| Question | Answer | Acceptable answers | Mark |
|----------|----------------------|--------------------|------|
| Number | | | |
| 1(a)(i) | (right) lung / lungs | | (1) |
| | | | |

| Question Number | Answer | Acceptable answers | Mark |
|--------------------|---|---|------|
| 1(a)(ii) | An explanation including two of the following: | | (2) |
| | blood flows into (right) atrium (1) | reject references to left for either atrium or ventricle. | |
| | (into right) ventricle (1) | | |
| | (ventricle / heart / muscle) contracts (1) | | |
| | (blood) pressure increased (by heart) (1) | accept blood under high pressure | |
| | blood moves into <u>pulmonary</u> artery (1) | | |
| | | accept reference to valves stopping back flow | |

| Question | Answer | | Acceptable answers | Mark |
|-----------|--------------------|-------|--------------------|------|
| Number | | | | |
| 1(a)(iii) | D vena cava | aorta | | (1) |
| | | | | |

| Question Number | Answer | Acceptable answers | Mark |
|--------------------|---|---|------|
| 1(a)(iv) | A description including two of the following: | | (2) |
| | blood in vessel W / vena cava has: | accept reverse arguments for blood vessel Y / aorta | |
| | lower pressure (1) | ignore low pressure accept low pressure in W and high pressure in Y | |
| | deoxygenated / low(er) concentration of oxygen (1) | accept low(er) oxygen levels | |
| | greater concentration of carbon dioxide (1) | accept carries carbon dioxide | |
| | darker (red) (1) | | |
| | | ignore W takes blood towards heart / Y takes blood away from heart | |

| Question | Answer | Acceptable answers | Mark |
|----------|--|--------------------|------|
| Number | | | |
| 1(b)(i) | 3 / x3 / three (times thicker) | | (1) |
| | Accept any number between 2.5 and 3 (times thicker). | | |

| Question Number | Answer | Acceptable answers | Mark |
|--------------------|---|---|------|
| 1(b)(ii) | An explanation including two of the following: | Accept reverse argument for right ventricle / chamber A. | (2) |
| | wall of { left ventricle / chamber B} is { more muscular / stronger / applies more force / more powerful} (1) | ignore left hand side pumps more blood than right hand side / pumps blood faster. | |
| | blood from left ventricle / chamber B is under higher pressure (than blood from right ventricle) (1) | | |
| | (as) blood needs to be { pushed / pumped / forced} through { more capillaries / whole body} (1) | | |

Total for Question 1 = 9 marks

| Question Number | Answer | Acceptable answers | Mark |
|--------------------|--|--------------------|------|
| 2(a)(i) | A comparison to include three of the following: | | |
| | the unfit person's heart rate is higher / faster(1) idea that both react in the same way eg both peak at ten minutes, both increase when they start exercising (1) heart rate increases more quickly (to maximum) (1) heart rate decreases more slowly (back to resting rate) (1) credit correct manipulated values obtained for heart rates (1) | ORA for fit person | (3) |

| Question Number | Answer | Acceptable answers | Mark |
|--------------------|--|---|------|
| 2(a)(ii) | Correct substitution i.e. 0.20 x 110 (1) 22 | Allow 2 marks for correct final bald answer ecf. Allow one mark if final value is correct for the substitution of a different heart rate from the graph, ie between 56 and 140 bpm. | (2) |

| Question Number | Answer | Acceptable answers | Mark |
|--------------------|--|--|------|
| 2 (a)(iii) | An explanation that includes: • the fit person recovers faster/ has a shorter recovery period (1) | ORA unfit person | |
| | and two of the following: Fit Person has | | |
| | greater { vital capacity / blood flow / stroke volume / cardiac output} (1) | Accept Heart pumps more blood / more red blood cells / haemoglobin | |
| | correct reference to less / no anaerobic respiration less /no lactic acid build up (1) lactic acid removed faster | Accept fit person only respires aerobically / unfit person does anaerobic respiration. | |
| | EPOC less / lower oxygen debt less oxygen to replace(1) | Accept unfit person has an oxygen debt /fit person has no oxygen debt | (3) |

| Question Number | Answer | Acceptable answers | Mark |
|--------------------|--|--------------------|------|
| 2 (b) | D pulmonary vein → atrium → ventricle → aorta | | (1) |

| Question Number | Answer | Acceptable answers | Mark |
|--------------------|------------|--------------------|------|
| 2 (c) | plasma (1) | | (1) |

