## edexcel

Mark Scheme (Results)

Summer 2014

IAL Chemistry (WCH01/01)

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## General Marking Guidance

- All candidates must receive the same treatment. Examiners must mark the first candidate in exactly the same way as they mark the last.
- Mark schemes should be applied positively. Candidates must be rewarded for what they have shown they can do rather than penalised for omissions.
- Examiners should mark according to the mark scheme not according to their perception of where the grade boundaries may lie.
- There is no ceiling on achievement. All marks on the mark scheme should be used appropriately.
- All the marks on the mark scheme are designed to be awarded. Examiners should always award full marks if deserved, i.e. if the answer matches the mark scheme. Examiners should also be prepared to award zero marks if the candidate's response is not worthy of credit according to the mark scheme.
- Where some judgement is required, mark schemes will provide the principles by which marks will be awarded and exemplification may be limited.
- When examiners are in doubt regarding the application of the mark scheme to a candidate's response, the team leader must be consulted.
- Crossed out work should be marked UNLESS the candidate has replaced it with an alternative response.
- Mark schemes will indicate within the table where, and which strands of QWC, are being assessed. The strands are as follows:
i) ensure that text is legible and that spelling, punctuation and grammar are accurate so that meaning is clear
ii) select and use a form and style of writing appropriate to purpose and to complex subject matter
iii) organise information clearly and coherently, using specialist vocabulary when appropriate


## Using the Mark Scheme

Examiners should look for qualities to reward rather than faults to penalise. This does NOT mean giving credit for incorrect or inadequate answers, but it does mean allowing candidates to be rewarded for answers showing correct application of principles and knowledge. Examiners should therefore read carefully and consider every response: even if it is not what is expected it may be worthy of credit.

The mark scheme gives examiners:

- an idea of the types of response expected
- how individual marks are to be awarded
- the total mark for each question
- examples of responses that should NOT receive credit.
/ means that the responses are alternatives and either answer should receive full credit.
( ) means that a phrase/word is not essential for the award of the mark, but helps the examiner to get the sense of the expected answer.
Phrases/words in bold indicate that the meaning of the phrase or the actual word is essential to the answer.
ecf/TE/cq (error carried forward) means that a wrong answer given in an earlier part of a question is used correctly in answer to a later part of the same question.

Candidates must make their meaning clear to the examiner to gain the mark. Make sure that the answer makes sense. Do not give credit for correct words/phrases which are put together in a meaningless manner. Answers must be in the correct context.

## Quality of Written Communication

Questions which involve the writing of continuous prose will expect candidates to:

- write legibly, with accurate use of spelling, grammar and punctuation in order to make the meaning clear
- select and use a form and style of writing appropriate to purpose and to
complex subject matter
- organise information clearly and coherently, using specialist vocabulary when appropriate.
Full marks will be awarded if the candidate has demonstrated the above abilities.
Questions where QWC is likely to be particularly important are indicated (QWC) in the mark scheme, but this does not preclude others.


## Section A

| Question <br> Number | Correct Answer | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | C | $\mathbf{1}$ |
| Question <br> Number Correct Answer Mark <br> $\mathbf{2}$ D $\mathbf{1}$ <br> Question <br> Number Correct Answer Mark <br> $\mathbf{3}$ B $\mathbf{1}$ |  |  |


| Question <br> Number | Correct Answer | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{4}$ | C | $\mathbf{1}$ |


| Question <br> Number | Correct Answer | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{5}$ | D | $\mathbf{1}$ |


| Question <br> Number | Correct Answer | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{6}$ | C | $\mathbf{1}$ |


| Question <br> Number | Correct Answer | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{7}$ | B | $\mathbf{1}$ |


| Question <br> Number | Correct Answer | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{8}$ | C | $\mathbf{1}$ |


| Question <br> Number | Correct Answer | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{9}$ | D | $\mathbf{1}$ |


| Question <br> Number | Correct Answer | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1 0}$ | C | $\mathbf{1}$ |


