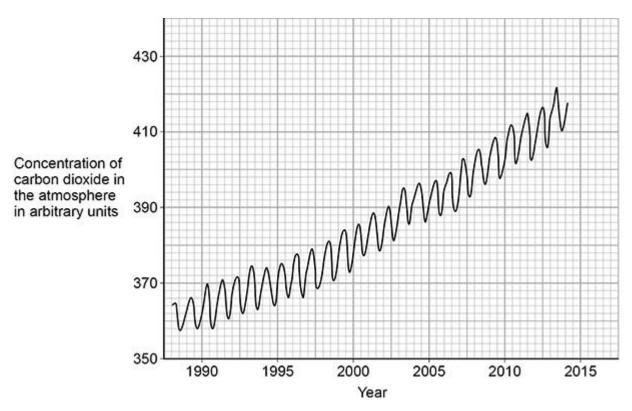
Questions are for both separate science and combined science students unless indicated in the question

Q1.

Scientists are very concerned about the changes in concentration of carbon dioxide in the Earth's atmosphere.

The graph below shows the concentration of carbon dioxide in the atmosphere between 1988 and 2014.



(a) Describe **two** patterns shown in the graph above.

Use data from the graph above in your answer.

1			
2			

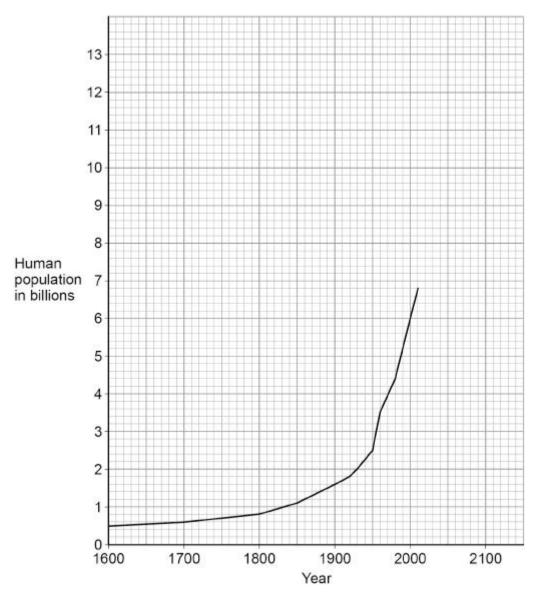
(4)

1	
'	
2	
The tre	end shown in the graph above may continue for many years.
Explaii atmos	n what effect the changing concentration of carbon dioxide in the ohere could have on living organisms.

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Q2.

The graph below shows the human population from 1600 to 2010.



In 1900 the human population was 1.6 billion.

(a)	Calculate how many times greater the human population was in the year 2000 compared with the year 1900.

Number of times greater = _

(2)

In 1950 the human population was 2.5 billion. Calculate the mean annual increase in the human population between 1900 and 1950. Mean annual increase =	
	Mean annual increase = billion per yea
You s	hould draw an extrapolation line on the graph above.
	Predicted human population =
The ir	ncreasing human population has caused a decline in fish stocks.
Desci level.	ribe how fishing quotas can help to return fish stocks to a sustainable (separate only)
- armi	ng techniques have changed in recent years.
Desci	
•	,

_	
_	
_	
_	
	Genetic modification of crop plants can help meet the demands of the ncreasing human population.
(Golden rice is a genetically modified (GM) crop.
١	What is the advantage of golden rice compared with non-GM rice?
1	Tick (✓) one box.
	Golden rice contains protein-rich mycoprotein
	Golden rice has improved nutritional value
	Golden rice produces human insulin
	Suggest one reason why some people are concerned about the use of golden rice.

Q3.

Figure 1 shows a flightless bird called the dodo (*Raphus cucullatus*).





The dodo:

- was 1 m tall
- had a mass of 20 kg
- lived in rainforests on a tropical island
- ate fruits
- made its nest on the ground.

A female dodo laid only one egg each year.

Humans arrived on the island in the year 1507. By 1681 the dodo was extinct.

(a) What is the genus of the dodo?

Tick (\checkmark) one box.

Animal	
Bird	
Raphus	

(1)

(b) Before the arrival of humans, there were no other large animals living on the island.

