

Mark schemes

Q1.

- (a) 1. Answer of $12/13 = 2$ marks;;
 2. $0.36(48)/0.365/0.37 = 1$ mark

OR

$$36(.48)/36.5/37\% = 1 \text{ mark}$$

OR

$$q^2 = 0.06/0.059/0.0588 = 1 \text{ mark}$$

OR

$$\text{or } q = 0.2/0.24/0.243 = 1 \text{ mark;}$$

For 1 mark accept $q^2 = 6\%/5.9\%/5.88\%$

2

- (b) 0.71

1

Q2.

- (a) 1. No (functional) cones
OR
 Only rods;
2. Cones are connected to a single neurone
OR
 Several rods connected to a single neurone;
Accept correct reference to retinal convergence
Accept 'bipolar/nerve cell' for neurone
Accept 'many' 2 or more for 'several'
3. (Cones) Separate (sets of) impulses to brain
OR
 (Rods) Single (set of) impulse/s to brain;
Accept 'optic nerve' for brain
Reject 'signals', 'messages' for 'impulses'
Accept 'action potential'

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- (b) 1. Correct answer in range $42 - 44\% = 2$ marks;;
 2. Incorrect answer but shows that understanding that $2pq =$ heterozygous/carriers = 1 mark;
Accept $1 - (p^2 + q^2)$
Accept understanding of $2pq$ by using calculation involving 2 × two different numbers

2

Q3.

- (a) All the alleles in a population;

Accept: The number of alleles in a population.

Note: All or number of alleles in a species on its own is not enough on its own.

1

Q4.

- (a) 0.32.

Correct answer = 2 marks

Accept 32% for 1 mark max

Incorrect answer but identifying $2pq$ as heterozygous = 1 mark

2

- (b)
1. Mutation produced *KDR minus* / resistance allele;
 2. DDT use provides selection pressure;
 3. Mosquitoes with *KDR minus* allele more likely (to survive) to reproduce;
 4. Leading to increase in *KDR minus* allele in population.

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