C	Quest	ion	Expected Answer	Mark	Additional Guidance
1	(a)	(i)	vein / venule ;	1	<ul> <li>Mark the first answer. If the answer is correct and an additional answer is given that is incorrect or contradicts the correct answer then = 0 marks</li> <li>IGNORE further qualification (e.g. central / hepatic) but DO NOT CREDIT inappropriate name (e.g. renal vein / hepatic portal vein)</li> </ul>
1	(a)	(ii)	hepatocyte(s) / hepatic cells ;	1	<b>IGNORE</b> 'liver cells' (as given in Q) and 'sinusoid cells' A list must include 'hepatocytes' or 'hepatic cells' and not include an incorrect cell e.g. hepatocytes and Kupffer cells = 1 hepatocytes and $\alpha$ cells = 0 liver cells and Kupffer cells = 0
1	(b)		$\frac{\text{deamination}}{\text{carbon dioxide / CO}_2 ;}$ urea / CO(NH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> ; water / H <sub>2</sub> O ;	4	Mark the first answer on each prompt line. If the answer is correct and an additional answer is given that is incorrect or contradicts the correct answer then = <b>0</b> marks If a formula is given for compounds D, E and F then the formula given must be correct in order to be awarded the mark e.g. <b>E</b> 'urea (CONH <sub>2</sub> )' = 0 as the formula is incorrect

C	Questi	on		Expected Answer	Mark	Additional Guidance	
1	(c)	(i)	Th	is is a QWC question		Max 2 (instead of 3) for content if use the term , receptor / antigen / enzyme , <i>throughout</i> instead of antibody	
			1	(testing for) <b>human chorionic gonadotrophin</b> / hCG ; hormone small so can pass from blood into <b>filtrate</b>		1 ACCEPT HCG This mark can be awarded for hCG but the name must be given in full for QWC	
			3	(at Bowman's capsule) ; monoclonal / immobilised , antibodies / immunoglobulin , on stick ;		<b>3</b> ALLOW 'strip' instead of stick	
			4 5 6	antibodies attached to , marker / dye ; hormone , binds / <b>complementary</b> , to antibody ; (triggers) appearance of colour / line becomes visible ;		5 IGNORE specificity	
			7	AVP;	3 max	<ul> <li>7 e.g. • reference to the second line to validate test</li> <li>• different antibody for second line</li> <li>• 2 coloured lines = pregnant</li> </ul>	
			QV	VC - technical terms used appropriately and spelt correctly ;	1	Use of three terms from: human chorionic gonadotrophin, filtrate, monoclonal, immobilised, antibody(ies), complementary	

Q	uest	ion		Expected Answer	Mark		Additional Guidance
1	(c)	(ii)					<b>IGNORE</b> enhances performance (as given in Q)
			1	fairness / giving unfair advantage / does not give an 'even playing field' ;		1	ACCEPT comment about cheating IGNORE idea of should be available to all
			2	idea of health risks / dangerous / unhealthy / fatal / side effects ;		2	IGNORE 'has an effect on health' as must imply negative effect
			3	specified health risk ;		3	<ul> <li>e.g. depression</li> <li>aggression</li> <li>liver , damage / failure</li> <li>heart attack</li> <li>masculinisation of female athletes</li> <li>feminisation of male athletes</li> <li>infertility</li> </ul>
			4	<pre>idea of distrust of 'outstanding' performances /</pre>			
			5 6	idea of pressure to keep up with rival competitors ; idea that can train for longer (without tiring) / can respire longer (without tiring) / can recover from injury quicker / can build up muscle mass ;			
			7	AVP ;	3 max	7	<ul><li>e.g. • up to the individual to decide</li><li>• idea that athletes should be role models</li></ul>
				Total	[13]		

(	Question		Expected Answers					Marks	Additional Guidance
2	(a)				excretion	secretion			One mark per row.
			1	one difference	(metabolic) waste or toxin / harmful or substance is to be removed from body or does not use vesicles	useful product or used in cell communication (e.g. to target tissues) or released from glands (ducts or ductless) or uses vesicles or remain in body	;		<ul> <li>CREDIT converse statements on either side or unmatched statements for each</li> <li>IGNORE name or type of product without qualification</li> <li>DO NOT CREDIT any ref to egestion in 'excretion'</li> </ul>
			2	one example of a product	urea / carbon dioxide / water / bile <i>pigment</i> / named example	hormone / enzyme / antibodies / mucus / bile <i>salts</i> / neurotransmitter / named example	;		2 IGNORE sweat / urine / bile / saliva / salt / (named) digestive juice

Question			Expected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance	
	3	one similarity	requires ATP or (involved in) homeostasis or (compounds) produced by cell(s) / produced by metabolism / need to cross membrane / need to move through membrane / need to leave cell / (may be) transported in blood	;	3	3 CREDIT method of leaving cell e.g. exocytosis IGNORE going into cells (as some excretory products do)

