

Mark Scheme (Results)

Summer 2012

GCSE Biology 5BI2F/01



Edexcel and BTEC Qualifications

Edexcel and BTEC qualifications come from Pearson, the world's leading learning company. We provide a wide range of qualifications including academic, vocational, occupational and specific programmes for employers. For further information, please visit our website at <u>www.edexcel.com</u>.

Our website subject pages hold useful resources, support material and live feeds from our subject advisors giving you access to a portal of information. If you have any subject specific questions about this specification that require the help of a subject specialist, you may find our Ask The Expert email service helpful.

www.edexcel.com/contactus

Pearson: helping people progress, everywhere

Our aim is to help everyone progress in their lives through education. We believe in every kind of learning, for all kinds of people, wherever they are in the world. We've been involved in education for over 150 years, and by working across 70 countries, in 100 languages, we have built an international reputation for our commitment to high standards and raising achievement through innovation in education. Find out more about how we can help you and your students at: <u>www.pearson.com/uk</u>

Summer 2012 Publications Code UG033033 All the material in this publication is copyright © Pearson Education Ltd 2012

GCSE Biology 5BI 2F/01 Mark Scheme – Summer 2012

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
1(a)(i)	A root hair cells		(1)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
1(a)(ii)	B osmosis		(1)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
1(b)	• roots (1)		
	 active transport (1) 		
	• xylem (1)		(3)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
1(c)(i)	A comparison including two of the following points		
	 sunflower contains more magnesium than nitrate (1) 	ORA	
	 sunflower contains more magnesium than wheat (1) 	ORA	
	 wheat contains more nitrate than sunflower (1) 	ORA	
	 magnesium and nitrate in wheat are similar (1) 	the total number of ions in sunflower is greater than the total number in wheat (1)	
		credit correct manipulation of data (1)	(2)

Question	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
Number			
1(c)(ii)	A description including two of the following points		
	 to absorb {sunlight / energy} (1) 	absorb light	
	• to make glucose (1)	to make sugar/starch ignore food	
	• for photosynthesis (1)		(2)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
2(a) (i)	• oxygen (1)		
	 carbon dioxide (1) 		(2)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
2(a)(ii)	 An explanation linking three of the following points needs more energy for training/race carbohydrates contain/release energy 		
	 (carbohydrates) broken down to glucose (1) by enzymes/amylase (1) (during) respiration (1) 	sugar for glucose	(3)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
2(b)(i)	C 5 mmol per dm ³		(1)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
2(b)(ii)	An explanation linking two of the following points		
	 more energy needed/energy needed quickly (1) 		
	 not enough oxygen (1) 		
	• to muscles (1)		
	 anaerobic respiration (produces lactic acid) (1) 		(2)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
3(a)(i)	D cell membrane		(1)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
3(a)(ii)	A description including two of the following points		
	• gives cell its shape (1)	keeps cell together/keeps contents inside	
	 provides strength/support to cell/plant (1) 		
	 provides a barrier (against microorganisms) (1) 	Ignore protection if not qualified	
		free passage of water and minerals/ions (1)	(2)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
3(a)(iii)	A description including two of the following points		
	 double helix (1) containing (pairs) of bases (1) 	description of shape e.g. twisted ladder/two strands Reference to A / T / G / C	
	 linked by hydrogen bonds (1) 	Reference to sugar/phosphate 'backbone' (1)	(2)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
3(b)(i)	16		(1)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
3(b)(ii)	A description including two of the following points		
	 increases up to midday (1) 		
	 decreases from midday to 6pm / midnight / 2 mg per g (1) 		
	 remains constant from 6pm to midnight (1) 	increases then decreases (1)	
		Correct manipulation of data e.g. trebles from 9am to midday (1)	(2)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
3(b)(iii)	A suggestion including two of the following points		
	less photosynthesis(1)less sunlight(1)	no light (at night)	
	temperature decreases (1)lack of water(1)	reference to enzyme activity	
	 reference to named use of glucose e.g. respiration (1) 		(2)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
4(a)(i)	A description including two of the following points • increase in number up to {5-6} weeks/6.075 (x 10 ¹² per dm ³) (1)		
	 number stays constant from 6 weeks (1) 	increases and levels off (1) credit manipulated figures (1)	(2)

Question	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
Number			
4(a)(ii)	6 weeks		
	Units must be stated		(1)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
4(a)(iii)	carry oxygen		(1)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
4(b)	 An explanation linking the following points more blood pumped out (in one heart beat) (1) (so) more {oxygen / glucose} (reaches the working muscles) (1) 	more blood pumped around body/to muscles/blood travels faster (1) carbon dioxide / heat removed faster (1)	(2)

