Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
*1(a)(i)	(QWC – spelling of technical terms must be correct and the answer must be organised in a logical sequence)	QWC emphasis on spelling	
	multiple copies of DNA made / eq ;	1. IGNORE refs to amplification, large amounts	
	2. using {PCR / polymerase chain reaction};		
	3. credit any correct detail of PCR;	3g. step 1: 90 to 95 °C, step 2: 50 to 65 °C, step 3: 70 to 80 °C, use of { primers / DNA polymerase / nucleotides}, many repetitions	
	<ol> <li>reference to restriction { enzymes / endonucleases} to produce DNA { fragments / eq};</li> </ol>		
	5. reference to (gel) electrophoresis;		
	<ol> <li>idea of {loading / eq} the DNA onto the {gel / named gel};</li> </ol>	6. e.g. agarose, agar	
	7. idea that an { electric current / charge} is applied;	7. ACCEPT apply <i>potential</i> difference	
	<ol> <li>reference to use of { dye / fluorescent tag / UV light / Southern blotting / gene probes / radioactive labelling / eq};</li> </ol>	1	(6)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
1(a)(ii)	<ol> <li>idea of comparing total number of {bands / eq};</li> <li>idea of comparing position of {bands / eq};</li> </ol>	ACCEPT idea of comparing bands for 1 mark if mps 1, 2 or 3 cannot be awarded ACCEPT bars / blocks	
	<ol> <li>idea of comparing {size / width} of {bands / eq};</li> </ol>		(3)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
1(b)	<ol> <li>{scientific / peer reviewed} {papers / journals / magazines / article};</li> <li>(scientific) {conferences / lecture / forums};</li> </ol>		
	3. media reports ;	3. e.g. TV, radio, newspaper, internet	(2)

Question Number		Answer		Additional Comments	Mark
2(a)					
	Feature	Cellulose molecule	Cellulose microfibril	No marks for blank spaces. No marks for hybrid x/✓	
	Alpha (a) glucose	×			
	1,4- glycosidic bonds	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>		
	1,6- glycosidic bonds	×			
	Hydrogen bonds	×	<b>√</b>		
	Any 2 correct for	1 mark ;;;;			(4)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Comments	Mark
<b>2</b> (b)		Either way around	
	<ol> <li>Archaea ;</li> <li>Bacteria ;</li> </ol>	CCEPT Archaeobacter	(2)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Comments	Mark
<b>2</b> (c)	<ol> <li>idea that organisms with {         specific / particular / shared /         common / similar / eq } {         characteristics / features /         traits / eq } are placed in a         group;</li> <li>detail of how characteristics</li> </ol>		
	assessed, e.g. observable characteristics, behavioural similarities, similarities in DNA, molecular phylogeny;		(2)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Comments	Mark
<b>2</b> (d)		IGNORE 'critically evaluated' as it is in the stem of the	
	<ol> <li>scientific findings published e.g. in a journal;</li> </ol>	question	
	<ol><li>idea of presented at scientific conference / eq ;</li></ol>		
	3. idea of peer review;	3. 'peer reviewed journa gains Mp1 as well	
	<ol> <li>(other scientists) repeat experiments (to confirm or validate findings / test reliability of data);</li> </ol>	4. m t be an indication of further testing being carried out	(3)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Comments	Mark
<b>3</b> (a)	☑ C Archaea, Bacteria and Eukarya ;		
			(1)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Comments	Mark
<b>3</b> (b) (i)	<ol> <li>published in { scientific paper / journal } / eq ;</li> </ol>	IGNORE online, internet     ACCEPT scientific     magazine	
	2. at a conference / presentation / eq;		(2)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Comments	Mark
3(b) (ii)	1. idea of peer review;		
	<ol><li>idea of repeating experiments to confirm or validate findings ;</li></ol>	2. m t be an indication of further testing being carried out	(2)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Comments	Mark
3 (c)	<ol> <li>idea that organisms with { specific / particular / shared / common / similar / eq } { characteristics / features / traits / eq } are placed in a group;</li> <li>idea that taxonomic groups have specific differences;</li> <li>idea that phylogeny describes { evolutionary / genetic } relationship;</li> <li>idea that molecular phylogeny based on similarities in { DNA / DNA sequence / proteins / eq };</li> </ol>	4. IGNOR gene sequence	(4)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
4(a)(i)	(successful interbreeding) produces offspring;	Accept converse throughout	
	(same species produce) fertile (offspring);	Ignore viable	
	<ol> <li>credit reason why offspring of different species might be infertile;</li> </ol>	eg genetic incompatibility, different number of chromosomes, poor quality gametes , low number of gametes	(3)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
4(a)(ii)	reference to reproductive isolation;		
	2. different breeding times;		
	<ol> <li>do not recognise {courtship displays / songs / eq};</li> </ol>		
	4. physically incompatible eg genitalia ;		(3)
Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
<b>4</b> (b)	idea that the two species share the same habitat;		
	idea that the two species experience the same environmental conditions;	Accept similar	
	3. (therefore) the same selection pressures ;	NB this needs to be in the context of both species being subjected to the same selection pressures  Accept similar	
	idea that they are both well-adapted (to their environment);	Accept similar	
	<ol> <li>idea that no mutations have happened that {improve / change} their {phenotypes / survival};</li> </ol>		
	<ol><li>6. {no / few} changes in allele frequency / gene pool is stable;</li></ol>		
	7. idea that there has been very little change in environment (over the years);		(3)

Question Number	Answer	Mark
5 (a)(iv)	<ul><li>1. idea of {checking his methods / repeating experiments / eq};</li></ul>	
	<ol> <li>to collect more data /review his data / test his results / eq;</li> </ol>	
	3. to see if his results could be replicated / check reliability of data / eq;	
	Tondonty of data / oq /	(2)

Question Number	Answer	Mark		
5 (b)				
	Feature Domain			
		Bacteria	Eukaryota	
	Ribosomes	✓	✓	
	Smooth endoplasmic reticulum	×	<b>✓</b>	
	Cell (surface) membrane	✓	<b>√</b>	
	Slime capsule	✓	*	
	;;;;		,	
	Any two correct fo	r one mark		(4)