

Cambridge Assessment International Education Cambridge International Advanced Subsidiary and Advanced Level

CHEMISTRY

9701/22 October/November 2017

Paper 2 AS Structured Questions MARK SCHEME Maximum Mark: 60

Published

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Cambridge International AS/A Level – Mark Scheme

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Question	Answer	
1(a)	$\begin{array}{c c} \hline Cl \\ Cl \\ Cl \\ Cl \\ trigonal planar \\ 120^{\circ} \end{array} \qquad \begin{array}{c c} Cl \\ Cl $	4
1(b)(i)	SiC14 simple / molecular AND Van der Waals' / id-id forces / London / dispersion forces / IMFs	1
	NaC <i>l</i> ionic OR giant	1
	bonding (in NaC <i>l</i>) strong <u>er</u> (than forces in SiC <i>l</i> ₄) owtte	1
1(b)(ii)	SiC1 ₄ has more electrons ORA	1
	stronger Van der Waals' / id-id forces / London / dispersion forces / IMFs	1
1(b)(iii)	ៈព៉ៈ ៈព៉ៈទុំៈទុំៈ ប៉ូះ	1

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		2017
Question	Answer	Marks
2(a)	-444	
2(b)(i)	(higher rate / rate increases) due to higher frequency of successful collisions	1
	more molecules / particles with $E \ge E_a$	1
2(b)(ii)	(percentage decomposition of PCl_5) increases	1
	(forward) reaction is endothermic	1
2(c)	rates of forward and reverse / backward reactions are equal	1
	closed / sealed system/container	1
2(d)(i)	$n_{\text{TOTAL}} = 1.20 + 0.80 + 0.80$ OR 2.80 (mol) OR mole fraction = 1.20/2.80 OR 0.429	1
	$pPCl_5 = 1 \times 10^5 \times (1.20/2.80) = 4.29 \times 10^4 (Pa)$	1
2(d)(ii)	$K_{\rm p} = \frac{\rho {\rm PC} l_3 \times \rho {\rm C} l_2}{\rho {\rm PC} l_5}$	1
2(d)(iii)	1.91×10^4	1
	Pa	1

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Question	Answer	Marks
3(a)	(IE) <u>decreases / lower</u> because increasing distance of outer electron(s) from nucleus OR increasing distance of outer / valence shell from nucleus OR increased shielding / screening (from inner shells)	1
	reduces nuclear attraction (for electrons)	1
3(b)(i)	(Melting point) increases / higher because (molecules have an) increasing (number of) electrons	1
	increasing strength / number / amount of IMFs / Van der Waals' / id-id / London / dispersion (forces)	1
3(b)(ii)	increased metallic / (cat)ionic radius / size OR decreasing (cat)ion charge-density	1
	decreased attraction (of ions) for delocalised / outer electrons	1
3(c)(i)	reaction 1: HNO ₃ or nitric((V)) acid	1
	reaction 2: water / H ₂ O	1
3(c)(ii)	barium oxide	1
	$2Ba + O_2 \rightarrow 2BaO$	1
3(c)(iii)	NO ₂ /nitrogen dioxide/nitrogen(IV) oxide AND O ₂ /oxygen	1
	(red / yellow-)brown gas OR gas given off that relights glowing splint	1
3(c)(iv)	white ppt / solid / suspension	1
	of BaSO ₄ / barium sulfate OR Mg(OH) ₂ / magnesium hydroxide	1
	BaSO ₄ is insoluble OR Mg(OH) ₂ is insoluble / partially / slightly / sparingly soluble	1

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Question			Answer	Marks
4(a)		concentrated H ₂ SO ₄ / H ₃ PO ₄ AND NaBr		5
	1	OR (red) P/Br ₂ OR HBr	substitution	
	2	aqueous / dilute NaOH / KOH	hydrolysis OR substitution	
	3	$\frac{c}{OR} \text{ Al}_2O_3 / P_4O_{10} / \text{pumice} / \text{porous pot} / SiO_2$	dehydration	
	4	(ethanolic) HBr	addition	
		4 marks for column 1 (one per row)	1 mark for col 2	
4(b)	 M1	Br ^θ Br ⁻ OH		3
		ect dipole on ^{δ+} C—Br ^{δ−} AND curly arrow fro	n C—Br bond to Br	
	M2 (correct intermediate with + charge		
	M3 (curly arrow from lone pair on $\stackrel{\Theta}{:}OH$ to C ⁺ of	arbocation	

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Question	Answer	Marks
4(c)(i)	(different molecules) same molecular formula / same numbers of atoms of each (type of) element	1
	different structural formulae / displayed formulae	1
	chain / skeletal functional group position(al) / regioisomerism two types correct = 1 mark, all three correct = 2 marks	2
4(c)(ii)	S _N /nucleophilic substitution	1
	no (stable) (carbo)cation / intermediate is formed	1
	only one alkyl group / fewer alkyl / methyl groups (compared to reaction 2) AND limited (+)I / inductive effect / less electron donating (effect)	1
4(d)(i)	mirror images are super(im)posable OR not chiral / no chirality / no chiral/asymmetric carbon/centre / achiral	1
	one or both C/end of double bond has identical groups / 2 methyl groups / 2 H (atoms)	1
4(d)(ii)	addition	1
	H ₃ C H I I H ₃ C H marking points: • correct number of tetravalent carbon atoms in backbone, with extension bonds • correct groups on backbone carbon atoms and only one repeat unit	2
4(d)(iii)	not/non- biodegradable / harmful combustion products	1

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Question	Answer	Marks
4(e)	2-bromo-2-methylpropane	1
	1-bromo-2-methylpropane	1