentally friendly' / less polluting / acid rain <br> IGNORE <br> References to 'global warming' or 'Greenhouse Effect' or 'climate change'. |  | 1 |


| Question <br> Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| $\mathbf{2 0 ( c ) ( i )}$ | $\mathbf{C}_{9} \mathbf{H}_{\mathbf{2 0}}$ <br> IGNORE <br> Any structures drawn out |  | $\mathbf{1}$ |


| Question Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 20 (c)(ii) | First mark: <br> Any ONE of:- <br> (Greater) demand for smaller molecules / <br> (Greater) demand for smaller alkanes <br> / (Greater) demand for alkenes / <br> To make more useful products / <br> To make more reactive product / <br> To make smaller molecules / <br> To make shorter molecules / <br> To make alkenes / <br> To make shorter chains <br> NOTE: <br> ALLOW <br> 'To produce fuel(s)' <br> Second mark: <br> (High temperatures needed to) break (the C-C and / or $\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{H}$ ) bonds OR <br> To break (down) the (hydrocarbon) chain(s) / To break (down) the molecule(s) / To split the molecule(s) / To break the hydrocarbon <br> OR <br> (Reaction is) endothermic <br> ALLOW <br> To overcome the (high) activation energy / the reaction has a high activation energy / provide activation energy <br> IGNORE <br> $\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{C}$ bond is stable <br> References to increasing rate (of reaction) <br> References to yield / equilibrium References to efficiency / producing less CO | No 2nd mark if any of the following are mentioned: <br> Separation of molecules <br> Breaking intermolecular forces <br> References to (high) boiling temperatures / (high) boiling points <br> References to (high) melting temperatures / (high) melting points | 2 |


| Question <br> Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| $\mathbf{2 0}$ (d)(i) | (Substance that) produces energy or <br> produces heat |  | $\mathbf{1}$ |
| IGNORE:- <br> References to 'power' <br> References to just 'exothermic' <br> References to burning or combustion or <br> heating the fuel or reference to oxygen |  |  |  |


| Question Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & 20 \\ & \text { (d) (ii) } \end{aligned}$ | $\mathrm{C}_{4} \mathrm{H}_{10}(\mathrm{~g})+61 / 2 \mathrm{O}_{2}(\mathrm{~g}) \rightarrow 4 \mathrm{CO}_{2}(\mathrm{~g})+5 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}(\mathrm{I})$ <br> OR $\mathrm{C}_{4} \mathrm{H}_{10}(\mathrm{~g})+6.5 \mathrm{O}_{2}(\mathrm{~g}) \rightarrow 4 \mathrm{CO}_{2}(\mathrm{~g})+5 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}(\mathrm{I})$ <br> OR $\mathrm{C}_{4} \mathrm{H}_{10}(\mathrm{~g})+\frac{13}{2} \mathrm{O}_{2}(\mathrm{~g}) \rightarrow 4 \mathrm{CO}_{2}(\mathrm{~g})+5 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}(\mathrm{I})$ <br> OR $2 \mathrm{C}_{4} \mathrm{H}_{10}(\mathrm{~g})+13 \mathrm{O}_{2}(\mathrm{~g}) \rightarrow 8 \mathrm{CO}_{2}(\mathrm{~g})+10 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}(\mathrm{I})$ <br> OR <br> Any other correct multiples <br> Correct species <br> Balancing and state symbols correct <br> $2^{\text {nd }}$ mark is dependent on the $1^{\text {st }}$ mark | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}(\mathbf{g}) \\ & \mathrm{C}_{4} \mathrm{H}_{10}(\mathbf{I}) \end{aligned}$ | 2 |


| Question <br> Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| $\mathbf{2 0 ( d ) ( i i i )}$ | $\mathrm{C}_{4} \mathrm{H}_{10}+4 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{O}_{2} \rightarrow 4 \mathrm{CO}+5 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ |  | $\mathbf{1}$ |
| OR | $\mathrm{C}_{4} \mathrm{H}_{10}+4.5 \mathrm{O}_{2} \rightarrow 4 \mathrm{CO}+5 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ |  |  |
| OR |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{C}_{4} \mathrm{H}_{10}+\frac{9}{2} \mathrm{O}_{2} \rightarrow 4 \mathrm{CO}+5 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ |  |  |  |
| OR |  |  |  |
| $2 \mathrm{C}_{4} \mathrm{H}_{10}+9 \mathrm{O}_{2} \rightarrow 8 \mathrm{CO}+10 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ |  |  |  |
| OR |  |  |  |
| Any other correct multiples |  |  |  |
| IGNORE |  |  |  |
| State symbols even if incorrect |  |  |  |$\quad$|  |
| :--- |