(Total for question 2 = 10 marks)

| Question Number | Answer | Acceptable answers | Mark |
|--------------------|--|---|------|
| 3(a) | evaluation (1)30.4 ÷ 182Correct answer (1) | give full marks for bald correct answer, no working ecf | |
| | 0.167 / 0.17 / 0.2 (dm ³) | allow correct answer with full number of decimal points 0.1670329 | (2) |

| Question Number | Answer | Acceptable answers | Mark |
|--------------------|---|--|------|
| 3 (b) | An explanation linking three of the following points: • muscles working harder / contract faster (1) • need more energy (1) | | |
| | (aerobic) respiration (1) more / enough / faster delivery oxygen (1) | Ignore references to anaerobic respiration | |
| | more / enough / faster glucose (to muscles / body) (1) more / faster removal of | | |
| | carbon dioxide (1) | | (3) |

| Question Number | Answer | Acceptable answers | Mark |
|--------------------|--|---|------|
| 3(c) | A description including two of the following points: arteries / aorta transport blood away from heart (1) veins / vena cava transport blood to the heart (1) capillaries exchange / pass materials / named substance with tissues / cells (1) substances carried in plasma / oxygen carried in red blood cells (1) credit correct description of passage of blood through heart (1) | Ignore references to heart beating faster | |
| | | | (2) |

| Question Number | Answer | Acceptable answers | Mark |
|--------------------|--|---|------|
| 3(d) | Any two from the following: • less blood / not enough leaving heart / going round body (1) | Ignore references to heart beating faster / heart attacks and death | |
| | less oxygen (to the body) (1) fatigue/breathlessness/ faint / cannot run as fast (1) cramps / lactic acid build up / anaerobic respiration (1) | Accept less oxygenated blood Accept tired / less energy | (2) |

| Question | Answer | Acceptable answers | Mark |
|--------------|---------------|--------------------|------|
| Number | | | |
| 3 (e) | C lactic acid | | |
| | | | (1) |
| | | | |

| Question number | Answer | Mark |
|-----------------|--------|------|
| 4 (a)(i) | В | (1) |

| Question number | Answer | Mark |
|-----------------|---|------|
| 4(a)(ii) | to pump blood around the body under higher pressure | (1) |

| Question number | Answer | Mark |
|-----------------|---|------|
| 4(a)(iii) | An answer that combines the following points of understanding to provide a logical description: blood would flow backwards from the ventricle to the atrium/blood will leak through (1) less (oxygenated) blood would be pumped to the body (1) | (2) |

| Question | Answer | Mark |
|--------------|--|------|
| number | | |
| 4 (b) | An explanation that combines identification – application of knowledge (1 mark) and reasoning/justification – application of understanding (1 mark): the blood vessel has thick walls/small lumen (1) to carry oxygenated blood/to carry blood under higher pressure (1) | (2) |

| Question | Answer | Mark |
|----------|--|------|
| number | | |
| 4(c) | the fish heart has two chambers rather than four chambers (1) the fish heart only has one ventricle and one atrium rather than two ventricles and two atria (1) only deoxygenated blood flows through the fish heart (1) the fish heart shows a single circulatory system rather than a double circulatory system (1) | (4) |

(Total for question 4 = 10 marks)

| Question Number | Answer | Acceptable answers | Mark |
|--------------------|------------------------------|---|------|
| 5(a)(i) | aorta pulmonary artery valve | ignore any labels on the arrow allow an arrow coming out of the opening of pulmonary vein into heart | (1) |

| Question Number | Answer | Acceptable answers | Mark |
|--------------------|---|-----------------------------------|------|
| 5(a)(ii) | Any two from the following: • (blood in pulmonary artery) | accept reverse argument for aorta | |
| | deoxygenated (1) • (blood in pulmonary artery) | carrying less oxygen / no oxygen | |
| | lower pressure (1) | less force / slower | (2) |

| Question Number | Answer | Acceptable answers | Mark |
|--------------------|--|---|------|
| 5(a)(iii) | Any two from the following: | | |
| | prevent backflow (1) | description of backflow | |
| | • (from ventricle) into atrium (1) | ignore references to left atrium and deoxygenated blood | (2) |

| Question | Answer | Acceptable answers | Mark |
|----------|----------------------------|--------------------|------|
| Number | | | |
| 5(b)(i) | D – ventricle every minute | | (1) |
| | | | |

| Questi Numbe | | Indicative Content | Mark |
|-----------------|---------------|---|------|
| QWC | *5(b) (ii) | there will less blood flow (to the muscles) because less blood leaving the heart less oxygen (reaching muscle) less glucose (reaching muscle) reduced rate of aerobic respiration less energy released less carbon dioxide removed greater rate of anaerobic respiration glucose broken down without oxygen reduced muscle contraction build up of lactic acid (in muscle cells) causing cramp / fatigue | (6) |
| Leve I | 0 | No rewardable content | |
| 1 | 1 - 2 | a limited description of 2 effects of reduced cardiac output on muscle the answer communicates ideas using simple language and uses limited scientific terminology spelling, punctuation and grammar are used with limited accuracy | |
| 2 | 3 - 4 | a simple description of 4 or more effects of reduced cardiac output on muscle, but some steps maybe missing or out of sequence the answer communicates ideas showing some evidence of clarity and organisation and uses scientific terminology appropriately spelling, punctuation and grammar are used with some accuracy | |
| 3 | 5 - 6 | a detailed description of 6 or more effects of a reduced cardiac output on muscle, with the sequence largely in order and complete the answer communicates ideas clearly and coherently uses a range of scientific terminology accurately spelling, punctuation and grammar are used with few errors | |

(Total for question 5 = 12 marks)