



Mark Scheme (Results)

Summer 2015

Pearson Edexcel GCSE in Biology (5BI3H/01) Unit 3: Using Biology



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General Marking Guidance

- All candidates must receive the same treatment. Examiners must mark the first candidate in exactly the same way as they mark the last.
- Mark schemes should be applied positively. Candidates must be rewarded for what they have shown they can do rather than penalised for omissions.
- Examiners should mark according to the mark scheme not according to their perception of where the grade boundaries may lie.
- There is no ceiling on achievement. All marks on the mark scheme should be used appropriately.
- All the marks on the mark scheme are designed to be awarded. Examiners should always award full marks if deserved, i.e. if the answer matches the mark scheme. Examiners should also be prepared to award zero marks if the candidate's response is not worthy of credit according to the mark scheme.
- For questions worth more than one mark, the answer column shows how partial credit can be allocated. This has been done by the inclusion of part marks eg (1).
- Where some judgement is required, mark schemes will provide the principles by which marks will be awarded and exemplification may be limited.
- When examiners are in doubt regarding the application of the mark scheme to a candidate's response, the team leader must be consulted.
- Crossed out work should be marked UNLESS the candidate has replaced it with an alternative response.
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Quality of Written Communication

Questions which involve the writing of continuous prose will expect candidates to:

- Write legibly, with accurate spelling, grammar and punctuation in order to make the meaning clear
- Select and use a form and style of writing appropriate to purpose and to complex subject matter
- Organise information clearly and coherently, using specialist vocabulary when appropriate.

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
1(a)(i)	B ⊠ arrow head		(1)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
1(a)(ii)	A suggestion including two of the following		(2)
	hunting/fighting/defence (1)	accept weapons	
	{preparing/ cooking/foraging for} food (1)	accept skinning animals for food/scrapping bones	
	making clothes (1)	accept skinning for clothes	
	construction of { shelters/new tools/sharpening tools} (1)	accept chopping wood	
	making fire (1)		

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
1(b)	An explanation linking two of the following		(2)
	higher abundance (1)	accept easier to extract	
	more stable over time/less susceptible to decay (1)		
	high mutation rate (1)		
	inheritance down female line (1)	accept idea of maternal inheritance	
		accept no recombination (1)	

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
1(c)	A description including two of the following		(2)
	show changes in body structure (1)	accept development of named structural changes	
	changes in stone tools (1)		
	a specific example eg Ardi/Lucy/ <i>Homo erectus</i> (1)		

Total for Question 1 = 7 marks

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
2(a)(i)	an increase in cases until October and then a decrease (in the number of cases) (1)	accept an increase in cases till November when it decreases	(1)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
2(a)(ii)	1320 (1)	2 marks for correct answer	(2)
	1320 - 168 = 1152		

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
2(b)	exponential (growth)	log / logarithmic (growth)	(1)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
2(c)	A suggestion including two of the following		(2)
	not everyone has been immunised (1)	accept no herd immunity	
	immigration introduces people who are not immunised (1)		
	immunisation not fully effective (1)	accept bacteria mutates (making immunisation ineffective)	
	immunity can decrease with age (1)	accept immunity requires boosters/loss of memory lymphocytes	

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
2(d)	A description including the following		(3)
	(immunisation) introduces an antigen/(immunisation) causes an immune response (1)	accept immune system recognises an antigen (in the immunisation)	
	(B) lymphocytes (1)	ignore white blood cells	
	production of antibodies (1)		
	(the production of) <u>memory</u> <u>lymphocytes</u> (1)		

Total for Question 2 = 9 marks

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
3(a)	A description to include three of the following		(3)
	selection of individuals with {favourable characteristics/largest cobs}/collect seeds from plants with large cobs (1)		
	cross breeding (of selected individuals)/plant seeds together (from maize with large cobs) (1)	accept selective breeding	
	selection of offspring (1)		
	repeat process over time (1)		

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
3(b)	An explanation including two of the following		(2)
	reduce number of pests (1)	accept kill pests/insects/named pest/deters animals reject predators	
	reduced damage to crop/maize (1)		
	increased yield (1)		
	OR		
	kills weeds (1)		
	reduces competition for {light/space/named resource}(1)		
	increased yield (1)		

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
3(c)	A discussion to include a maximum of two from Advantages:		(4)
	removes CO2 when growing (1)	accept carbon neutral reject CO ²	
	less use of {fossil fuels/named fuel} (1)		
	reduced SO ₂ emissions (1)	reject SO ²	
	renewable / can be regrown quickly /sustainable (1)		
	A discussion to include a maximum of two from Disadvantages:		
	reduced food production (1)	accept deforestation	
	takes up land (1)		
	reduced biodiversity (1)		
	crop growth is weather dependent (1)		
		ignore references to cost and energy content	

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
3(d)	A 🛛 Agrobacterium tumefaciens		(1)

Total for Question 3 = 10 marks

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
4 (a)(i)	A 🗵 FSH		(1)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
4(a)(ii)	An explanation linking two of the following		(2)
	more than one egg {released / fertilised }(1)		
	multiple birth / pregnancy (1)		
	increased risk of complications for mother/babies (1)		
	OR		
	women affected by side effects (1)	accept headaches, mood swings, nausea, abdominal pain, diarrhoea, weight gain	
	treatment has to be stopped reducing chance of pregnancy (1)		
		ignore references to cost	