| Question <br> Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| $\mathbf{2 0 ( d ) ( i v )}$ | Limited (supply of) air / oxygen <br> OR <br> insufficient (supply of) air / oxygen <br> OR <br> Oxygen / air not in excess <br> OR <br> Not enough air / not enough oxygen | 'no air' / 'no oxygen' | $\mathbf{1}$ |
|  | ALLOW <br> "Lack of oxygen' / lack of ventilation <br> IGNORE <br> "It is not completely oxidized" |  |  |


| Question Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 20(e)(i) | First mark |  | 2 |
|  | Calculation of the sum of the $M_{r}$ values of all the products $=217.8$ <br> If using $\mathrm{Br}=80, \mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{r}}=218$ |  |  |
|  | Second mark <br> Calculation of \% atom economy using value of total $M_{r}$ |  |  |
|  | $\left[=\frac{136.9}{217.8}(x 100 \%)\right]$ |  |  |
|  | $\begin{equation*} =62.856(\%) \tag{1} \end{equation*}$ | For $M_{r}=\mathbf{2 1 7 . 8}$, 62.8\% (no 2nd mark, as this is a rounding error) |  |
|  | NOTE <br> If using $\mathrm{Br}=80$, final answer $=62.844$ (\%) |  |  |
|  | ALLOW <br> ECF for the 2nd mark on an incorrect total $M_{r}$ value |  |  |
|  | IGNORE sf except 1 sf |  |  |
|  | Correct answer with no working Check rounding of answer |  |  |
|  | NOTE <br> If one error only is made, (1) mark awarded |  |  |


(Total for Question 20 = 21 marks)

| Question Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 21(a) | (The energy / enthalpy change that accompanies the formation of) <br> one mole of $a(n$ ionic) compound <br> ALLOW as alternative for compound: lattice / crystal / substance / solid / product / salt <br> from (its) gaseous ions <br> IGNORE <br> References to 'standard conditions' or any incorrect standard conditions <br> ALTERNATIVE RESPONSE <br> If no mark(s) already awarded from above, can answer by giving:- <br> energy change / enthalpy change per mole $\begin{equation*} 2 \mathrm{Na}^{+}(\mathrm{g})+\mathrm{O}^{2-}(\mathrm{g}) \rightarrow \mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{O}(\mathrm{~s}) \tag{1} \end{equation*}$ <br> NOTE <br> If lattice energy of dissociation is given (e.g. "energy required to break down 1 mol of an ionic lattice into its gaseous ions") max (1) for the 2nd scoring point 'gaseous ions' | ‘energy required’ / ‘energy needed' / 'energy it takes' <br> 'from one mole of gaseous ions' (no 2nd mark) <br> 'from gaseous elements' (no 2nd mark) | 2 |


| Question Number | Acceptable Answers |  |  | Reject | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 21(b)(i) | All seven letters correct <br> Five OR six letters correct <br> Three OR four letters correct <br> ALLOW <br> Either D or 2D <br> Either C or 2C <br> ALLOW <br> Correct numerical values (see question paper) may be given as an alternative to the correct letters |  |  |  | 3 |
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| Question Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 21(b)(ii) | FI RST, CHECK THE FINAL ANSWER IF answer $=-2520\left(\mathrm{~kJ} \mathrm{~mol}^{-1}\right)$ then award (2) marks, with or without working <br> Otherwise look for $\begin{aligned} & -414=(2 \times 108)+249+(2 \times 496) \\ & +(-141)+790)+\Delta H_{\mathrm{LE}} \end{aligned}$ <br> OR $\Delta H_{\mathrm{LE}}=-414-[(2 \times 108)+249+$ $(2 \times 496)+(-141)+790]$ <br> OR <br> A correct expression using letters e.g. $F=(2) D+E+(2) C+A+B+G$ $\begin{equation*} (=-414-2106)=-2520\left(\mathrm{~kJ} \mathrm{~mol}^{-1}\right) \tag{1} \end{equation*}$ <br> NOTE <br> ALLOW for 1 mark: <br> -1692 (wrong sign for 414) <br> -1916 ( $2 \times 108$ and $2 \times 496$ not used for $\mathrm{Na}^{+}$) <br> $-2412\left(2 \times 108\right.$ not used for $\left.\mathrm{Na}^{+}\right)$ <br> -2024 ( $2 \times 496$ not used for $\mathrm{Na}^{+}$) <br> +2520 (wrong sign for final answer) <br> -2802 (sign changed for 1st electron affinity of oxygen) <br> -2395.5 (atomization of oxygen halved) <br> NOTE <br> Penalise incorrect units (e.g. kJ mol) ONCE only <br> NO ECF from incorrect answers to (b) (i) | $-1088\left(\mathrm{~kJ} \mathrm{~mol}^{-1}\right)$ scores (0) overall (as two errors) <br> $(+) 1088\left(\mathrm{~kJ} \mathrm{~mol}^{-1}\right)$ also scores (0) overall (as several errors) | 2 |


