Properties of Plants - Questions by Topic

Q1.

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
	 cellulose (molecule) is a { polymer / chain / eq } of β-glucose / eq ; 	1. ACCEPT many β-glucose	
	2. cellulose molecules held together { by hydrogen bonds / as microfibrils } ;	4. IGNORE lignin	
	3. idea of arrangement of microfibrils in { parallel / net / mesh / criss cross / eq };		
	4. reference to { matrix / hemicelluloses /pectin / eq } ;		
			(3)

Q2.

Question Number	Answer	Mark
(a)	1. slime layer / (slime) capsule ;	
	2. cell wall ;	
	3. circular DNA / loop of DNA / nucleoid / eq;	
	4. plasmids ;	
	5. { 70s / small / eq } ribosomes ;	
	6. pili ;	
	7. allow reference to mesosome ;	(3)

Question Number	Answer			Mark
(b)		Single embra ne	Double membra ne	
	nucleus		×	
	Golgi apparatus	\boxtimes		
	mitochondrion		×	
	lysosome	\boxtimes		(4)

Q3.

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
(i)	Beta-glucose	Allow b glucose / β glucose	(1)

Question Number	Answer	Mark
(ii)	The only correct answer is B – by glycosidic bonds in an unbranched chain	
	A is not correct because a cellulose molecule is not branched	
	C is not correct because a cellulose molecule is not branched	
	D is not correct because the monomers in a cellulose molecule are not held together by hydrogen bonds	(1)

Question Number	Answer	Mark
(iii)	The only correct answer is C - middle lamella	
	A is not correct because there is no calcium pectate in the amyloplast	
	$m{B}$ is not correct because there is no calcium pectate in the chloroplast	
	D is not correct because there is no calcium pectate in the tonoplast	(1)

Q4.

Question	Answer	Mark
Number		
	D - store starch granules	
	The only correct answer is D	
	A is not correct because amyloplasts do not allow fluid exchange	
	B is not correct because amyloplasts do not consist mainly of pectin	
	C is not correct because amyloplasts are not membranes surrounding the vacuole	(1)

Q5.

Question	Answer	Mark
Number		
(a)(i)	D;	
		(1)

Question	Answer	Mark
Number	14/5 ×	
(a)(ii)	A ;	
	500 Mo 500	(1)

Question Number	Answer	Mark
(a)(iii)	B;	(1)

Question Number	Answer	Mark
(b)(i)	 idea of one (or a few) cell types / a group of cells; 	
	idea of working together for the { same / specific /one / eq } function ;	
	3. often have the same origin / eq;	(2)

Question Number	Answer	Mark
(b)(ii)	1. transport of water / eq;	
	 transport of minerals / eq; (structural) support / eq; 	(2)
		100

Question Number	Answer	Mark
* (c)	(QWC- Spelling of technical terms must be correct and the answer must be organised in a logical sequence)	
	1. (cellulose) contains <u>beta</u> glucose / eq ;	
	(glucose molecules) joined by condensation reactions;	
	appropriate reference to <i>glycosidic</i> bonds;	
	 appropriate reference to (only) 1- 4 (glycosidic bonds); 	
	reference to inversion of alternate glucose molecules in the chain;	
	6. { unbranched / straight } chain ;	
	7. idea of microfibril composed of many cellulose molecules;	
	8. (cellulose chains) held together by hydrogen bonds;	(4)

Q6.

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
	An explanation that makes reference to the following points:		
	(a shortage of magnesium ions) limits the production of chlorophyll (1)		
	lack of { glucose / carbohydrate / cellulose } due to less photosynthesis (1)	ALLOW a named carbohydrate / sugar	
	(therefore) plant leaves may be yellow / plants may be small (1)	ALLOW slow growth, stunted growth, pale leaves, leaves not green IGNORE wilting	
		TORONE WIIding	(3)

Q7.

Question Number	Answer	Mark
(i)	C starch is branched and supplies energy more quickly than cellulose	(1)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
(ii)	An explanation making reference to the following:		
	• to produce {glucose / maltose } (1)	NOT beta-glucose	
	 which is { soluble / transported / enters cells easily / used in respiration } (1) 	ALLOW converse for starch IGNORE ref to size of molecules	(2)

Q8.

Number	Acceptable Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
(i)	В		(1)

Question	Acceptable Answer	Additional	Mark
Number		guidance	
(ii)	С		(1)