

- M1.** (a) methane is produced  
*ignore bad smell* 1
- which is a greenhouse gas / causes global warming 1
- (b)  $(9.80 / 0.20 = 49 \text{ therefore})$  49:1 1
- (c) horse (manure)  
*allow ecf from 11.2*
- closest to 25:1 (ratio) 1
- (d) **Level 3 (5–6 marks):**  
A detailed and coherent explanation is given, which logically links how carbon is released from dead leaves and how carbon is taken up by a plant then used in growth.
- Level 2 (3–4 marks):**  
A description of how carbon is released from dead leaves and how carbon is taken up by a plant, with attempts at relevant explanation, but linking is not clear.
- Level 1 (1–2 marks):**  
Simple statements are made, but no attempt to link to explanations.
- 0 marks:**  
No relevant content.
- Indicative content**
- statements:**
- (carbon compounds in) dead leaves are broken down by microorganisms / decomposers / bacteria / fungi
  - photosynthesis uses carbon dioxide
- explanations:**
- (microorganisms) respire

- (and) release the carbon from the leaves as carbon dioxide
- plants take in the carbon dioxide released to use in photosynthesis to produce glucose

**use of carbon in growth:**

- glucose produced in photosynthesis is used to make amino acids / proteins / cellulose
- (which are) required for the growth of new leaves

6

(e) any **three** from:

(storage conditions)

- (at) higher temperature / hotter
- (had) more oxygen
- (had) more water / moisture
- (contained) more microorganisms (that cause decay)

*allow reference to bacteria / fungi / mould*

3

[13]

M2. (a)	(i)	A lung	1
		B rib	1
		C diaphragm	1
		D alveolus / alveoli	1
	(ii)	(B moves) up(wards) / out / up and out	1
		(C moves) down(wards) / flattens <i>do not allow inwards</i> <i>ignore outwards</i> <i>if neither mark gained allow 1 mark for correct reference to muscle contraction</i>	1
(b)	(i)	1640	1
		1440	1
		1720 <i>allow max 1 for 3 correct values using of bottom of piston:</i> <i>1380 + 1180 + 1480 to 1485</i>	1
	(ii)	1600 <i>correct answer gains 2 marks</i> <i>if answer incorrect allow 1 mark for evidence of</i> <i>(1640 + 1440 + 1720) ÷ 3</i> <i>allow ecf from (b)(i)</i> <i>allow use of two numbers divided by two if one is considered anomalous:</i> $\frac{(1640 + 1720)}{2} = 1680$ <i>for 2 marks</i>	2

- (c) two groups of students – one group sports activity participants, other not  
*allow students as a group* 1
- fair test eg groups same height / same mass / same sex 1
- measure air breathed in by each student / repeat previous experiment then  
calculate mean for group 1
- (d) pointer remains still after breathing / cylinder will move down after breathing  
 (in) 1
- error reading volume less likely  
*allow more accurate / reliable* 1
- (e) (i) operator squeezes bag 1
- air forced / pushed into lungs
- or**
- positive pressure ventilator 1
- (ii) any **two** from:
- air pressure / volume not regulated
  - operator will tire / must be present at all times / variable intervals
  - too much / too little air  
*allow may 'overbreathe' the patient*
- 2

[20]

M3. (a) A

*no mark - can be specified in reason part  
if B given - no marks throughout  
if unspecified + 2 good reasons = 1 mark*

high(er) pressure in A

*allow opposite for B*

*do **not** accept 'zero pressure' for B*

pulse / described in A

*accept fluctuates / 'changes'*

*allow reference to beats / beating*

*ignore reference to artery pumping*

2

(b) (i) 17

1

(ii) 68

*accept correct answer from student's (b)(i) × 4*

1

(c) oxygen / oxygenated blood

*allow adrenaline*

*ignore air*

glucose / sugar

*extra wrong answer cancels - eg sucrose / starch / glycogen  
/ glucagon / water*

*allow fructose*

*ignore energy*

*ignore food*

2

[6]

M4. (a) anaerobic respiration  
*allow phonetic spelling* 1

(b) (i) 4.4  
4.2, 4.3, 4.5 or 4.6 with figures in tolerance (6.7 to 6.9 and 2.3 to 2.5) and correct working gains 2 marks  
4.2, 4.3, 4.5 or 4.6 with no working shown or correct working with one reading out of tolerance gains 1 mark  
correct readings from graph in the ranges of 6.7 to 6.9 and 2.3 to 2.5 but no answer / wrong answer gains 1 mark 2

(ii) more energy is needed / used / released  
*do not allow energy production*  
(at 14 km per hour)  
*ignore work* 1

not enough oxygen (can be taken in / can be supplied to muscles)  
*allow reference to oxygen debt*  
*do not allow less / no oxygen* 1

so more anaerobic respiration (to supply the extra energy) **or** more glucose changed to lactic acid  
*allow not enough aerobic respiration* 1

[6]

M5. (a)  $6\text{H}_2\text{O}$

*in the correct order*

1

$\text{C}_6\text{H}_{12}\text{O}_6$

1

(b) (i) control

**do not accept** 'control variable'

allow:

*to show the effect of the organisms*

**or**

*to allow comparison*

**or**

*to show the indicator doesn't change on its own*

1

(ii) snail respire

1

releases  $\text{CO}_2$

1

(iii) turns yellow

1

plant can't photosynthesise so  $\text{CO}_2$  not used up

1

but the snail (and plant) still respire so  $\text{CO}_2$  produced

1

[8]