| Question Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| *21(c) | ALLOW reverse argument where appropriate <br> First mark <br> MgO more exothermic (than MgS) <br> IGNORE 'greater' / 'higher' / 'larger’ <br> Second mark <br> $\mathrm{S}^{2-}$ larger than $\mathrm{O}^{2-}$ <br> Third mark <br> Charges on $\mathrm{O}^{2-}$ and $\mathrm{S}^{2-}$ same <br> OR <br> Charges on (all) ions same <br> OR <br> $\mathrm{S}^{2-}$ smaller charge density than $\mathrm{O}^{2-}$ <br> NOTE <br> This mark is awarded if both formulae for the ions $\mathrm{O}^{2-}$ and $\mathrm{S}^{2-}$ are mentioned <br> Fourth mark <br> $\mathrm{O}^{2-}$ (forms) stronger (electrostatic) <br> attractions (than $\mathrm{S}^{2-}$ ) <br> IGNORE just ‘stronger (ionic) bonds' <br> Penalise ONCE ONLY the use of the word 'atom(s)' or 'molecule(s)'/ use of formulae such as ' $\mathrm{Mg}^{\prime}$ ' $\mathrm{O}^{\prime}$ ' $\mathrm{O}_{2}$ ', etc. <br> AND/OR <br> Penalise ONCE ONLY use of words such as just 'magnesium' (instead of magnesium ions $/ \mathrm{Mg}^{2+}$ ) and/or just 'oxygen' (instead of oxide ions/ $\mathrm{O}^{2-}$ ) <br> Mark each point independently | "MgS is larger than MgO" <br> $\mathrm{S}^{2-}$ has a larger atomic radius than $\mathrm{O}^{2-}$ | 4 |

(Total for Question 21 = 11 marks)

| Question <br> Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| $\mathbf{2 2 ( a )}$ | $\left(1 s^{2}\right) 2 s^{2} 2 p^{6} 3 s^{2} 3 p^{6} 3 d^{8} 4 s^{2}$ |  | $\mathbf{1}$ |
|  | OR <br> $\left(1 s^{2}\right) 2 s^{2} 2 p^{6} 3 s^{2} 3 p^{6} 4 s^{2} 3 d^{8}$ <br> ALLOW capital S P D <br> Allow subscripts <br> $(\mathrm{e.g}$ <br> $\left.\left(1 s^{2}\right) 2 s_{2} 2 p_{6} 3 s_{2} 3 p_{6} 4 s_{2} 3 d_{8}\right)$ |  |  |


| Question Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 22(b) | $\left(\mathrm{A}_{\mathrm{r}}\right.$ for Ni$)=(58 \times 0.6902)+(60 \times$ $0.2732)+(62 \times 0.0366)$ or a correct fraction using percentages <br> (= 58.6928) [calculator value] <br> $=58.69$ (must be to $\mathbf{2 ~ d p}$ ) <br> $2^{\text {nd }}$ mark CQ on numbers transcribed <br> Correct answer with no working <br> IGNORE <br> Units of any kind (e.g. ' g ', ' $\mathrm{g} \mathrm{mol}{ }^{-1}$, <br> 'amu', etc.) | 58.68 (as rounding error) | 2 |


