

| Question number | Answer  | Notes  | Marks |
|-----------------|---|--|-------|
| 1 (a)           | purple;<br>(all) offspring are purple / no white;   |  | 2     |
| (b)             | separate from other flowers / pollen / insects / wind /<br>cover with bag / separate room;<br><br>transfer pollen by man / brush / eq;  |  | 2     |
| (c) (i)         | Ff      Ff;<br><br>F      f      F      f;<br><br>FF and Ff (and Ff) and ff; (allow homozygous dominant / heterozygous / homozygous recessive)<br><br>purple (purple purple) and white; | allow all marking points in Punnett square<br><br>allow other letters eg Pp or PW for heterozygote<br><br>if parents wrong allow ecf | 4     |
| (ii)            | 4.5:1 / 9:2 / 18:4 / 36:8;  | 4.5 alone = 0  | 1     |
| (iii)           | role of chance / probability / random (fertilisation);<br><br>small numbers / eq;<br>more purple pollen involved in fertilisation / eq;   |  | 2     |

| Question number | Answer   |              | Marks |
|-----------------|--|--------------|-------|
| 1 (d)           | <p>more purple pollen / less white pollen / eq;<br/>carried to other (purple) flowers;</p> <p>purple flowers (more likely to) reproduce / eq;<br/>allele for purple in passed on in seeds/offspring;</p> <p>more purple flowers;<br/>less white flowers;</p> <p>continues over generations / eq;</p> |              | 5     |
|                 |  | <b>Total</b> | 16    |

| Question number | Answer  | Notes | Marks |
|-----------------|---|-------|-------|
| 2               | DNA;<br>nucleus;<br>chromosomes;<br>thymine / T;<br>guanine / G;<br>mutation; |       | 6     |

**TOTAL 6 MARKS**

| Question number | Answer  | Notes   | Marks |
|-----------------|---|---|-------|
| 3 (a)           | 90 / tube 3 at 30 °C;<br><br>tube at 25 °C / tube at different temperature / miscounted / human error / different food / fertility / fecundity / eq;  | wrong anomalous result = 0 for question<br><br>ignore other numbers different | 2     |
| (b) (i)         | 10 male and 12 female;  |   | 1     |
| (ii)            | tube 4 at 35°C;   |   | 1     |
| (c)             | repeated / described replication / eq;<br><br>similar numbers / similar pattern / eq;   | similar results in all tubes = 2<br>five tubes had similar results = 2        | 2     |
| (d)             | less at 16 °C / less at lower temperatures / idea of increase / eq;<br><br>optimum at 25 °C / more at 25 °C;<br><br>less at 30 °C / 35 °C / less at higher temperatures / idea of decrease / eq;<br><br>none at 45 °C / eq;<br><br>enzymes; |   | max 3 |

| Question number | Answer  | Notes  | Marks |
|-----------------|---|--|-------|
| 4 (a)           | 1. male / father;<br>2. male is XY / heterogametic / sperm are X or Y;  | allow sperm are X and Y<br>allow converse                  | Max 2 |
| (b)             | 1. produces four cells / has two cell divisions;<br>2. produces haploid cells;<br>3. halves the chromosome number;<br>4. produces <u>genetic</u> variation / cells not <u>genetically</u> identical / eq;<br>5. produces gametes / sex cells / involved in sexual reproduction / eq;<br>6. takes place in gonads / ovaries / testes / sex organs; | allow converse for mitosis<br><br>3. ignore 23 chromosomes | Max 4 |

Total 6 marks

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|-----------------|--|--|-------|
| 5               | 1. the colder the place the bigger the mouse;<br>2. <u>variation</u> ;<br>3. (due to) <u>mutation</u> ;<br>4. bigger mice survive / survival / survival of the fittest / not killed <u>and</u> reproduce / breed / eq;<br>5. less heat loss / keep warm / insulation;<br>6. small(er) surface area to volume ratio;<br>7. pass on allele / gene; | Mp1 ignore fatter<br><br>Mp5 allow if in context of fur / fat<br><br>Allow converse for small mice | 5 max |

| Question number                  | Answer   | Notes   | Marks                                    |      |   |                                  |          |                      |              |              |           |                     |                  |  |   |
|----------------------------------|--|---|--|------|---|----------------------------------|----------|----------------------|--------------|--------------|-----------|---------------------|------------------|--|---|
| 6 (a)                            | <table border="1" data-bbox="434 319 1312 817"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="434 319 954 470">description</th> <th data-bbox="954 319 1312 470">number of people who fit the description</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="434 470 954 538">male</td> <td data-bbox="954 470 1312 538">7</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="434 538 954 606">female with Huntington's disease</td> <td data-bbox="954 538 1312 606">2 / two;</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="434 606 954 674">homozygous recessive</td> <td data-bbox="954 606 1312 674">11 / eleven;</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="434 674 954 742">heterozygous</td> <td data-bbox="954 674 1312 742">4 / four;</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="434 742 954 817">homozygous dominant</td> <td data-bbox="954 742 1312 817">0 / zero / none;</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> | description   | number of people who fit the description | male | 7 | female with Huntington's disease | 2 / two; | homozygous recessive | 11 / eleven; | heterozygous | 4 / four; | homozygous dominant | 0 / zero / none; |  | 4 |
| description                      | number of people who fit the description   |   |  |      |   |                                  |          |                      |              |              |           |                     |                  |  |   |
| male                             | 7  |   |  |      |   |                                  |          |                      |              |              |           |                     |                  |  |   |
| female with Huntington's disease | 2 / two;   |   |  |      |   |                                  |          |                      |              |              |           |                     |                  |  |   |
| homozygous recessive             | 11 / eleven;   |   |  |      |   |                                  |          |                      |              |              |           |                     |                  |  |   |
| heterozygous                     | 4 / four;  |   |  |      |   |                                  |          |                      |              |              |           |                     |                  |  |   |
| homozygous dominant              | 0 / zero / none;   |   |  |      |   |                                  |          |                      |              |              |           |                     |                  |  |   |
| (b)                              | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. A parent XY and B parent XX;</li> <li>2. gametes X and X and X and Y;</li> <li>3. offspring half XY and male and half XX and female;</li> </ol>  | <p>correct Punnett square = 3</p> <p>use of other letters allow max 1 for correct gametes and correct offspring</p> | 3  |      |   |                                  |          |                      |              |              |           |                     |                  |  |   |

(Total for Question 5 = 7 marks)