1		
2		
humans are	cutting down la	ge areas of tropical rainforests.
	-	•
suggest one u	se of the land a	fter the trees have been removed.
Why does the	romoval of trace	s cause an increase in carbon dioxide in the
atmosphere?	emoval of trees	s cause an increase in carbon dioxide in the
Γick (√) two b	oxes.	
There are few	er animals.	
There is less	ohotosynthesis.	
There is less i	espiration.	
	оор с	
The soil dries	out.	
The trees are	burned.	
		in carbon dioxide in the atmosphere have or
global air temp	erature?	
Tick (✓) one b	ox.	
Decrease		
Increase		

(2)

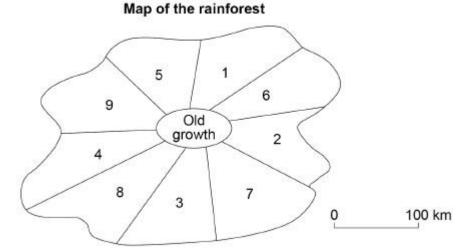
Stay the same	
	(1)

'Sustainable forestry' reduces the harmful effects of cutting down trees on the environment.

Figure 2 shows a method of 'sustainable forestry'.

Numbers 1–9 show different parts of a rainforest.

Figure 2



The trees are cut down in the sequence 1-2-3-4-5-6-7-8-9

- The trees are cut down in only one area at any one time.
- It takes 30 years to cut down the trees in each area.
- The trees in the 'Old growth' area are never cut down.
- (f) How many years would it take to cut down the trees in all of the numbered areas in Figure 2?

 Number of years =

- (g) The rainforest contains:
 - 750 species of trees
 - 400 species of birds

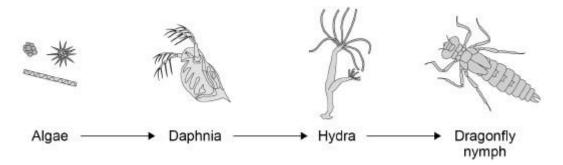
- 150 species of butterflies
- many other species of plants and animals.

diversity of the rainforest being reduced.	
	(Total 13

Q4.

Figure 1 shows a food chain in a pond.

Figure 1



(a) Which term describes the Daphnia in this food chain?

Tick (✓) one box.

	Apex predator		
	Primary consumer		
	Producer		
	Secondary consumer		(1)
(b)	Draw a pyramid of bioma	ass for the food chain.	
	Label each trophic level.	(separate only)	
			(2)
(c)		e total biomass of the Daphnia in the pond is omass of the algae. (separate only)	. ,
			(1)
Stud	lents investigated the size	of the population of Daphnia in the pond.	
This	is the method used.		

- 1. Collect 1 dm³ of pond water from near the edge of the pond.
- 2. Pour the water through a fine net.
- 3. Count the number of Daphnia caught in the net.
- 4. Repeat steps 1–3 four more times.

The table below shows the results.

Sample number	Number of Daphnia in 1 dm ³ water
1	5
2	21
3	0
4	16
5	28

	5 28	
(d)	Calculate the mean number of Daphnia in 1 m ³ of pond water.	
	$1 \text{ m}^3 = 1000 \text{ dm}^3$	
		_
		_
		_
ľ	Mean number of Daphnia in 1 m³ of pond water =	
(e)	The pond was a rectangular shape, measuring:	(2)
	• length = 2.5 metres	
	• width = 1.5 metres	

- (€
 - depth = 0.5 metres.

Calculate the estimated number of Daphnia in the pond.

Use your answer from part (d).

Give your answer in standard form.

	•
	•
Number of Daphnia in the pond =	
	(4)

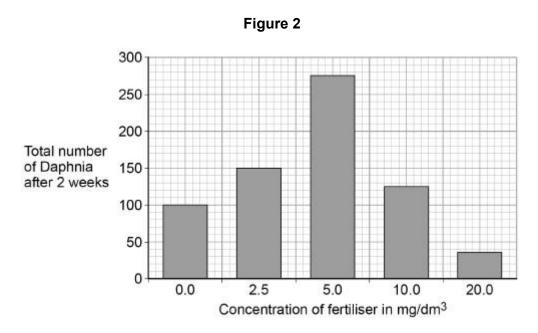
Rainfall can cause fertiliser to be washed from farmland into a pond.

The students investigated the effect of fertiliser on the population of Daphnia in water from the pond.

