

CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

Cambridge International Advanced Subsidiary and Advanced Level

MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2014 series**9701 CHEMISTRY****9701/34**Paper 3 (Advanced Practical Skills 2),
maximum raw mark 40

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

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Page 2	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	Cambridge International AS/A Level – October/November 2014	9701	34

Question	Indicative material	Mark	Total
1 (a)	<p>I The following data is shown</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> two burette readings for the rough titration titre for rough titration initial and final burette readings for two (or more) accurate titrations (<i>i.e.</i> 2×2 “box”) 	1	
	<p>II Appropriate headings and units for accurate titration and volume FB 1 added recorded for each accurate titre.</p> <p>Headings should match readings.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> initial/start and (burette) reading/volume final/end and (burette) reading/volume titre or volume/FB 1 and used/added unit/cm³ or (cm³) or in cm³ or cm³ for each entry 	1	
	<p>III All accurate burette readings are to the nearest 0.05 cm³. <i>The requirement to record to 0.05 applies to burette readings, including 0.00 cm³ (if this was the initial reading), but it does not apply to the titre.</i> Do not award this mark if:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 50.(00) is used as an initial burette reading more than one final burette reading is 50.(00) any burette reading is greater than 50.(00) 	1	
	<p>IV There are two uncorrected accurate titres within 0.10 cm³</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Do not include a reading if it is labelled “rough”. Do not award this mark if, having performed two titres within 0.10 cm³, a further titration is performed which is more than 0.10 cm³ from the closer of the initial two titres, unless a further titration, within 0.10 cm³ of any other, has also been carried out. Do not award the mark if any ‘accurate’ burette readings (apart from initial 0) are given to zero dp. 	1	
	<p>Examiner rounds any burette readings to the nearest 0.05 cm³ and then selects the ‘best’ titres using the hierarchy:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> two (or more) accurate identical titres (ignoring rough), then two (or more) accurate titres within 0.05 cm³, then two (or more) accurate titres within 0.10 cm³ etc. <p>These best titres are used to calculate the mean corrected titre to the nearest 0.01 cm³.</p>		
	<p>Award V, VI and VII if $\delta \leq 0.20$ (cm³) Award V and VI if $0.20 < \delta \leq 0.40$ Award V, only, if $0.40 < \delta \leq 0.80$ Spread penalty: if the two “best” (corrected) titres used by the Examiner were ≥ 0.50 cm³ apart, cancel one Q mark.</p>	1 1 1	[7]

Page 3	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	Cambridge International AS/A Level – October/November 2014	9701	34

Question	Indicative material	Mark	Total
(b)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Candidate averages two (or more) titres where the total spread is $\leq 0.20 \text{ cm}^3$. Working must be shown or ticks must be put next to the two (or more) accurate readings selected. The mean should be quoted to 2 dp, and be correctly rounded to nearest 0.01 cm^3. <p>Two special cases, where the mean need not be to 2 dp:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Allow mean to 3 dp only for 0.025 or 0.075 (e.g. 26.325 cm^3) Allow mean to 1 dp, if all accurate burette readings were given to 1 dp and the mean is exactly correct. <p>Note: the candidate's mean will sometimes be marked correct even if it was different from the mean calculated by the Examiner for the purpose of assessing accuracy.</p>	1	[1]
(c) (i)	Number of moles of KMnO_4 used = $0.0250 \times \frac{\text{(b)}}{1000}$	1	
(ii)	$2\text{KMnO}_4 + 5\text{H}_2\text{O}_2 + 3\text{H}_2\text{SO}_4 \rightarrow \text{K}_2\text{SO}_4 + 2\text{MnSO}_4 + 8\text{H}_2\text{O} + 5\text{O}_2$	1	
(iii) + (iv)	<p>(iii) number of moles of H_2O_2 (in 10 cm^3) = $2.5 \times \text{(i)}$</p> <p>(iv) number of moles of H_2O_2 (in 1.0 dm^3) = $100 \times \text{(iii)}$</p> <p>Allow ecf in (iii) to incorrect equation</p>	1	
(v)	Concentration in FB 3 = (iv) $\times 10$	1	
(c)	<p>Answers to parts (i), (iii), (iv) and (v) given to 3 or 4 sf</p> <p>A minimum of 3 answers is needed to qualify for the mark.</p> <p>All answers given must have appropriate sig figs.</p>	1	[5]
Qn 1		Total	[13]

Page 4	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	Cambridge International AS/A Level – October/November 2014	9701	34