| Question <br> Number | Correct Answer | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1 1}$ | B | $\mathbf{1}$ |


| Question <br> Number | Correct Answer | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1 2}$ | A | $\mathbf{1}$ |


| Question <br> Number | Correct Answer | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1 3}$ | A | $\mathbf{1}$ |


| Question <br> Number | Correct Answer | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1 4}$ | C | $\mathbf{1}$ |


| Question <br> Number | Correct Answer | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1 5}$ | B | $\mathbf{1}$ |


| Question <br> Number | Correct Answer | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1 6}$ | A | $\mathbf{1}$ |


| Question <br> Number | Correct Answer | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1 7}$ | B | $\mathbf{1}$ |


| Question <br> Number | Correct Answer | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1 8}$ | D | $\mathbf{1}$ |


| Question <br> Number | Correct Answer | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1 9}$ | A | $\mathbf{1}$ |


| Question <br> Number | Correct Answer | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{2 0}$ | D | $\mathbf{1}$ |

## Section B

| Question <br> Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| $\mathbf{2 1 ~ ( a ) ( i )}$ | Penalise use of chlorine once only in <br> Q21(a)(i), (ii) and (iii) <br> IGNORE lone pairs of electrons, even <br> if incorrect in Q21(a)(i), (ii) and (iii) | Br | $\mathbf{1}$ |
|  | ALLOW one slip in the formula of the <br> element if it is correctly given <br> elsewhere in the answer e.g B for Br <br> $\mathrm{Br}_{2} \rightarrow \mathrm{Br} \bullet+\mathrm{Br} \bullet$ / <br> $\mathrm{Br}_{2} \rightarrow 2 \mathrm{Br} \bullet$ | Ignore position of dot <br> Ignore state symbols and curly arrows <br> even if incorrect |  |


| Question <br> Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| $\mathbf{2 1}$ | $\mathrm{Br}_{2} \rightarrow \mathrm{Br}^{+}+\mathrm{Br}^{-}$ | $\mathbf{\delta}^{+} / \mathbf{\delta}^{-}$for the + or - | $\mathbf{1}$ |
| $\mathbf{( a ) ( i i )}$ | Ignore state symbols and curly arrows <br> even if incorrect |  |  |


| Question Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & 21 \\ & \text { (a) (iii) } \end{aligned}$ | (free radical) Br - <br> NOTE: <br> No TE, except Cl• <br> Penalise omission of the dot only once in (a)(i) and (a)(iii) <br> (electrophile) $\mathbf{B r}^{+}$ <br> NOTE: <br> No TE, except $\mathrm{Cl}^{+}$ | Br | 2 |


| Question Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 21 (b)(i) |    <br> Isomers can be in any order <br> ALLOW <br> skeletal or structural formulae | Any branched-chain isomers | 3 |


| Question <br> Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| $\mathbf{2 1}$ (b)(ii) | Corrosive / toxic / poisonous <br> Allow correct symbols for corrosive or <br> toxic / poisonous | Flammable / 'naked flames' | $\mathbf{1}$ |
|  | IGNORE <br> harmful / dangerous / irritant / acidic <br> / volatile / any references to state of <br> HBr <br> IGNORE <br> Any precautions taken, EXCEPT those <br> related to flammability |  |  |


| Question Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & 21 \\ & \text { (b) (iii) } \end{aligned}$ | First mark <br> Calculation of the $\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{13} \mathrm{Br} \mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{r}}$ value and the total of the product Mr <br> EXPECTED <br> 164.9 AND 245.8 <br> ALLOW <br> 165 AND 246 <br> Second mark <br> EXPECTED $\begin{aligned} & \frac{164.9}{245.8}(x \text { 100\%) } \\ & =67.08706265(\%) \\ & =67.1(\%) \text { to } \mathbf{3} \text { s.f. } \end{aligned}$ <br> ALLOW $\begin{aligned} & \frac{165}{246}(x 100 \%) \\ & =67.07317073(\%) \\ & =67.1(\%) \text { to } 3 \text { s.f. } \end{aligned}$ <br> ALLOW <br> TE from any incorrect $M_{r}$ value(s) provided answer is not greater than 100\% <br> Answer MUST be rounded correctly to 3 s.f. for the second mark <br> Correct answer with no working |  | 2 |


