

Mark Scheme (Results)

Summer 2014

Pearson Edexcel GCSE in Biology (5BI2H) Paper 01



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Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
1(a)(i)	nucleus (1)		(1)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
1(a)(ii)	C In DNA, the bases A - T are complementary		(1)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
1(b)	 A definition including two of the following: a sperm fuses with egg / penetrates the egg (1) nuclei/genetic information fuses /combines (1) reference to haploid gametes /gametes have 23 chromosomes (1) reference to cell made being diploid / has 23 pairs of chromosomes / zygote formed (1) 	Ignore sperm meets egg	(2)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
1(c)(i)	A description that includes the following:		
	 (aerobic) respiration / using glucose / using oxygen (1) 		
	 energy released (for movement / swimming / metabolism)(1) 		(2)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
1(c)(ii)	An explanation including two of the following:		
	 a change in a base/base sequence/order of bases / a change in mRNA (1) 	Accept codon, triplet, genetic code for base.	
	 named change e.g. addition/deletion (1) 	substitution/deletion/other named gene mutation.	
	 reference to change in an amino acid / order of amino acids (1) 		
			(2)

(Total for question 1 = 8 marks)

Question	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
Number			
2(a)	D leaf palisade cell		(1)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
2(b)	An explanation linking two of the following:		
	by osmosis	Ignore references to diffusion reject active transport	
	 from an area of high water concentration to an area of low water concentration 	accept water moves down a concentration gradient	
	 through (partially permeable) membrane 		(2)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
2(c)(i)	 all four bars plotted correctly (+/- 1/2 small square) (1) X axis correctly labelled for plotted bars , eg North A, North B, South A, South B (1) 		(2)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
2(c)(ii)	D a quadrat		(1)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
2(c)(iii)	 A suggestion including two of the following: Species B is able to grow on both (North and South) sides (1) 	Ignore species B is found / grows on both sides	
	 (there are more) on the south side because of a specific difference in a named abiotic factor eg lighter /darker on South side, temperature, pH, water level, (1) 	Ignore carbon dioxide concentration Accept less pollution / less sulphur dioxide on South side	
	 there are fewer on the north side because they are out competed by species A / idea of eaten more on North side (1) 		(2)

(Total for question 2 = 8 marks)

Question	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
Number			
3(a)(i)	A comparison to include three of the following: For the unfit person:	ORA for fit person	
	 the unfit person's heart rate is higher / faster(1) idea that both react in the same way eg both peak at ten minutes, both increase when they start exercising (1) heart rate increases more quickly (to maximum) (1) heart rate decreases more slowly (back to resting rate) (1) credit correct manipulated values obtained for heart rates (1) 		(3)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
3(a)(ii)	 Correct substitution i.e. 0.20 x 110 (1) 22 	Allow 2 marks for correct final bald answer ecf. Allow one mark if final value is correct for the substitution of a different heart rate from the graph, ie between 56 and 140 bpm.	(2)

Question	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
Number			
3(a)(iii)	 An explanation that includes: the fit person recovers faster/ has a shorter recovery period (1) and two of the following: Fit Person has 	ORA unfit person	
	 greater {vital capacity / blood flow / stroke volume / cardiac output} (1) correct reference to less / no anaerobic respiration less /no lactic acid build up (1) lactic acid removed faster EPOC less / lower oxygen debt less oxygen to replace(1) 	Accept Heart pumps more blood / more red blood cells / haemoglobin Accept fit person only respires aerobically / unfit person does anaerobic respiration. Accept unfit person has an oxygen debt /fit person has no oxygen debt	(3)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
3(b)	D pulmonary vein \rightarrow atrium \rightarrow ventricle \rightarrow aorta		(1)

Question	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
Number			
3(c)	plasma (1)		(1)

(Total for question 3 = 10 marks)

Question	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
Number			
4(a)	 A description including two of the following: teeth chop / cut / grind food into smaller pieces (1) 	Accept increase in surface area Reject into smaller molecules	
	 amylase / enzymes added (1) digests starch into (simple) sugars /maltose / glucose (1) (saliva / mucus added) to soften / moisten / lubricate (food) (1) bolus formed / tongue rolls food into ball / (1) 	Accept to make food easier to swallow.	(2)

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Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
4(b)(i)	C the capillary network in the villi have a large surface area		(1)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
4(b)(ii)	An explanation linking three of the following: • surface area decreased		
	• by 20 times	Accept (surface area reduced) by 570.	
	 so less glucose / fatty acid / glycerol / absorbed 	Accept sugar / amino acids	
	 which are used for energy 		(3)

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Question	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
Number			
4(c)	 A suggestion linking two of the following: (food is moved by) peristalsis (waves of) muscular contraction if no bulk to push against – food will not move. intestine muscles weaker / idea of not enough fibre muscles against and provide the providet th	Accept idea that it is the fibre that is pushed along / (muscle push against fibre) which pushes food along Accept may become constipated.	
	means that less exercising of intestinal muscle		(2)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
4(d)	An description linking two of the following:		
	 probiotics are (claimed to be) beneficial bacteria / natural gut flora 	Accept useful / helpful for beneficial Ignore friendly	
	 (Reproduce so) outcompete / replace harmful bacteria 	Accept improves the immune	
	 Any health benefit eg: reduce diarrhoea / IBS/ inflammation of intestinal wall / increase in vitamin 	system / reduce allergies	
	uptake /		(2)

