## Variety of Life - Mark Scheme

## Q1.

Question	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
Number			
(a)(i)	idea of secretion of waxy substance ;	ACCEPT presence of oil / lipid	(1)

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
(a)(ii)	active at night / inactive     in day		
	OR		
	<ol><li>idea of spreading wax over skin</li></ol>		
	OR		(1)
	<ol> <li>idea of hunting in trees rather than on the ground;</li> </ol>		(1)

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
(a)(iii)	idea of avoiding predation	The answer to 6(a)(iii) must be awarded related to 6(a)(ii)	
	<ol><li>idea of conserving</li></ol>		

	water in dry habitat  3. avoiding high temperatures during the day  4. idea of finding prey more easily at night;	2. ACCEPT reduce dehydration	(1)
Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
(b)	<ol> <li>idea that it eats insects {at night / in trees};</li> <li>{within the community / ecosystem /habitat / environment / eq } / hot, dry areas with trees;</li> </ol>		(2)

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
(c)	*QWC – Spelling of technical terms must be correct and the answer must be organised in a logical sequence.	*QWC - Emphasis is logical sequence	
	<ol> <li>idea of selection pressure         / change in environment /         hot and dry habitat;</li> </ol>		
	<ol> <li>reference to { competition</li> <li>predation } ;</li> </ol>		
	3. mutation (in frog);		
	4. idea of advantageous allele e.g. allele for waxy secretions ;		
	5. idea that individuals with advantageous { alleles / characteristics / eq } survive and breed ;		(5)
	6. idea of (advantageous) { allele / mutation } being passed on (to future generations) ;		
	7. idea of increased frequency of advantageous alleles in the population;	7. ACCEPT more individuals with this adaptation in the population /	

Question Number	Acceptable Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
(i)	<ul> <li>species found only in one geographical location</li> </ul>		(1)

Question Number	Acceptable Answer		Additional Guidance	Mark
(ii)	A description that makes reference to the following:  • the variety of species (in an			
	ecosystem / community / habitat)	(1)		
	the variety of alleles in a { gene pool / population / species }	(1)		(2)

Question Number	Acceptable Answer		Additional Guidance	Mark
(iii)	An explanation that makes reference to three of the following:			
	record the number     of species of     lemur and the	(1)		(3)

Question Number	Acceptable Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
	number of individuals of each species		
	calculate the diversity index (for each location)  (1)		
	so the higher the index, the greater the biodiversity (1)		
	DNA profiling / gel electrophoresis / molecular phylogeny /  protection (1)		
	proteomics (1)		

#### Q3.

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
		Example of calculation	
	correct values calculated for p and q (1)	p= 0.99 q = 0.01	
	correct calculation of proportion of heterozygotes (1)	2pq = 2 × (0.99 × 0.01) = 0.0198	
	correct calculation of number of heterozygotes in the population (1)	0.0198 × 17 020 000 = 336 996 carriers	
		Correct answer with no working gains full marks	(3)

# Q4.

Question	Acceptable Answer	Additional	Mark
Number		guidance	
(b)(i)	• N(N-1) = 3540 (1)		
	• $\Sigma n(n-1) = 704 (1)$		
	• = $3540 \div 704 = 5.028 / 5.03 (1)$		(3)

Question	Acceptable Answer	Additional	Mark
Number		guidance	
(b)(ii)	An answer that makes reference to the following:	Allow	
	middle shore has higher diversity (1)	converse argument.	
	even though there are fewer individuals (1)		(2)

Question Number	Acceptable Answer		Additional Guidance	Mark
	A description that makes reference to the following:			
	communicating     theory to     scientific     community	(1)	Allow reference to scientific journals and conferences	
	peer review	(1)		
	checking of     evidence to     ensure its     validity	(1)		(3)