| Question <br> Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| $\mathbf{2 1} \mathbf{( c ) ( i )}$ | $\mathrm{CH}_{4}+\mathrm{F}_{2} \rightarrow \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{~F}+\mathrm{HF}$ <br> IGNORE state symbols, even if <br> incorrect | $\mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ | $\mathbf{1}$ |
| "FI" if used more than once |  |  |  |$\quad$|  |
| :--- |


| Question Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 21 (c)(ii) | NOTE |  | 2 |
|  | Allow reverse argument throughout |  |  |
|  | $\mathbf{1}^{\text {st }}$ Mark |  |  |
|  | Fluorine / F (atom is) smaller (than a Cl atom) | $\mathrm{F}_{2}$ / 'fluorine molecule' |  |
|  | (1) |  |  |
|  | $2^{\text {nd }}$ Mark |  |  |
|  | Any ONE of:- |  |  |
|  | (so expect) F-F bond to be shorter (than the $\mathrm{Cl}-\mathrm{Cl}$ bond) | Mention of 'Intermolecular forces' (no $\mathbf{2}^{\text {nd }}$ mark) |  |
|  | OR |  |  |
|  | F-F bonding electrons / bond pair / / shared pair closer to (both) nuclei |  |  |
|  | OR |  |  |
|  | (so) attraction between nuclei and bonding electrons / bond pair / |  |  |
|  | shared pair expected to be stronger |  |  |
|  | IGNORE |  |  |
|  | Any references to the strengths of the F-F and/or $\mathrm{Cl}-\mathrm{Cl}$ bonds |  |  |
|  | Any references to the 'repulsion between nuclei' |  |  |
|  | Any references to 'shielding' / 'Charge density' / 'Electronegativity' / outer electrons |  |  |


| Question Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & 21 \\ & (c)(i i i) \end{aligned}$ | Shared pair of electrons shown <br> The remaining six electrons on each $F$ atom <br> NOTE <br> Can be dots or crosses - only total number of electrons matters <br> Circles not required <br> IGNORE <br> Two inner-shell electrons <br> ALLOW <br> ' Fl ' or F symbol missing |  | 2 |


| Question <br> Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| $\mathbf{2 1}$ | 'Repulsion between electrons' scores | Just repulsion between <br> bonding / shared electrons | $\mathbf{2}$ |
|  | (1) (iv) | BUT |  |
|  | 'Repulsion between lone pairs (of <br> electrons)' scores (2) <br> ALLOW <br> 'Non-bonding electrons' for lone pairs |  |  |


| Question Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 21 (c)(v) | UV (light) / (sun) light / heat / energy required to break $\mathrm{Cl}-\mathrm{Cl}$ bond <br> OR <br> UV (light) / (sun) light / heat / energy required to form $\mathrm{Cl} \cdot$ <br> OR <br> $\mathrm{F}-\mathrm{F}$ requires less energy to break <br> OR <br> $F-F$ requires less energy to form $F$. <br> IGNORE <br> Just $\mathrm{F}_{2}$ more reactive (than $\mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ ) <br> Just $\mathrm{F}-\mathrm{F}$ bond is weaker (than $\mathrm{Cl}-\mathrm{Cl}$ ) <br> Just F-F bond energy is lower (than $\mathrm{Cl}-\mathrm{Cl})$ |  | 1 |


| Question Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 21 (d) | Mark independently <br> First mark: <br> For both arrows in initial step <br> Allow upper arrow as in diagram or directly to Br atom <br> Second mark: <br> Carbocation intermediate <br> Third mark: <br> Arrow from anywhere on the bromide ion to the C or to the + sign on the intermediate <br> Lone pair(s) on $\mathrm{Br}^{-}$not required | Half-arrow(s) <br> I ncorrect polarities <br> Full-charges on $\mathrm{Br}_{2}$ <br> Half-arrow(s) <br> $\mathbf{\delta}^{-}$instead of the full - sign on the $\mathrm{Br}^{-}$ | 3 |


