Question Number	Answer	Mark
1 (a)(i)	<ol> <li>C ;</li> <li>mitochondria are present (and only Eukaryota possess mitochondria) ;</li> </ol>	(2)

Question	Answer	Mark
Number		
1 (a)(II)		
	1. B;	
	(because) it has { more / most / three / any two	
	named} characteristics in common (with the	
	eukarvotes/Group () :	
	OR	
	the idea that (because) A is sensitive to	
	antibiotics. A must be Bacteria therefore B is	
	Archaea / eq ;	(2)

Question Number	Answer	Mark
1 (b) (i)	1. stacks / eq ;	
	2. cisternae ;	
	3. smooth membranes / no ribosomes / eq;	
	4. (cisternae) curved / flattened ;	
	5. idea of different sizes (cisternae);	
	6. presence of vesicles ;	(3)

Question Number	Answer	Mark
*1 (b) (ii) QWC	(QWC - Spelling of technical terms must be correct and the answer must be organised in a logical sequence)	
	<ol> <li>{protein / polypeptides} produced by ribosome ;</li> </ol>	
	<ol><li>ribosomes {held on/attached to/eq} rER ;</li></ol>	
	3. proteins {stored / transported / within rER / eq};	
	<ol> <li>proteins {folded/assume 3-D shape/tertiary structure} within (lumen of) rER / eq ;</li> </ol>	
	<ol> <li>(rER) produce vesicles / packages proteins /eq;</li> </ol>	
	6. <i>vesicles</i> fuse with <i>Golgi</i> (apparatus) / eq ;	
	7. Golgi {modifies/processes} protein ;	
	<ol> <li>details of modification e.g. glycoprotein / carbohydrate added, trimming of carbohydrate;</li> </ol>	
	9. water removed (to concentrate) / eq ;	
	10. Golgi produces {lysosomes / secretory vesicles} ;	(6)

Question Number	Answer	Mark
2 (a)(i)	C ;	(1)

Question Number	Answer	Mark
2 (a)(ii)	B ;	(1)

Question Number	Answer	Mark
2 (a)(iii)	far right-hand box ;	(1)

Question Number	Answer	Mark
2 (a)(iv)	Bacteria / Eubacteria / Archaebacteria / Archaea ;	(1)

Question Number	Answer	Mark
*2(b)(i) QWC	(QWC - Spelling of technical terms must be correct and the answer must be organised in a logical sequence)	
	1. cellulose ;	
	2. as microfibrils ;	
	<ol> <li>(cellulose molecules) held together by hydrogen bonds / eq</li> </ol>	
	<ol> <li>detail of microfibril (e.g. {bundle /correct stated number of}) cellulose molecules) ;;</li> </ol>	
	<ol> <li>correct reference to arrangement of microfibrils (in primary cell wall) ;</li> </ol>	
	<ol> <li>reference to {matrix / hemicelluloses / pectins / eq};</li> </ol>	
	<ol> <li>reference to primary and secondary cell walls</li> <li>;</li> </ol>	
	<ol> <li>detail of different laying down arrangement (in secondary cell wall) /reference to lignin ;</li> </ol>	max (4)

Question Number	Answer		Mark
2 (b)(ii)			
	Feature described	Name of feature	
	site where there was no cell wall and the cytoplasm linked the two adjacent cells	plasmodesmata / plasmodesma ;	
	dark line that is the boundary between one cell and the next cell	middle lamella ;	
			(2)

Question Number	Answer	Mark
3(a)	<ol> <li>idea that individuals of a species can         {interbreed / eq};</li> </ol>	
	<ol><li>to produce fertile {offspring / eq} ;</li></ol>	
	<ol> <li>the {hybrids / offspring} can flower and produce viable seeds / eq ;</li> </ol>	max (3)

Question Number	Answer	Mark
3(b)(i)	1. {variety / eq} of alleles ;	
	2. in a gene pool / eq ;	(2)

3(b)(ii) 1. different alleles in each of the two {populations / eq};	Question Number	Answer	Mark
<ul> <li>2. each {population / species} is adapted to live {in different environmental conditions / at different altitudes / eq};</li> <li>3. there will have been different mutations in each population;</li> <li>4. reference to alleles from different {species /eq } will mix / hybrids receive alleles from max both { species / eq};</li> </ul>	3(b)(ii)	<ol> <li>different alleles in each of the two {populations / eq};</li> <li>each {population / species} is adapted to live {in different environmental conditions / at different altitudes / eq};</li> <li>there will have been different mutations in each population;</li> <li>reference to alleles from different {species /eq } will mix / hybrids receive alleles from both { species / eq} ;</li> </ol>	max (2)

Question Number	Answer	Mark
*3(c) QW	(QWC - Spelling of technical terms must be correct and the answer must be organised in a logical sequence)	
	<ol> <li>reference to original population increasing in size and spreading into a wider diversity of {habitats / eq};</li> </ol>	
	2. reference to mutations ;	
	3. leading to diversity in flowering times / eq ;	
	4. (and) other plant features / eq ;	
	5. reference to reproductive isolation ;	
	6. restriction in gene flow / eq ;	
	7. between extremes of population / eq ;	
	8. reference to different environmental factors in each region ;	
	<ul><li>9. each region has different selection pressures</li><li>/ eq ;</li></ul>	
	10. idea of plants adapted to a region ;	
	11. reference to survival and breeding ;	
	12. reference to change in allele frequencies (over time);	may
	13. (leads to) differences between gene pools / eq ;	(6)

Question	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
Number			
4(a)	(QWC - Take into account quality of written communication when awarding the following points)	QWC emphasis on logical sequence	
	<ol> <li>Idea that in the rER insulin is folded e.g. forms {3-D shape, secondary / tertiary structure } ;</li> <li>idea of insulin being packaged into (transport) vesicles by the rER ;</li> <li>vesicles { move to / fuse with / eq } the Golgi apparatus / vesicles (fuse to) form the Golgi apparatus ;</li> </ol>	ACCEPT Golgi and protein instead of insulin	
	4. idea of insulin being changed in Golgi apparatus ;	4.IGNORE folded, processed ACCEPT modified, described change e.g. add / remove sugars, glycosides, carbohydrate	
	<ol> <li>idea of insulin being transferred in (secretory) vesicles from the Golgi apparatus to the cell (surface) membrane</li> <li>;</li> </ol>		
	<ol> <li>vesicles (containing insulin) fuse with cell (surface) membrane / exocytosis ;</li> </ol>		(4)

Question	Answer	Mark
Number		
4(b)(i)	C unspecialised cells that can differentiate to give rise to almost any type of cell in the body, excluding totipotent cells ;	(1)

Question	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
<b>4(b)(ii)</b>			
	1. idea of stimulus e.g. chemical ;		
	2. idea that some genes are { active / switched on / expressed } ;	2. IGNORE genes being 'turned on'	
	<ol> <li>idea of { transcription / mRNA produced } at active genes ;</li> </ol>		
	4. mRNA is {translated / used} to produce protein ;		
	<ol> <li>idea that this protein modifies cell OR idea that this protein determines { cell structure /</li> </ol>		
	function } ;		(4)