Question Number	Answer		Acceptable answers	Mark
4(c)(i)	function	blood vessel		
		pulmonary artery pulmonary vein		
	transports blood away from the heart	aorta		
		vena cava		
		• capillary		
	Accept lines crossing If only one line draw No marks if more tha	n and correct then 1 mark		(2)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
4(c)(ii)	valve	named heart valve(s)	(1)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
5(a)(i)	C proteins		(1)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
5(a)(ii)	B speeds up a chemical reaction		(1)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
5(b)(i)	 Any two from the following points contain different amino acids (1) different sequence/order (of amino acids) (1) 	State a difference in an amino acid e.g. black circle in amylase	(2)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
5(b)(ii)	 Any two from the following points different shape (enzyme/protein) work with different substrates ref to active sites/lock and 	named substrates enzymes are specific	
	key (1)		(2)

		PMT	1

Questi Numbe		Indicative Content	Mark	
QWC	*5(c)	 An explanation including some of the following points more oxygen given off at pH 7 pH 7 is the optimum pH for this enzyme reaction is faster/enzyme more active in neutral solution very little oxygen given off at pH 5 and pH 9 enzyme / catalase less active no oxygen given off at pH 1 and pH 14 no enzyme activity enzyme denatured shape of active site is changed due to strong acid / low pH/strong alkali / high pH no longer binds to hydrogen peroxide / substrate 		
Level	0	No rewardable content		
1	1 -2	 a limited description is given on the results of the investigation that covers one aspect of the results e.g. identifies best pH or recognises when a reaction has or has not taken place. the answer communicates ideas using simple language and uses limited scientific terminology spelling, punctuation and grammar are used with limited accuracy 		
2	3 -4	 a simple explanation is given on at least one aspects of the results of the investigation and links this to enzyme activity e.g. enzymes work better at pH7 as more bubbles are released or inactive at pH1 as no bubbles are released. the answer communicates ideas showing some evidence of clarity and organisation and uses scientific terminology appropriately spelling, punctuation and grammar are used with some accuracy 		
3	5 -6	 a detailed explanation of how pH affects enzyme activity (linking this to number of bubbles/oxygen production) including reference to denaturation and/or shape change of enzyme/active site the answer communicates ideas clearly and coherently uses a range of scientific terminology accurately spelling, punctuation and grammar are used with few errors 		

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
6(a)(i)	 (165) x 2 (1) 330 (cm) (1) 	a range from 1.8 to 2.2 Accept a height value between 297 – 363 (cm) with no working shown (2)	(2)

Question	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
Number			
6(a)(ii)	 mitosis/cell division/cell 		(1)
	differentiation		

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
6(b)	 An explanation linking any three of the following points many fossils found are only part of an animal or plant (1) soft tissue has decayed(1) fossils are often broken (into pieces)(1) 		
	 many fossils are yet to be found / fossil record incomplete (1) fossils do not always form (1) 		(3)

Questi	on	Indicative Content	Mark	
Numbe				
QWC	*6(c)	 An description including some of the following points leaves have a large surface area contain (many) chloroplasts/chlorophyll for maximum absorption of light waxy cuticle to reduce water loss stomata/pores gas exchange/to take in carbon dioxide and release oxygen guard cells that control size of stoma xylem vessels throughout the leaf deliver water and mineral ions 	(6)	
Level	0	No rewardable content		
1	1 - 2			
2	3 - 4	 a simple description of how leaf is adapted for photosynthesis that gives one structure linked to its function in photosynthesis/or two or more adaptations/structures not linked the answer communicates ideas showing some evidence of clarity and organisation and uses scientific terminology appropriately spelling, punctuation and grammar are used with some accuracy 		
3	5 - 6	 a detailed description of how leaf is adapted for photosynthesis with two or more structures related to functions of photosynthesis e.g. the role of stomata in gas exchange and the presence of xylem/vessels that deliver water the answer communicates ideas clearly and coherently uses a range of scientific terminology accurately spelling, punctuation and grammar are used with few errors 		

Further copies of this publication are available from Edexcel Publications, Adamsway, Mansfield, Notts, NG18 4FN

Telephone 01623 467467 Fax 01623 450481 Email <u>publication.orders@edexcel.com</u> Order Code UG033033 Summer 2012

For more information on Edexcel qualifications, please visit our website www.edexcel.com

Pearson Education Limited. Registered company number 872828 with its registered office at Edinburgh Gate, Harlow, Essex CM20 2JE