- The students put 20 Daphnia in each of five different concentrations of fertiliser.
- The students counted the total number of Daphnia in each concentration of fertiliser after 2 weeks.

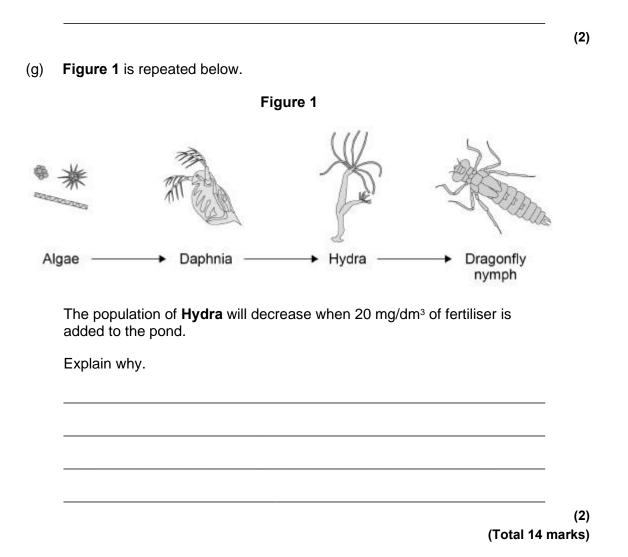
Figure 2 shows the results.

(f)



population of Daphnia.	· ·
Explain why.	

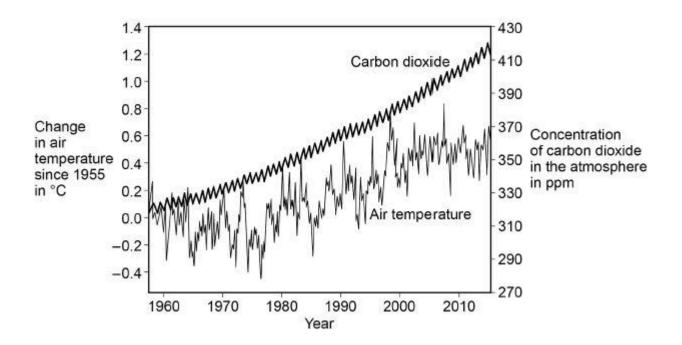
A concentration of 5.0 mg/dm³ of fertiliser caused a large increase in the



Q5.

Many scientists think that global air temperature is related to the concentration of carbon dioxide in the atmosphere.

The graph below shows changes in global air temperature and changes in the concentration of carbon dioxide in the atmosphere.



Complete the table below. (a)

Use information from the graph above.

Choose answers from the box.

You may use each answer once, more than once or not at all.

constant	decreasing	increasing	
	1960 – 1977	1977 – 2003	2003 - 2015
Trend in carbon dioxide concentration	Increasing		
Trend in air temperature			
			(2)

Many scientists think that an increase in carbon dioxide concentration in the atmosphere causes an increase in air temperature.

(b)	How would an increase in the concentration of carbon dioxide in the atmosphere cause an increase in air temperature?

(1)

(c) Evaluate evidence for and against the theory that an increase in the

_	
	ch year, the concentration of carbon dioxide in the atmosphere is higher in inter than in the summer.
	Give one human activity that could cause the higher concentration of carbon dioxide in the winter.
	Give one biological process that could cause the lower concentration of

1	1	١
١	•	J

(f) Give **two** possible effects of an increase in global air temperature on living organisms.

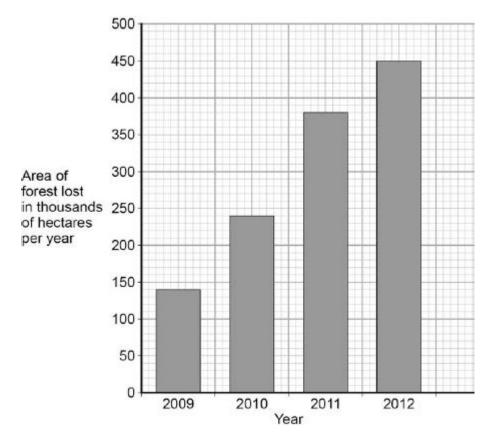
1.		

2.			

(2) (Total 11 marks)

Q6.