	Question		Expected Answers	Marks		Additional Guidance
2	(b)			S & C	addi corr CRE to th E1)	<b>k the first answer.</b> If the answer is correct and an itional answer is given that is incorrect or contradicts the ect answer then = 0 marks EDIT one statement and a suitable explanation related nat (first) given statement (e.g. S3 + E3 but not S4 +
					-	NOT AWARD 2 marks for 2 statements or 2 lanations
		S1 E1	glucose is not the only substrate / there are other substrates ; named alternative substrate ; <i>or</i>		1	'fats can (also) be respired' = E1 'fats can be respired as well as glucose' = S1 + E1
		S2 E2	ATP is produced / energy is released ; (by) substrate level / oxidative, phosphorylation ; or		S2	DO NOT CREDIT energy produced / made / created
		S3 E3	ATP / energy, required ; (for) phosphorylation / glycolysis ; <b>or</b>			
		S4 E4	is not a single step reaction / other steps involved / other products / other intermediates ; named stage(s) / named intermediate compound(s) ; or		4 E4	Krebs cycle / ETC , happens = E4 'other stages such as link reaction are involved' = S4 + E4 e.g. pyruvate / acetyl CoA / acetate IGNORE NAD(H) / FAD(H) / ATP
		S5 E5	enzymes are involved ; dehydrogenation / decarboxylation / oxidative phosphorylation / named (respiratory) enzyme ; or			
		S6 E6	coenzymes / NAD, involved ; oxidative phosphorylation / link reaction / Krebs cycle / glycolysis ; or		S6	DO NOT CREDIT NADP
		S7 E7	glucose does not, combine / react , (directly) with oxygen ; (oxygen) used in oxidative phosphorylation / is final electron acceptor / is final hydrogen acceptor ;	2		

C	Quest	ion		Expected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance
2	(c)	(i)				Max 1 if referring to insulin receptors
			1	unable to produce (enough) insulin / do not secrete insulin / produces ineffective insulin ;		1 DO NOT CREDIT 'excrete' as incorrect
			2	insulin-producing cells / beta cells / islets of Langerhans, not functioning (correctly) / damaged / destroyed / attacked ;		2 ALLOW lack of beta cells / ref to b cells DO NOT CREDIT alpha cells / B cells (if lymphocytes implied)
			3	by (body's own) immune system / by (body's own) antibodies / auto-immune disease ;		3 CREDIT description
			4	(idea of) family history / genetic / hereditary;		
			5	(condition can be) triggered by , virus / environmental factor ;		<ul> <li>5 e.g. • shock</li> <li>• drugs side effect</li> <li>• (pancreatic) cancer</li> <li>• infection / disease</li> </ul>
					2 max	
2	(c)	(ii)				Mark the first 3 responses only
			1	increasing age / older / ageing / more prevalent over 40;		1 DO NOT CREDIT age without 'older' implication
			2	(idea of) family history / genetic / hereditary;		
			3	(more common in) males ;		
			4	(more common in) some ethnic groups / African / Afro-Caribbean / Asian / Hispanic / Oceanic ;		
			5	obese / overweight / fat around abdomen ;		5 CREDIT 'apple shaped'
			6	high / frequent, intake of , sugar / highly processed food / high GI food ;		<ul> <li>6 IGNORE 'poor diet' / 'bad diet' / 'unhealthy diet'</li> <li>IGNORE fat / carbohydrate , in diet</li> </ul>
			7	lack of physical activity / sedentary lifestyle;		
			8	high blood pressure ;		8 CREDIT history of , heart attack / stroke
			9	excessive alcohol intake ;	3 max	9 idea of <i>too much</i> is needed
				Total	10	

	Ques	tion	Expected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance
3	(a)				Mark the first answer. If the answer is correct and an additional answer is given that is incorrect or contradicts the correct answer then = 0 marks
			ultrafiltration;	1	This term required but <b>ACCEPT</b> phonetic spelling
3	(a)		17.9;;	2	Correct answer = 2 marks If answer incorrect, not rounded or incorrectly rounded then allow 1 mark for working 125 ÷ 700 or an unrounded answer e.g. 17.857412
3	(b)	(i)	(aubaidal) anithalium (anithalial r		Mark the first answer. If the answer is correct and an additional answer is given that is incorrect or contradicts the correct answer then = 0 marks
			(cuboidal) epithelium / epithelial;	1	DO NOT CREDIT 'epithelium cells' / 'ciliated epithelium' / 'squamous epithelium' / endothelium ALLOW columnar epithelium
3	(b)	(ii)			Mark the first answer. If the answer is correct and an additional answer is given that is incorrect or contradicts the correct answer then = 0 marks
			<u>micro</u> villi / <u>micro</u> villus ;	1	ACCEPT 'brush border' DO NOT CREDIT cilia