| Question <br> Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| $\mathbf{2 1 ( e ) ( i )}$ |  |  | $\mathbf{1}$ |
|  |  |  |  |
| Diagram clearly shows that H atoms <br> are diagonal to each other in the $\mathrm{E}-$ <br> isomer/correct relative positions of <br> hydrogen atoms and ethyl groups <br> ALLOW <br> Skeletal or displayed formula |  |  |  |


| Question <br> Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| $\mathbf{2 1 ( e ) ( i i ) ~}$ | EITHER |  | $\mathbf{1}$ |
|  | Rotation around C-C bond (in <br> product molecule) | OR <br> Double bond is broken so rotation (is <br> now possible) | ALLOW <br> Same carbocation / intermediate <br> formed (so product is the same) <br> IGNORE <br> Comments about optical isomerism |

(Total for Question 21 = 23 marks)

| Question Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mar k |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 22(a) | (The energy / enthalpy change / released that accompanies the formation of) <br> one mole of $\mathrm{a}(\mathrm{n}$ ionic) compound <br> ALLOW as alternative for compound: lattice / crystal / substance / solid / product / salt <br> from (its) gaseous ions <br> IGNORE <br> References to 'standard conditions' or any incorrect standard conditions <br> ALTERNATI VE RESPONSE <br> If no mark(s) already awarded from above, can answer by giving:- <br> energy change per mole / enthalpy change per mole $\begin{equation*} \mathrm{Li}^{+}(\mathbf{g})+\mathrm{F}^{-}(\mathbf{g}) \rightarrow \mathrm{LiF}(\mathrm{~s}) \tag{1} \end{equation*}$ <br> NOTE <br> If lattice energy of dissociation is given (e.g. "energy required to break down 1 mol of an ionic lattice into its gaseous ions") max (1) for the 2nd scoring point 'gaseous ions' | ‘energy required’ / ‘energy needed' / 'energy it takes' <br> 'from one mole of gaseous ions' (no 2nd mark) <br> Just 'from gaseous elements' (no 2nd mark) | 2 |


| Question Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mar k |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 22(b)(i) | Box 4 <br> $\mathrm{Li}^{+}(\mathrm{g})+\mathrm{F}(\mathrm{g})+\mathrm{e}^{-}$ <br> $\left(\mathrm{Li}^{+}(\mathrm{g})+\mathrm{F}^{-}(\mathrm{g})\right)$ <br> Box 3 <br> Box 2 <br> Box 1 <br> $\mathrm{Li}(\mathrm{s})+1 / 2 \mathrm{~F}_{2}(\mathrm{~g})$ <br> Box 6 <br> (LiF(s)) <br> IGNORE missing electrons / $\mathrm{e}^{-}$ <br> First mark (Box 1): $\begin{equation*} \mathrm{Li}(\mathrm{~s})+1 / 2 \mathrm{~F}_{2}(\mathrm{~g}) \tag{1} \end{equation*}$ <br> Second mark (Box 4): <br> $\mathbf{L i}^{+}(\mathbf{g})+\mathbf{F}(\mathbf{g})\left(+\mathrm{e}^{-}\right)$ <br> Third and Fourth marks (if box 1 is correct): <br> 'Box 2 ' as above i.e. $\mathrm{Li}(\mathrm{g})+1 / 2 \mathrm{~F}_{2}(\mathrm{~g})$ as above <br> 'Box $3^{\prime}$ as above i.e. $\mathrm{Li}^{+}(\mathrm{g})+1 / 2 \mathrm{~F}_{2}(\mathrm{~g})\left(+\mathrm{e}^{-}\right)$as above <br> OR <br> 'Box 2' Li(s) + F (g) <br> 'Box 3 ' $\mathrm{Li}(\mathrm{g})+\mathrm{F}(\mathrm{g})$ <br> OR <br> 'Box 2 ' $\mathrm{Li}(\mathrm{g})+1 / 2 \mathrm{~F}_{2}(\mathrm{~g})$ <br> 'Box 3' $\mathrm{Li}(\mathrm{g})+\mathrm{F}(\mathrm{g})$ |  | 4 |