| Question Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 22(c)(i) | $\begin{align*} & \text { Moles of nickel }=\frac{5.87}{58.7} \\ & \qquad=0.1(00)(\mathrm{mol})  \tag{1}\\ & \text { Moles CO }=0.1(00) \times 4=0.4(00) \\ & (\mathrm{mol}) \end{align*}$ <br> Answer CQ on $4 \times \mathrm{mol} \mathrm{Ni}$ <br> Volume of $\mathrm{CO}=0.4(00) \times 24\left(\mathrm{dm}^{3}\right)$ $=9.6\left(\mathrm{dm}^{3}\right)$ <br> ALLOW $9600 \mathbf{c m}^{3}$ <br> Answer CQ on $24 \times \mathrm{mol} \mathrm{CO}$ <br> Correct answer with no working scores <br> (3) | $9.6 \mathrm{dm}^{3} \mathrm{~mol}^{-1}$ ( no $3^{\text {rd }}$ mark) <br> $9.6 \mathrm{dm}^{-3}$ (no $3^{\text {rd }}$ mark) <br> OR <br> Any other incorrect units (no $3^{\text {rd }}$ mark) | 3 |


| Question <br> Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| $\mathbf{2 2 ( c ) ( i i )}$ | (Number of CO molecules |  | 1 |
| $=0.400 \times 6.02 \times 10^{23}$ ) |  |  |  |
|  | $=2.408 \times 10^{23}$ |  |  |
| Answer CQ on moles / volume of CO <br> in (c)(i) |  |  |  |
| IGNORE <br> sf except 1 sf <br> IGNORE <br> Any units, even if incorrect |  |  |  |



| Question <br> Number Acceptable Answers Reject Mark <br> 22(d)(ii) To ensure all the acid reacts / all the <br> acid is used up / all the acid is <br> neutralized <br> IGNORE <br> References to 'yield' / reaction going <br> to completion / just 'acid is the <br> limiting reagent' To ensure all the reactants <br> are used up $\mathbf{1}$ <br> Question <br> Number Acceptable Answers Reject Mark <br> 22(d)(iii) Fizzing / effervescence / frothing / <br> bubbles / gas released <br> IGNORE <br> spilling (over) / spillage <br> References to 'vigorous', 'exothermic', <br> 'violent' / just 'safety' (Mixture) boils <br> Quantity of reagents / <br> on adding solid $\mathbf{1}$   (displacement' of solution |
| :--- |


| Question Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { 22(d) } \\ & \text { (iv) } \end{aligned}$ | $\mathrm{NiCO}_{3}(\mathbf{s})+2 \mathrm{HNO}_{3}(\mathbf{a q}) \rightarrow \mathrm{Ni}\left(\mathrm{NO}_{3}\right)_{2}(\mathbf{a q})+\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}(\mathrm{I})+\mathrm{CO}_{2}(\mathbf{g})$ <br> ALLOW correct ionic equation $\mathrm{NiCO}_{3}(\mathbf{s})+2 \mathrm{H}^{+}(\mathbf{a q}) \rightarrow \mathrm{Ni}^{2+}(\mathbf{a q})+\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}(\mathbf{I})+\mathrm{CO}_{2}(\mathbf{g})$ <br> All species correct <br> Balancing and all state symbols correct <br> 2nd mark is dependent on 1st mark (ie all species correct) | $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3}(\mathrm{aq})$ scores (0) overall | 2 |


| Question <br> Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| *22(d)(v) | First mark: <br> Filter (off the excess nickel(II) <br> carbonate / solid) |  | (1) |
|  | Second mark: <br> Boil / heat (to drive off some of the <br> water) | Just "warm" the filtrate / <br> solution |  |
|  | OR <br> 'heat the filtrate to <br> dryness' |  |  |
|  | IGNORE just 'evaporation' (as the <br> technique of boiling / heating is <br> required here) | Third mark: <br> Leave to cool / leave to crystallize / <br> evaporate (water) slowly / leave (for <br> water) to evaporate | (1) |