(	Quest	ion	Expected Answers			Additional Guidance		
3	(b)	(iii)	ii) This is a QWC question					
			1 2 3 4 5	selective <u>reabsorption</u> ; of glucose <u>and</u> amino acids; <b>co-transport</b> / <i>facilitated</i> diffusion / uptake described ; water follows by <b>osmosis</b> so concentration of, ions / nitrogenous waste / urea / remaining substances , increases ; AVP ;	S & C 3 max	<ul> <li>2 DO NOT CREDIT if glucose &amp; amino acids &amp; proteins</li> <li>3 ACCEPT direct uptake , of glucose / amino acids, by active transport</li> <li>5 e.g. • microvilli provide large surface area for uptake</li> <li>• many mitochondria provide energy for uptake</li> <li>• many brush border enzymes (ATPase) for active uptake</li> <li>• active secretion of nitrogenous waste into lumen</li> </ul>		
			QV	VC - technical terms used appropriately and spelt correctly ;	1	Use of three terms from: reabsorption (or derived term), co-transport (or derived term), facilitated diffusion, osmosis		

(	Question		Expected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance
3	(c)	(i)	<ul> <li>L artery / shunt / vein (at arterial end of shunt)</li> <li>AND</li> <li>M vein ;</li> </ul>	1	IGNORE names of artery / vein (e.g. renal) DO NOT CREDIT aorta and vena cava
3	(c)	(ii)	so that clots don't form, while in the (dialysis) machine / during dialysis ;	1	ALLOW congeal instead of clot IGNORE prevents clotting in the body IGNORE clumping
3	(c)	(iii)	idea of allowing blood to clot normally after treatment;	1	<b>CREDIT</b> preventing low blood pressure (as low viscosity)
3	(c)	(iv)	(simple) <u>diffusion</u> ;	1	Mark the first answer. If the answer is correct and an additional answer is given that is incorrect or contradicts the correct answer then = 0 marks IGNORE dialysis DO NOT CREDIT facilitated diffusion
3	(c)	(v)	idea that it, maintains diffusion gradient / maintains concentration gradient / maximises diffusion gradient / maximises concentration gradient / allows maximum removal of waste / allows maximum rate of diffusion / AW ;	1	<ul> <li>IGNORE unqualified ref to countercurrent</li> <li>e.g. • solutions in contact over greater distance</li> <li>• provides maximum contact for exchange</li> <li>• allows exchange over longer distance</li> <li>IGNORE ref to surface area</li> </ul>
			Total	14	

C	)uesti	on	Answer	Mark	Guidance
4	(a)	(i)	acetylcholine ;	1	Mark the first answer. If the answer is correct and an additional answer is given that is incorrect or contradicts the correct answer then = 0 marks CREDIT other correct examples
					e.g. dopamine / noradrenaline / norepinephrine ACCEPT ACh
4	(a)	(ii)	either	2	Explanation must match correct location for 2 marks. If no location stated then explanation can be awarded independently for 1 mark. Incorrect location = 0 marks. IGNORE 'interferes' (as in Q) IGNORE ref to dendrites / cell bodies /neurone(s) / synapse(s)
			post-synaptic membrane ; (TRPA1) prevents attachment of (named) neurotransmitter to its receptor ; <b>or</b> pre-synaptic membrane / (pre)synaptic knob / axon terminal / bouton / synaptic bulb <u>;</u> (TRPA1) prevents , release of (named) neurotransmitter / influx of calcium ions ;		<ul> <li>CREDIT causes hyperpolarisation</li> <li>DO NOT CREDIT idea that TRPA1 is a free protein that will enter the ACh receptor and block it (rather like a competitive inhibitor occupying the active site of an enzyme)</li> <li>ACCEPT Ca<sup>2+</sup></li> </ul>

Q	uesti	on	Answer	Mark	Guidance
4	(b)	(i)	A sinusoid ;	5	Mark the first answer on each prompt line. If the answer is correct and an additional answer is given that is incorrect or contradicts the correct answer then = 0 marks
			<ul> <li>B (branch of) bile duct ;</li> <li>C (branch of) hepatic portal <u>vein</u> ;</li> <li>D (branch of) hepatic artery / arteriole ;</li> <li>E (branch of) hepatic / central , <u>vein</u> ;</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>B DO NOT CREDIT canaliculus</li> <li>C IGNORE inter lobular but DO NOT CREDIT intra lobular</li> <li>D IGNORE inter lobular but DO NOT CREDIT intra lobular</li> <li>E IGNORE intra lobular but DO NOT CREDIT intra lobular</li> </ul>
4	(b)	(ii)	<ol> <li>because there is not enough <u>glutathione</u> / <u>glutathione</u> has run out ;</li> <li>enzyme catalysing glutathione reaction is , working at V<sub>max</sub> / inhibited / in short supply ;</li> <li>the NAPQI cannot , cross the cell (surface) membrane / leave the cell / leave (named) organelle ;</li> </ol>	1 max	<ul> <li>2 DO NOT CREDIT in context of P450 system</li> <li>3 IGNORE ref to excretion</li> </ul>
4	(b)	(iii)	hepatocytes <u>and</u> <u>mitosis</u> / <u>mitotic</u> (division) ;	1	CREDIT (liver) stem cells / hepatic cells IGNORE liver cells unqualified DO NOT CREDIT Kupffer cells ONLY CREDIT correct spelling for mitosis / mitotic
			Total	10	