UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

GCE Advanced Subsidiary Level and GCE Advanced Level

MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2011 question paper for the guidance of teachers

9701 CHEMISTRY

9701/22

Paper 2 (AS Structured Questions), maximum raw mark 60

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

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Page	2	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper	
		GCE AS/A LEVEL – May/June 2011	9701	22	
	$\frac{1}{10} = \frac{C}{C}$ o units	$H_3CH_2R][H_20]$ $H_3CH_2H][ROH]$		(1) (1)	[2]
(b) (i)) <i>n</i> (Na	$aOH) = 22.5 \times 2.00 = 0.045$ 1000		(1)	
(ii)	<i>) n</i> (Na	aOH) = n(HCl) = 0.005		(1)	
(iii)) CH ₃ (CO ₂ H + NaOH → CH ₃ CO ₂ Na + H ₂ O		(1)	
(iv)	• `	aOH) = 0.045 - 0.005 = 0.04 v ecf on (i) and/or (ii)		(1)	[4]
(c) (i)		aOH) and $n(CH_3CO_2H) = 0.04$ H ₃ CO ₂ R) and $n(H_2O) = 0.06$		(1) (1)	
(ii)		$\frac{0.06 \times 0.06}{0.04 \times 0.04} = 2.25$			
		v ecf on wrong values in (b)(i) v ecf on wrong expression in (a)		(1)	[3]
E _a	for rear	action with ester is high or action with acid is low			
re	action v	with ester is slow or			

reaction with acid is fast

to maintain value of $K_{\rm c}$ or to restore system to equilibrium

(e) equilibrium moves to RHS/more ester would be formed

[Total: 12]

(1)

(1)

(1)

[1]

[2]

	Page 3	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version		Syllabus	Paper	
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2	(a)	CH ₂ =CH ₂ + HF	\rightarrow	CH₃CH₂F		

5 C-H bonds 4 C-H 1640 bonds 2050 1 C=C 1 C-C broken 610 made 350 /kJ mol ¹ 1 H-F /kJ mol ¹ 1 C-F 562 2812 (2400 + E)breaking reactant bonds requires $4 \times 410 + 610 + 562 = 2812 \text{ kJ mol}^{1}$ (1) making product bonds gives $5 \times 410 + 350 + E = (2400 + E) \text{ kJ mol}^{1}$ (1) $\Delta H^{\circ}_{\text{reaction}} = -(2400 + E) + 2812 = -73 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1}$ (1) $(2400 + E) = 2812 + 73 = 2885 \text{ kJ mol}^{1}$ $E = 2885 - 2400 = 485 \text{ kJ mol}^{1}$ (1)

allow ecf on wrong bond energy values and/or incorrect arithmetic

(b) any two from non-toxic unreactive

volatile

non-flammable

easily liquefied (1 + 1)[2]

(c) in CCl_2F_2

C-Cl bond energy is 340 kJ mol 1 and is weaker than C-F or C-H bonds (1) C-Cl bond is broken by uvl or

Ct free radicals are formed (1) [2]

(d) (i) the trapping of reflected heat from the Earth in the lower atmosphere producing global warming

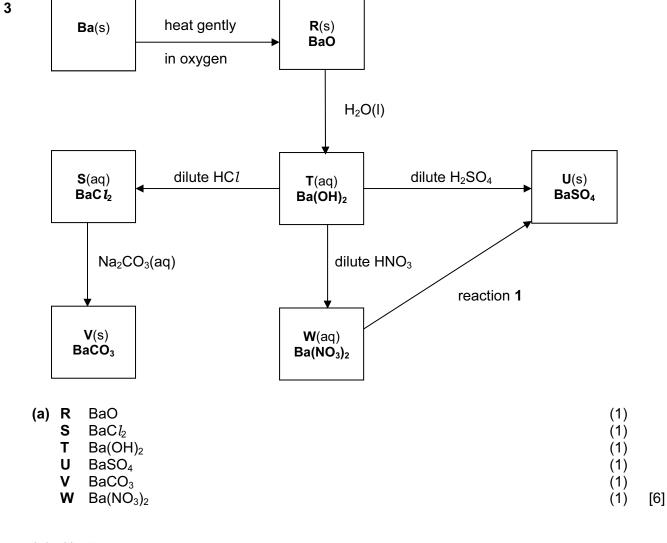
(ii) CO₂/carbon dioxide (1) [3]

(e) octahedral (1) [1]

[Total: 12]

[4]

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(b) (i) T to W

$$Ba(OH)_2 + 2HNO_3 \rightarrow Ba(NO_3)_2 + 2H_2O$$
 (1)

heat on
$$\mathbf{V}$$

BaCO₃ \rightarrow BaO + CO₂ (1)

(ii) T to V
$$CO_2$$
 (1) $Ba(OH)_2 + CO_2 \rightarrow BaCO_3 + H_2O$ (1) [4]

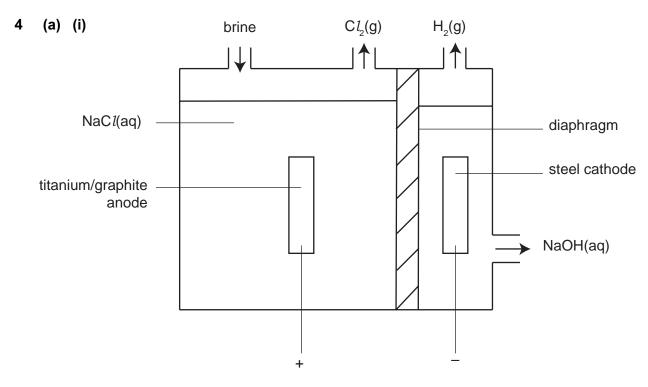
(c)
$$Na_2SO_4(aq)/K_2SO_4(aq)$$
 or any soluble sulfate (1) [1]

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(d) (i) Ba:O =
$$\frac{81.1}{137}$$
: $\frac{18.9}{16}$ (1)
= 0.59: 1.18
= 1: 2
gives BaO₂ (1)
(ii) BaSO₄ (1)

(iii) $BaO_2 + H_2SO_4 \to BaSO_4 + H_2O_2$ (1) [4]

[Total: 15]



(ii) anode
$$2Cl (aq) \to Cl_2(g) + 2e$$
 (1) cathode $2H^+(aq) + 2e \to H_2(g)$ or $2H_2O(l) + 2e \to H_2(g) + 2OH (aq)$ (1) [2]

(iii) sodium hydroxide (1) [1]

[Total: 7]

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5 (a) CH₂OCO(CH₂)₁₆CH₃ | CHOCO(CH₂)₁₆CH₃ | CH₂OCO(CH₂)₁₆CH₃

all three alcohol groups must be esterified

(1) [1]

(b) dilute HCl or dilute H₂SO₄ or dilute mineral acid or NaOH(aq) followed by dilute acid

(1) [1]

(c) $CH_3(CH_2)_7 \qquad H$ $C \longrightarrow C$ $(CH_2)_7CO_2H$

(1) [1]

(d) (i) fatty acid that contains more than one C=C bond

(1)

(ii) hydrogen nickel/Raney nickel/platinum/palladium

(1) (1) [3]

(e) (i) $CH_3(CH_2)_7CHO$ $OHC(CH_2)_7CX$ (1) (1)

(ii) 2,4-dinitrophenylhydrazine yellow/orange/red precipitate

(1) (1)

(iii) Tollens' reagent silver mirror/

or Fehling's/Benedict's solution

(1)

grey precipitate

or brick red ppt.

(1) [6]

(f) (i) two

(1)

(ii) ester

(1) [2]

[Total: 14]