Question	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
Number			
4 (a)(iii)	D 🗵 progesterone		(1)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
4(b)(i)	An explanation linking three from the following		(3)
	urine sample (1)		
	coloured bead attached to a (mobile monoclonal) antibody (1)		
	antibody { specific to/detects/binds to} { hormone/hCG} (1)	accept named female sex hormones	
	immobile antibody at test strip (1)		
	colour accumulates in positive test window (1)		

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
4(b)(ii)	An explanation linking two of the following		(2)
	chemotherapy/radiotherapy drug attached to the monoclonal antibody (1)		
	less use of the drug (1)		
	only binds to cancer cells /doesn't target normal cells (1)		
	reduces side effects/named side effects (1)		
		monoclonal antibody binds to { tumour markers/cancer antigens } (1)	

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
4(b)(iii)	hybridoma (cell)		(1)

Total for Question 4 = 10 marks

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
5(a)(i)	(5.2 + 2.8 + 4.9 + 3.5 =) 16.4 (1) (16.4/4 =) 4.1	two marks for correct answer	(2)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
5(a)(ii)	A suggestion including two of the following		(2)
	variation in human population/different body sizes (1)	accept genetic variation	
	hydration level (1)	accept fluid / food intake / level of exercise	
	salt intake (1)		
	drug influence (1)		
		accept levels vary depending on the time of day (1)	

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
5(a)(iii)	C ⊠ pituitary gland		(1)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
5(a)(iv)	dehydration / thirst / increased volume of urine	accept dilute urine/frequent urination/tiredness/dizzy/headache	(1)

Questi Numbe		Indicative Content	Mark
QWC	*5(b)	 An explanation to include some of the following points negative feedback Hydration increased water/decreased salt in blood detected by hypothalamus acts on the pituitary gland decreased release of ADH decreased permeability of collecting duct/renal tubules/nephron less re-absorption of water Increased volume of urine Dehydration decreased water/increase salt in blood detected by hypothalamus acts on the pituitary gland increased release of ADH 	(6)
Leve I	0	No rewardable content	
1	1 - 2	 a limited explanation of increase in ADH OR decrease in AD the role of the pituitary gland, hypothalamus or negative feating the release of ADH the answer communicates ideas using simple language and limited scientific terminology spelling, punctuation and grammar are used with limited actions. 	edback uses
2	3 - 4	 a simple explanation of both ADH increase and decrease OI detailed explanation of either an increase or decrease the answer communicates ideas showing some evidence of and organisation and uses scientific terminology appropriate spelling, punctuation and grammar are used with some accurate. 	R a clarity ely
3	5 - 6	 a detailed explanation of both ADH increase and decrease including mention of permeability of the renal tubules and rettee hypothalamus or pituitary gland the answer communicates ideas clearly and coherently uses range of scientific terminology accurately spelling, punctuation and grammar are used with few errors 	а

Total for Question 5 = 12 marks

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
6(a)(i)	D ⊠ 25.0 %		(1)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
6(a)(ii)	An explanation linking the following		(2)
	to lower cholesterol levels/the man's cholesterol level exceeds government recommended levels (1)	accept the man's cholesterol level is 6 (mmol per dm ³)	
	(mycoprotein) lower in {fat / saturated fat} / mycoprotein contains {no/less} cholesterol (1)		
	which reduces chances of heart attack / stroke / named health condition (1)	accept atherosclerosis/stroke/angina ignore heart disease/heart problems	

Question Number	A description	Acceptable answers	Mark
6(b)	A description including three of the following		(3)
	use of fermenter (1)		
	<i>Fusarium</i> (fungus) (1)		
	supplied with {sugar source/ammonia/oxygen} (1)	ignore air ignore nutrients	
	maintain optimal conditions / aseptic conditions/without stirring (1)	accept named conditions e.g. pH, temperature ignore references to paddles stirring	
	(after growth) processed to produce mycoprotein (1)		

Question Number		Indicative Content	Mark
QWC	* 6(c)	 An explanation including some of the following points Data trends pH of milk is 6.8 pH reduces to pH 4.5 in 6 hours at 40°C pH reduces to pH 4.5 in 9 hours at 20°C pH not significantly reduces at 60°C Interpretation fermentation faster at the optimum temperature optimum temperature for bacteria growth at 40°C enzymes more active at optimum temperature no fermentation/bacteria killed/enzymes denature at high temperatures Yogurt production lactose in the milk converted into lactic acid by bacteria/named bacteria reduces pH thickens/clots/coagulates the milk 	(6)
Level	0	No rewardable content	L
1	1 - 2	 a limited explanation of the data OR the interpretation of the data OR the production of yogurt e.g. At 60°C the pH does not decrease or bacteria causes the milk to thicken the answer communicates ideas using simple language and uses limited scientific terminology spelling, punctuation and grammar are used with limited accuracy 	
2	3 - 4	 a simple explanation of the data trends linked to the interpretation OR a detailed description of the production of yogurt the answer communicates ideas showing some evidence of clarity and organisation and uses scientific terminology appropriately spelling, punctuation and grammar are used with some accuracy 	
3	5 - 6	 a detailed explanation of the data/interpretation linked to the production of yogurt including the production of lactic acid causing the decrease in pH the answer communicates ideas clearly and coherently uses a range of scientific terminology accurately spelling, punctuation and grammar are used with few errors 	

Total for Question 6 = 12 marks