|  | Penalise use of 'FI' instead of ' $F$ ' once only |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| If Box 1 is $\operatorname{INCORRECT} \max (2)$ for correct transitions <br> e.g if use $F(g)$ or $F_{2}(g)$ instead of $1 / 2 \mathrm{~F}_{2}(g)$, then 2 marks <br> available for two correct transitions involving lithium. |  |  |


| Question Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 22(b)(ii) | FI RST, CHECK THE FI NAL ANSWER IF answer $=-1046\left(\mathrm{~kJ} \mathrm{~mol}^{-1}\right)$ then award (2) marks, with or without working <br> Otherwise look for $\begin{aligned} & -616=(+159)+(+520)+(+79)+ \\ & (-328)+\Delta \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{LE}} \end{aligned}$ <br> OR $\begin{align*} & \Delta \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{LE}}=-616-[(+159)+(+520)+ \\ & (+79)+(-328)] \\ & =-616-430  \tag{1}\\ & =-\mathbf{1 0 4 6}\left(\mathrm{kJ} \mathrm{~mol}^{-1}\right) \tag{1} \end{align*}$ <br> NOTE <br> ALLOW for 1 mark: $\begin{array}{\|l} (+) 1046(\text { wrong sign) } \\ -186(+430 \text { instead of }-430) \\ (+) 186(+616 \text { instead of }-616) \\ -1006.5(+79 \text { halved to }+39.5) \\ -1702(\text { wrong sign for } 328) \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  | 2 |


| Question Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| *22(c)(i) | ALLOW reverse argument where appropriate <br> ( NaF more negative than NaCl because) <br> First mark <br> $\mathrm{F}^{-}$smaller (than $\mathrm{Cl}^{-}$) <br> ALLOW 'fluorine ion is smaller (than a chlorine ion') <br> OR <br> $\mathrm{F}^{-}$larger charge density (than $\mathrm{Cl}^{-}$) <br> Second mark: <br> $\mathrm{F}^{-}$(forms) stronger (electrostatic) attractions (than $\mathrm{Cl}^{-}$) <br> IGNORE just 'stronger (ionic) bonds' <br> Penalise ONCE ONLY in (c)(i) and (c)(ii) the use of the word 'atom(s)' or 'molecule(s)'/ use of just formulae such as ' Mg ', ' Na ', ' $\mathrm{F}^{\prime}$, ' $\mathrm{F}_{2}$ ', ' Cl ', ${ }^{\prime} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ ', etc. <br> OR <br> Penalise ONCE ONLY in (c)(i) and (c)(ii) the use of words such as just 'magnesium' (instead of magnesium ions $/ \mathrm{Mg}^{2+}$ ) and/or just 'fluorine' (instead of fluoride ions/ $\mathrm{F}^{-}$) /and or just 'chlorine' (instead of chloride ions/ $\mathrm{Cl}^{-}$) <br> IGNORE <br> Any comments about polarization of the anion (by the cation) / covalent character | "NaF is smaller than $\mathbf{N a C l} "$ <br> $\mathrm{F}^{-}$has a smaller atomic radius than $\mathrm{Cl}^{-}$ | 2 |


| Question Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| *22(c)(ii) | ALLOW reverse argument where appropriate <br> ( NaF less negative than $\mathrm{MgF}_{2}$ because) <br> First mark - size: <br> $\mathrm{Mg}^{2+}$ smaller (than $\mathrm{Na}^{+}$) <br> OR <br> 'Magnesium ion' is smaller (than $\mathrm{Na}^{+}$) <br> Second mark - charge: <br> $\mathrm{Mg}^{2+}$ has a greater charge (density) (than $\mathrm{Na}^{+}$) <br> OR <br> 'Magnesium ion' has a greater charge (density) (than $\mathrm{Na}^{+}$) <br> [ NOTE: <br> It follows that the statement that " $\mathrm{Mg}^{2+}$ ions are smaller than $\mathrm{Na}^{+}$ions" would score BOTH marks] <br> IGNORE <br> Any comments about polarization of the anion (by the cation) / covalent character | ${ }^{\mathbf{M}} \mathbf{M g F}_{\mathbf{2}}$ is smaller than NaF" <br> $\mathrm{Mg}^{2+}$ has a smaller atomic radius than $\mathrm{Na}^{+}$ | 2 |