Question	Indicative material	Mark	Total
2 (a)	<p>I Table of data, showing all of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> unambiguous headings (<i>ignore units</i>) four initial temperature four final temperatures four temperature rises correctly calculated <p><i>All data must be tabulated in the space provided on page 4.</i></p>	1	
	<p>II Recording of data</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> correct units 'covering' all temperature readings. all readings recorded to .0 or .5 °C, with at least one shown as .5 °C or .0 °C <p><i>Minimum of six temperatures required to qualify</i></p>	1	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Examiner checks Supervisor's subtraction for temperature rise for experiment 4. Examiner corrects thermometer readings to nearest .5 °C then subtracts. Examiner calculates the difference between the [corrected] candidate's and Supervisor's temperature rise for experiment 4. 		[5]
	<p>Award III if ΔT increases with increase in volume of FA 3. Experiment 4 Award IV if $\delta \leq 2.0$ °C Award V if $\delta \leq 1.0$ °C <i>If expt 4 was not carried out, examiners may award mark IV if experiment 3 is within 1.0 °C of Supervisor.</i></p>	1	
		1	
(b)	<p>I Suitable axes and scales to graph</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> both axes clearly labelled (units not required) temperature (rise) as y-axis suitable linear scales (<i>Points are plotted using more than half of the grid in both directions from (0,0). Must have at least one point plotted.</i>) 	1	
	<p>II Four points plotted clearly and correctly (All points plotted to within half a square and in the correct square for y-axis and on line for x-axis.)</p>	1	
	<p>III 0,0 point either plotted or used for line (within one small square)</p>	1	
	<p>IV Best fit line</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Minimum 4 points on the grid are needed. This may include (0,0) if plotted. Points above and below best fit line are "balanced". 	1	[4]
(c) (i)	<p>Correctly calculates temp rise per cm³ (gradient of straight line)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> All points from the best fit line must be correctly read to the nearest half square. Points used must differ by a minimum of two large squares, along each axis. 	1	

Page 5	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	Cambridge International AS/A Level – October/November 2014	9701	34

(ii)	Heat produced = $50 \times 4.2 \times$ temp rise calculated in (i)	1	[4]
(iii)	Number of moles of $\text{H}_2\text{O}_2 = 0.0010 \times \mathbf{1(c)(v)}$ (2, 3 or 4 sig fig)	1	
(iv)	Correct expression including negative sign and evidence of $\div 1000$ $\Delta H = - \frac{\mathbf{(ii)}}{1000 \times \mathbf{(iii)}} \text{ or correct answer}$	1	
(d)	The first experiment, because it has the smallest temperature rise so greatest % error or smallest volume of FA 3 / H_2O_2 so greatest % error. or The final experiment because it has the greatest heat loss. or Identifies experiment giving most anomalous point on graph.	1	[1]
Qn 2	Total		[14]

Page 6	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	Cambridge International AS/A Level – October/November 2014	9701	34

Question	Indicative material	Mark	Total
FB 6 is $(\text{NH}_4)_2\text{Fe}(\text{SO}_4)_2$; FB 7 is KI; FB 8 is HCl; FB 9 is AgNO_3			
3 (a)	(i) Green precipitate, insoluble in excess (NaOH)	1	
	(When mixture heated) gas/ ammonia turns (red) litmus blue	1	
	Either cation in FB 6 identified from correct observations <ul style="list-style-type: none"> iron(II)/Fe^{2+} Ammonium/NH_4^+ 	1	
	(ii) Both observations are correct <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Precipitate/solid goes brown/red-brown/rust Bubbles/fizzing/effervescence (<i>not "gas formed"</i>) 	1	
	Type of reaction and justification redox (or oxidation and reduction) with any of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> iron(II) ions converted to iron(III) ions hydrogen peroxide converted to oxygen colour change indicates different oxidation states or oxidation of Fe^{2+} to Fe^{3+} or reduction of H_2O_2 as Fe^{2+} oxidised/ Fe^{2+} changes colour or (catalytic) decomposition of H_2O_2 to give (H_2O and) O_2 or exothermic as heat is given out / temp increases	1	
	(iii) Yellow/orange/red-orange/brown/red-brown (not red) with FB 7 and black/blue-black/dark blue with starch	1	
	Both conclusions about FB 7 are correct <ul style="list-style-type: none"> cation – not known anion – iodide/I^- 	1	
			[7]
(b) (i)	Two observations for the Mg tests are correct. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Fizzing/bubbles/effervescence with FB 8 Black/dark grey (solid/precipitate) with FB 9 	1	
(b) (i)	Positive gas test performed and recorded: Gas/ H_2 (evolved from Mg + FB 8) pops with a lighted splint/ when ignited/when burned <i>Mark may also be credited for positive O_2 test in 3(a)(ii): gas/O_2 relights glowing splint/glowing splint glows brighter.</i>	1	
	Remaining three observations in the table are correct <ul style="list-style-type: none"> FB 7 + FB 8 – no reaction/no change FB 7 + FB 9 – (pale) yellow precipitate FB 8 + FB 9 – white precipitate 	1	
	(ii) Cation in FB 9 is silver/ Ag^+	1	

Page 7	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	Cambridge International AS/A Level – October/November 2014	9701	34

Question	Indicative material	Mark	Total
(iii)	$\text{Ag}^+ + \text{I}^- \rightarrow \text{AgI}$ (<i>ecf from FB 7+FB 9: cream ppt Br^-, white ppt Cl^-</i>) (<i>State symbols are not required but if given must be correct.</i>)	1	[6]
(iv)	FB 8 is hydrochloric acid / HCl (<i>Allow HBr from cream/off-white ppt in table with FB 8 + FB 9</i>)	1	
Qn 3		Total	[13]