# Q6.

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
(a)(i)	(successful interbreeding) produces offspring;	Accept converse throughout	
	<ol><li>(same species produce) fertile (offspring);</li></ol>	Ignore viable	
	credit reason why offspring of different species might be infertile;	eg genetic incompatibility, different number of chromosomes, poor quality gametes , low number of gametes	(3)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
(a)(ii)	1. reference to reproductive isolation;		
	2. different breeding times;		
	<ol> <li>do not recognise {courtship displays / songs / eq};</li> </ol>		
	4. physically incompatible eg genitalia ;		(3)
Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
(b)	<ol> <li>idea that the two species share the same habitat;</li> </ol>		
	<ol><li>idea that the two species experience the same environmental conditions;</li></ol>	Accept similar	
	3. (therefore) the same selection pressures ;	NB this needs to be in the context of both species being subjected to the same selection pressures  Accept similar	
	<ol> <li>idea that they are both well-adapted (to their environment);</li> </ol>	Accept similar	
	<ol><li>idea that no mutations have happened that {improve / change} their {phenotypes / survival};</li></ol>		
	<ol><li>6. {no / few} changes in allele frequency / gene pool is stable;</li></ol>		
	<ol><li>idea that there has been very little change in environment (over the years);</li></ol>		(3)

Question	Anguar	Additional Guidance	Mark
Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	магк
(a)	1. idea that as the {distance from the front edge of the glacier / time} increases, the {complexity / biodiversity / size / eq } of the organisms increases;	ACCEPT idea that climax community only reached at distance from glacier edge	
	reference to (primary)     succession ;	2. NOT secondary succession	
	3. idea that {algae / lichens / pioneer species} are (the first) organisms to colonise bare rock / eq;		
	4. idea that {algae / lichen / pioneer species} improve conditions for plants ;	4. including e.g. change rock into soil / increase humus content of soil / increase water content 5. e.g. newer species outcompete previous species	
	5. idea of competition (limiting species present) ;	odcompete previous species	(3)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
(b)(i)	<ol> <li>the {role / interaction / eq} of an { Epilobium latifolium / organism / species} within its { ecosystem / habitat / environment };</li> </ol>	1. IGNORE community	
	<ol> <li>(Epilobium latifolium) is a producer;</li> </ol>	3. NOT prey	
	<ol> <li>idea that Epilobium latifolium provides {food / energy} for other organisms (herbivores / primary consumers / decomposers);</li> </ol>	4. IGNORE food in soil ACCEPT adds organic matter, humus	
	<ol> <li>idea that Epilobium latifolium improves soil e.g. holds soil structure together, increases nutrients;</li> </ol>		
	<ol> <li>idea that Epilobium latifolium provides {shelter / (micro) habitat} for organisms;</li> </ol>	5. ACCEPT named organism e.g. insects	(3)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
(b)(ii)	idea of using a transect (from front edge of glacier);		
	<ol> <li>credit method of sampling (along transect);</li> </ol>	e.g. clumps touching transect, quadrat (on transect), number of plants along perpendicular	
	<ol> <li>credit appropriate method of selecting sample sites (along transect);</li> </ol>	e.g. set distance, regular, systematic, flip-flop quadrats NOT random	
	4. description of estimate of abundance e.g. number of plants, percentage cover;		
	<ol><li>idea of using more than one transect;</li></ol>	5. IGNORE references to repeating investigation	
	<ol> <li>credit appropriate method of recording quantitative data;</li> </ol>	6. e.g. tally chart, table, graph	(4)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
(b)(iii)	credit     appropriate     named abiotic     factor;	1. e.g. light, soil pH, water content, mineral content, temperature, salinity, wind IGNORE CO <sub>2</sub> , O <sub>2</sub> , rainfall, humidity	
	<ol> <li>credit         appropriate         method of         measurement of         factor;</li> </ol>	2.CE applied e.g. light {probe / sensor / meter / data logger}, {water gauge / drying out soil samples}	
	<ol> <li>credit         <ul> <li>appropriate</li> <li>description of</li> <li>where reading</li> <li>should be taken;</li> </ul> </li> </ol>	3. CE applied e.g. reading taken at height of plant, soil sample around roots, quadrat	
	<ol> <li>idea of taking several readings and getting an average / eq;</li> </ol>		(3)