(Total for Question 22 = 12 marks)

| Question <br> Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| 23(a) | (Enthalpy/energy change when) <br> one mole of a compound / one mole <br> of a substance <br> IGNORE <br> Statements such as "energy released" <br> or "energy required" here |  | 3 |
|  | is formed from its elements (in their <br> standard states, under standard <br> conditions) | 'is formed from its gaseous <br> elements' |  |
| (Standard temperature is) 298 K / <br> $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | (1) |  |  |
| ALLOW <br> "K' |  |  |  |
| IGNORE <br> References to room temperature <br> (Standard pressure is) 1 atm / <br> 101 kPa / 100 kPa |  |  |  |


| Question <br> Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| $\mathbf{2 3 ( b )}$ | $6 \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{s}\right.$, graphite) $+7 \mathrm{H}_{2}(\mathrm{~g}) \rightarrow \mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{14}(\mathrm{I})$ |  |  |
|  | ALLOW <br> $6 \mathrm{C}(\mathrm{s}) / 6 \mathrm{C}$ (graphite) <br> Species and balancing correct <br> (1) |  |  |
|  | State symbols correct  <br> State symbols mark is dependent on  <br> correct species but allow this mark if  <br> 14 H used instead of $7 \mathrm{H}_{2}$  |  |  |
| NOTE <br> $\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{14}(\mathrm{I}) \rightarrow$ 6C(s, graphite) $+7 \mathrm{H}_{2}(\mathrm{~g})$ <br> scores (1) |  |  |  |


| Question Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 23(c) | First mark: <br> Both arrows point downwards <br> Second mark: $\begin{equation*} \mathrm{CO}_{2}(\mathbf{g})+\mathbf{2} \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}(\mathbf{I}) \tag{1} \end{equation*}$ <br> Third mark: $\begin{aligned} & ((1 \times-394)+(2 \times-286)-(1 \times \\ & -890)=) \\ & -76\left(\mathrm{~kJ} \mathrm{~mol}^{-1}\right) \end{aligned}$ <br> No TE from cycle arrows | $\mathbf{2} \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}(\mathbf{g})$ <br> If incorrect units with a final answer, no $3^{\text {rd }}$ mark | 3 |


| Question <br> Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| $\mathbf{2 3 ( d ) ( i )}$ | $(+1652 \div 4=)(+) \mathbf{4 1 3}\left(\mathrm{kJ} \mathrm{mol}^{-1}\right)$ | -413 | $\mathbf{1}$ |


| Question Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 23(d)(ii) | First mark: $(+2825-6 x \text { answer to }(\mathrm{d})(\mathrm{i}))$ <br> ALLOW <br> TE only from a positive value given as answer to (d)(i) <br> Second mark: $\begin{equation*} =(+) 347\left(\mathrm{~kJ} \mathrm{~mol}^{-1}\right) \tag{1} \end{equation*}$ <br> Second mark is CQ on first mark <br> Correct answer with or without working scores |  | 2 |