The graph below shows the area of forest lost in Madagascar from 2009 to 2012.



(a) The area of forest lost each year in Madagascar increased between 2009 and 2012.

Determine the total area of forest lost from the start of 2009 to the end of 2012.

To	tal area of forest los	t =	thousand hectares
What are the possi year between 2009		change in the a	rea of forest lost per
Tick two boxes.			
The local people s	top growing rice		
Fewer new houses	s are needed for the	population	
The local people of	lecided to farm cattle	Э	
More trees have b	een planted		
A company starts	growing plants for bi	iofuels	
More forest was los	st in 2012 than in 20	09.	
Use words from the	e box to complete the	e sentences.	
carbon dioxide	excretion	nitrogen	
oxygen	photosynthesis	respiration	
The increase in the	area of forest lost h	nas caused an i	ncrease in the gas
The increase of this	s gas has been caus	sed because le	ss of the gas is being
absorbed by plants	for the process of _		
Deforestation can I	nave negative effect	s on our ecosys	stems.
What are the negati	tive effects of defore	station?	
Tick two boxes.			
Animals and birds food	migrate because the	ere is less	

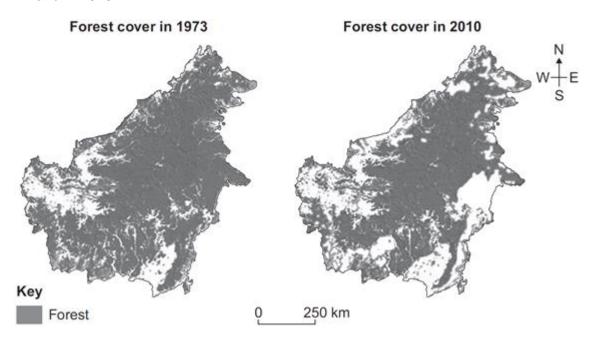
	More habitats are des	troyed		
	There is less acid rain	ı		
	There is more biodive	rsity		
	The global temperature	re decreases		
				(2)
(e)	Scientists try to reduce ecosystems.	the negative effect	s of human activity on our	
	One way is to protect r	are habitats.		
			tive effects of human activity on	
				_
			(Total 8	_ (1) } marks)
			(10141)	, marko,
7.				
	an activity affects ecosy	vstems.		
(a)			the effect on ecosystems.	
ı	Human activity		Effect on ecosystems	
		Inc		
			in the atmosphere	
Inc	rease in rice fields		in the atmosphere	
Inc	rease in rice fields			
Inc	rease in rice fields		creases the amount of carbon oxide that is released into the	_]
Inc	rease in rice fields		creases the amount of carbon	
	rease in rice fields		creases the amount of carbon oxide that is released into the	
	7. Hum (a)	There is less acid rain There is more biodive The global temperatur (e) Scientists try to reduce ecosystems. One way is to protect reduce our ecosystems. Give one other way of our ecosystems.	ecosystems. One way is to protect rare habitats. Give one other way of reducing the negation our ecosystems. Human activity affects ecosystems. (a) Draw one line from each human activity to Human activity	There is less acid rain There is more biodiversity The global temperature decreases (e) Scientists try to reduce the negative effects of human activity on our ecosystems. One way is to protect rare habitats. Give one other way of reducing the negative effects of human activity on our ecosystems. (Total 8) Human activity affects ecosystems. (a) Draw one line from each human activity to the effect on ecosystems. Human activity Effect on ecosystems

(2)

(b)	(i)	Deforestation also affects the atmosphere.	
		Give two reasons why deforestation takes place.	
		1	
		2	
			(2)
	(ii)	Changes in the gases in our atmosphere can cause global warming.	
		Give two possible effects of a rise in the Earth's temperature.	
		1	
		2	
			(2)
		(Total 6 m	

Q8.

The figure below shows the amount of forest cover on an island in Asia, in 1973 and in 2010.



(a) (i) Deforestation has decreased the amount of forest cover on the island.

(ii)	Give two possible reasons why the amount of forest has decreased
	between 1973 and 2010. 1.
	2.
Scie	entists are concerned about the effects of a decrease in forest cover on
ecos Give	entists are concerned about the effects of a decrease in forest cover on systems. e two possible negative effects of the decrease in forest cover on systems.
ecos Give	e two possible negative effects of the decrease in forest cover on

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