(Total for Question 22 = 18 marks)

| Question | Acceptable Answers |  | Reject | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 23(a) | (Protons) | 18 |  | 1 |
|  | (Electrons) | 18 |  |  |
|  | (Neutrons) | 22 |  |  |
|  | All three numbers correct for the mark |  |  |  |


| Question <br> Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| 23(b) | (Position in the Periodic Table) <br> depends upon atomic number / proton <br> number |  | $\mathbf{1}$ |
|  | OR <br> Ar (atom) has (one) fewer proton(s) <br> (than K atom) |  |  |
|  | OR <br> K (atom) has (one) more proton(s) <br> (than Ar atom) <br> OR <br> K has atomic number 19 (whereas) Ar <br> has atomic number 18 |  |  |
|  | OR <br> Ar has 18 protons, K has 19 protons |  |  |
|  | IGNORE <br> 'Elements are not arranged in order of <br> (relative) atomic mass' <br> IGNORE <br> Mention of numbers of electrons / <br> numbers of shells (of electrons) |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |


| Question <br> Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| 23(c) | First mark <br> Property / trend / pattern <br> ALLOW <br> Any named property (e.g. atomic <br> radius, ionization energy, melting (1) <br> temperature) |  | 2 |
|  | Second mark <br> Repeated (across each period) <br> OR <br> Regular (across each period) <br> OR <br> Re-occurring (across each period) |  |  |
|  | NOTE <br> Statement such as: <br> "A repeating trend across a period / <br> across each period" scores (2) |  |  |


| Question <br> Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| $\mathbf{2 3 ( d ) ( i )}$ | Phosphorus / P/P4 |  | $\mathbf{1}$ |
|  | OR <br> Sulfur / S / S 8 |  |  |
|  | OR <br> Chlorine / CI / Cl <br> 2 |  |  |
|  | IGNORE <br> Argon / Ar |  |  |


| Question Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 23(d)(ii) | (The covalent) bonds are strong (throughout the lattice) <br> (therefore) a lot of energy is required to break the bonds / a lot of energy is needed to overcome the attractions (between atoms) / 'more energy' is required to break the bonds /'more energy' is needed to overcome the attractions (between atoms) / 'greater amount of energy' is required to break the bonds /'greater amount of energy' is needed to overcome the attractions (between atoms) | MENTI ON OF ANY OF THE FOLLOWI NG SCORES (0) OVERALL <br> '(simple) molecular silicon' <br> (0) <br> 'molecules of silicon' <br> (0) <br> 'silicon has ions' / 'silicon is ionic' <br> (0) <br> 'intermolecular forces' / 'van der Waals' forces' / 'London forces' / 'forces between the molecules' <br> 'metallic bonding' <br> (0) | 2 |


| Question Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 23(d)(iii) | ALLOW reverse arguments in each case <br> Any two from four:- <br> -magnesium ions / magnesium atoms are smaller (than sodium ions / sodium atoms) <br> NOTE: <br> Allow symbols (e.g. Mg or $\mathrm{Mg}^{2+}$ ) <br> - magnesium ions are $\mathrm{Mg}^{2+}$ whereas sodium ions are $\mathrm{Na}^{+}$ <br> OR <br> $\mathrm{Mg}^{2+}$ / magnesium ions have a larger charge (density) (than $\mathrm{Na}^{+}$/sodium <br> ions) <br> [NOTE: <br> It follows that the statement that " $\mathrm{Mg}^{2+}$ ions are smaller than $\mathrm{Na}^{+}$ions" would score the first two scoring points above] <br> - magnesium has more delocalised electrons (than sodium) <br> IGNORE 'free electrons' <br> IGNORE just 'sea of electrons' <br> -magnesium is close-packed (but sodium is not close-packed) <br> Third mark (stand-alone): <br> - more / a lot of (heat) energy is needed to break (metallic) bonds in Mg (than in Na ) <br> OR <br> - attraction between the positive ions and (delocalised) electrons is stronger in magnesium (than in sodium) | attraction between nucleus and (delocalised) electrons (no third mark) <br> mention of intermolecular forces / molecules (no third mark) | 3 |


|  | IGNORE <br> Just 'metallic bonding in Mg stronger <br> than that in Na' | ionic bonding <br> (no third mark) <br> attraction between $\mathrm{Mg}^{2+}$ ions <br> (no third mark) <br> NOTE: <br> arguments based on <br> ionization energies scores <br> $\mathbf{( 0 )}$ overall |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| OR <br> any suggestion of removal <br> of outer shell electrons as <br> part of the melting process <br> scores (0) overall |  |  |

(Total for Question 23 = 10 marks)
TOTAL FOR SECTI ON B = 60 marks
TOTAL FOR PAPER = $\mathbf{8 0}$ marks