(Total for question 4 = 10 marks)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
5(a)(i)	Correct substitution i.e. (-0.5 ÷ 10.3) x 100 (1)	Accept data correctly put into other acceptable methods.	
	- 4.85 / - 4.9	Accept answer with more decimal places eg: - 4.8543 / - 4.854368932	
		Full marks for correct bald answer award max of one mark if negative is not written eg 4.85 / 4.9	(2)

Question	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
Number			
5(a)(ii)			
	better / easier / more valid comparison can be made between values /can make more valid conclusion / because the original / starting masses of potato were not the same / Idea of easier to visualise the size of the change	Ignore makes the results / test reliable / accurate	(1)

Question	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
Number			
5(b)	A description including the following:	Accept DNA for chromosomes throughout	
	 Produce two (daughter) cells 		
	 which are genetically identical 		
	• and diploid		
		Also credit details of the process of mitosis	
		chromosomes replicates (1)	
		spindle fibres form / chromosomes attached to spindle (1)	
		Chromosomes arranged on equator / middle of cell / chromosomes pulled apart /pulled to poles /separation of sets of chromosomes (1)	
		Idea of nucleus reforming / New cell wall formed (to divide cell) / cytokinesis / description of cytokinesis (1)	(3)

Question		Indicative Content	Mark
QWC *5(c)		A explanation to include some of the following points	
		 active transport requires energy (active transport moves mineral ions) from the soil into root (hair cells) reference to pumps (in the cell membranes) from a low concentration to a high concentration/against their concentration gradient 	
		 reference to mineral ions / mineral salts accept named minerals eg nitrates diffusion is a passive process gases diffuse from high to low concentration/down their concentration gradient 	
		 gas exchange in the leaf occurs by diffusion carbon dioxide diffuses in to air spaces in leaves / into cells for photosynthesis / produces glucose oxygen diffuses in for respiration 	(6)
Leve	0	No rewardable content	
1	1 - 2	 a limited explanation that gives information about active transport OR diffusion in the correct context e.g. minerals ions are transported into root (hair cells) the answer communicates ideas using simple language and uses limited scientific terminology spelling, punctuation and grammar are used with limited accuracy. 	
2	3 - 4	 a simple explanation that gives details of active transport or diffusion transporting materials e.g. carbon dioxide diffuses into leaves down their concentration gradient OR a limited explanation of both active transport and diffusion the answer communicates ideas showing some evidence of clarity and organisation and uses scientific terminology appropriately spelling, punctuation and grammar are used with some accuracy 	
3	5 - 6	 a detailed explanation that describes both processes e.g. active transport requires energy to transport mineral ions into the root hair cell AND carbon dioxide diffuses into the leaf for photosynthesis the answer communicates ideas clearly and coherently uses a range of scientific terminology accurately spelling, punctuation and grammar are used with few errors 	

Question	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
Number			
6(a)	D mRNA mRNA		(1)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
6(b)	 A description linking two of the following: leaves the nucleus / moves to the cytoplasm through the nuclear membrane attaches to ribosome 	Accept through a nuclear pore	(2)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
6(c)	 A explanation linking three of the following: (enzyme and substrate have) complementary shapes substrate fits into enzyme 	this may be awarded if clearly shown in an unlabelled diagram	
	 / enzyme substrate complex formed reference to <u>active site</u> 	reject if active site is part of substrate	
	 enzymes break (chemical) bonds / form chemical bonds / (causes) reaction to occur / make products 		
	 Idea of products leaving enzyme (so that enzyme can be used again) 		(3)

Question		Indicative Content	Mark
Number			
QWC	*6(d)	 A description to include some of the following points Temperature (temperature) too low – not enough energy to make reactions occur (fast enough) reference to optimum temperature optimum for most (humans) - 37°C over 37°C changes enzyme shape / changes active site shape of enzyme therefore rate of reaction decreases / stops enzymes denatured (if temperature too high) 	
		 pH optimum pH – around 7.3 / 6 to 8 for most enzymes specific optimum quoted eg pepsin – pH 2 to 3 pH either side of optimum – changes the shape of the enzyme / shape of the active site therefore rate of reaction decreases / stops enzymes denatured (if pH too high / too low) substrate / enzyme concentration higher concentrations faster reactions due to more collisions until maximum rate reached / all enzymes being used 	(6)
Leve I	0	No rewardable content	
1	1 – 2	 a limited description of how temperature OR pH OR substrate concentration affects the rate of enzyme action the answer communicates ideas using simple language and uses limited scientific terminology spelling, punctuation and grammar are used with limited accuracy 	
2	3 – 4	 a simple description of two or more factors OR a detailed description of one factor the answer communicates ideas showing some evidence of clarity and organisation and uses scientific terminology appropriately spelling, punctuation and grammar are used with some accuracy 	
3	5 – 6	 a detailed description of at least two factors the answer communicates ideas clearly and coherently uses a range of scientific terminology accurately spelling, punctuation and grammar are used with few errors 	

(Total for question 6 = 12 marks)