(Total for Question 23 = 11 marks)

| Question Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 24(a) |  |  | 2 |
|  |  |  |  |
|  | (s-orbital) |  |  |
|  | Circle drawn |  |  |
|  | ALLOW |  |  |
|  | Concentric circles drawn |  |  |
|  | ( p -orbital) |  |  |
|  | Figure of '8' / 'dumb-bell' drawn |  |  |
|  | NOTE: <br> p-orbital can be drawn along any axis (axis does not have to be shown) |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  | ALLOW |  |  |
|  | If one, two or three p-orbitals of correct shapes are shown |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  | If overlapping orbitals are shown of correct shape in both cases, award (1) mark |  |  |


| Question <br> Number | Acceptable Answers |  | Reject | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | :--- | :---: |
| $\mathbf{2 4 ( b )}$ | (region) | (no. of electrons) |  | $\mathbf{3}$ |
|  | (a d-orbital) | $\mathbf{2}$ |  |  |
|  | (a p sub-shell) | $\mathbf{6}$ | (1) |  |
|  | (the third shell) | $\mathbf{1 8}$ | (1) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | (1) |  |


| Question Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 24(c) | First mark: BOTH 2 s and 2 p labelled | $2 p^{6}$ | 2 |
|  | ALLOW |  |  |
|  | (1) |  |  |
|  | Second mark: ALL eight $\mathrm{e}^{-}$shown correctly |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  | ALLOW <br> Half-arrows or full arrows for each electron |  |  |
|  | Paired arrows in any one of the $2 p$ orbitals |  |  |
|  | NOTE <br> Single arrows must be orientated in same direction |  |  |
|  | Paired arrows must have opposite spins |  |  |


| Question Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 24(d)(i) | First mark: |  | 3 |
|  | Makes mention of energy/enthalpy/(heat) energy/heat (change/required) | "Energy given out..." for first mark |  |
|  | AND |  |  |
|  | to remove an electron |  |  |
|  | Second mark: |  |  |
|  | one mole/ 1 mol |  |  |
|  | Third mark: |  |  |
|  | Makes mention of gaseous atom(s) <br> (1) | J ust 'gaseous element'/ 'gaseous substance' |  |
|  | ALTERNATIVE ANSWER |  |  |
|  | Energy change per mole $/ \mathrm{kJ} \mathrm{mol}^{-1}$ for <br> (1) |  |  |
|  | $\begin{equation*} X(\mathbf{g}) \rightarrow \mathrm{X}^{+}(\mathbf{g})+\mathrm{e}^{(-)} \tag{2} \end{equation*}$ |  |  |
|  | One mark for species |  |  |
|  | One mark for correct state symbols |  |  |
|  | Mark independently |  |  |
|  | IGNORE any references to standard conditions |  |  |


| Question Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 24(d)(ii) | $\mathrm{O}^{2+}(\mathrm{g})-\mathrm{e}^{-} \rightarrow \mathrm{O}^{3+}(\mathrm{g})$ <br> OR $\mathrm{O}^{2+}(\mathrm{g}) \rightarrow \mathrm{O}^{3+}(\mathrm{g})+\mathrm{e}^{-}$ <br> All species and balancing correct <br> State symbols correct <br> $2^{\text {nd }}$ mark is dependent on $1^{\text {st }}$ mark <br> ALLOW <br> ' $\mathrm{e}^{\prime}$ for ${ }^{\mathrm{e}} \mathrm{e}^{-}$' <br> IGNORE <br> (g) on the $\mathrm{e}^{-}$ | Reverse equation scores (0) overall | 2 |


| Question Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 24(d) (iii) | First mark: |  | 2 |
|  | Big 'jump' / large increase (1) |  |  |
|  | Second mark: |  |  |
|  | between 6th and 7th (IE) | Any other ionization jumps |  |
|  | OR after the $\mathbf{6}^{\text {th }}$ |  |  |
|  | OR to the $\mathbf{7}^{\text {th }}$ |  |  |
|  | OR from 13327 to 71337 |  |  |
|  | OR <br> of 58010 |  |  |
|  | I GNORE |  |  |
|  | Additional jump identified between 4th and 5th (IE) if justified in terms of a change of sub-shell |  |  |
|  | OR |  |  |
|  | Additional jump identified between 4th and 5th (IE) if justified in terms of NOT being a change of shell |  |  |
|  | (1) |  |  |

(Total for Question 24 = 14 marks)
SECTION B = 60 marks
TOTAL FOR PAPER = 80 marks

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