

GCE

Biology A

Unit H020/02: Depth in biology

Advanced Subsidiary GCE

Mark Scheme for June 2018

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This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and students, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which marks were awarded by examiners. It does not indicate the details of the discussions which took place at an examiners' meeting before marking commenced.

All examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the published question papers and the report on the examination.

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Annotations

Annotation	Meaning					
DO NOT ALLOW	Answers that are not worthy of credit					
IGNORE	Statements that are irrelevant					
ALLOW	Answers that can be ALLOWed					
()	Words that are not essential to gain credit					
_	Underlined words must be present in answer to score a mark					
ECF	Error carried forward					
AW	Alternative wording					
ORA	Or reverse argument					
	Subject-specific expected terms and names that should be used rather than described					

Marking Annotations

Annotation	Use			
BOD	Benefit of Doubt			
CON	Contradiction			
×	Cross			
ECF	Error Carried Forward			
GM	Given Mark			
~~~	Extendable horizontal wavy line (to indicate errors / incorrect science terminology)			
I	Ignore			
•	Large dot (various uses as defined in mark scheme)			
	Highlight (various uses as defined in mark scheme)			
NBOD	Benefit of the doubt not given			
4	Tick			
^	Omission Mark			
BP	Blank Page			
L1	Level 1 answer in Level of Response question			
L2	Level 2 answer in Level of Response question			
L3	Level 3 answer in Level of Response question			

Question	Answer	Mark	Guidance
1(a)(i)	Both must be correct for mark	1	Additional incorrect answer on either line = 0 marks
	U = amino / amine (group)		DO NOT ALLOW imino / amide for U
	and		
	V = <u>carboxyl</u> / <u>carboxyl</u> ic acid (group) ✓		ALLOW carboxil / spelling that looks and sounds same
			DO NOT ALLOW carbonic / carbonyl for V
1(a)(ii)	Both must be correct for mark	1	Additional incorrect answer on either line = 0 marks
	peptide / amide (bond)		IGNORE covalent
	and		DO NOT ALLOW dipeptide
	<u>condensation</u> (reaction) ✓		DO NOT ALLOW hydrolysis
1(b)(i)		2	Read all and mark as prose
		max	
	1 gene / DNA, copied / transcribed, to (m)RNA ✓		<b>ALLOW</b> used as a template to create / AW, for 'copied to'
			ALLOW RNA, copies / takes a copy of, gene / DNA
			DO NOT ALLOW replicated for 'copied'
	2 (idea that RNA goes to / translation is at) ribosome(s) / RER ✓		
	3 DNA, is too large to / cannot / is not able to,		ALLOW ORA 'RNA, is small enough to / can / is able to'
	leave <u>nucleus</u> / cross <u>nuclear</u> envelope / fit through <u>nuclear</u> pores ✓		or just 'RNA leaves nucleus'
			ALLOW nuclear membrane for 'nuclear envelope'
			DO NOT ALLOW leave the cell for 'leave nucleus'
1(b)(ii)	90 252	2	Correct final answer gets 2 marks, even if no working is
	or		shown.
	90 255		Wrong final answer (which may include a 90 252 stage in the working) = <b>ALLOW 1 mark for seeing any of these</b> :
	or		327 x 92 x 3 <b>OR</b> 30 084 <b>OR</b> 981
	90 258 ✓ ✓		021 A 92 A 0 ON 00 004 ON 901

Read through the whole answer from start to finish, concentrating on features that make it a stronger or weaker answer using the indicative scientific content as guidance. The indicative scientific content indicates the expected parameters for candidates' answers, but be prepared to recognise and credit unexpected approaches where they show relevance.  Using a 'best-fit' approach based on the science content of the answer, first decide which set of level descriptors, Level 1, Level 2 or Level 3, best describes the overall quality of the answer using the guidelines described in the level descriptors in the mark scheme.  Once the level is located, award the higher or lower mark.  The higher mark should be awarded where the level descriptor has	ble ated / long / rods / filaments / ropes / strands g / tough
italics) have been met.  The lower mark should be awarded where the level descriptor has been evidenced but aspects of the communication statement (in italics) are missing.  In summary:  The science content determines the level.  The communication statement determines the mark within a level.  grouped  for str  collage  tendons  kerati  for pro eleasting  tendons  for pro eleasting  for pro	s: the general category or for a named protein or tein example with supporting elated categories and examples are paired or together:

Question	Answer	Mark	Guidance
	Level 3 (5–6 marks)		GLOBULAR PROTEINS
	A detailed comparison of the properties <b>and</b> functions of fibrous <b>and</b>		
	globular proteins.		Properties:
			soluble
	There is a well-developed line of reasoning which is clear and logically		spherical / ball-shaped
	structured. The information presented is relevant and substantiated.		have, 3D / tertiary / 3o, shape / structure
	·		specific / complementary (to another molecule)
	Level 2 (3–4 marks)		ref. conjugated / contain prosthetic group
	A comparison of the properties <b>and/or</b> functions of fibrous <b>and</b> globular		temperature / pH, sensitive
	proteins.		hydrophilic on outside
	There is a line of reasoning presented with some structure. The		IGNORE size refs, compact, round, bond types
	information presented is in the most-part relevant and supported by some		
	evidence.		Functions: Look for the general functional category name
			or description, or a named protein or
	Level 1 (1–2 marks)		glycoprotein example with some supporting detail.
	A limited comparison of the properties		
	or functions of fibrous and globular proteins.		enzymes / metabolic role / to catalyse reaction(s) / to
			lower activation energy
	A basic structure and some relevant information is provided, although a		named enzyme + its specific role described
	clear line of reasoning may not be present. The information is supported		
	by limited evidence and the relationship to the evidence may not be clear.		hormones / receptors / for cell signalling
			named hormone / insulin + role described
	0 marks		
	No response or no response worthy of credit.		antibody / for immunity / defence against infection
			opsonin / antitoxin / agglutinin + role described
			fibrinogen in blood clotting
			to transport substances across cell membranes
			carrier / channel / pump + role described
			to transport substances in blood
			haemoglobin + role described e.g. carry oxygen
			ridomoglobiii - Tole described e.g. dairy oxygen
			to, package / organise DNA

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Question	Answer	Mark	Guidance
1(b)(iv)	EITHER	2	Correct answer to 2 s.f. with correct matching units = 2
	<b>1</b> 9300 / 9700 <b>✓</b>		marks
	2 <u>deaths year</u> -1 or <u>deaths</u> per <u>year</u> or <u>deaths</u> / <u>year</u> ✓ OR		ALLOW mark for unit even if no or wrong figure given ALLOW minus sign with number or 'fewer' with unit ALLOW from AIDS / of AIDS in unit
	<b>3</b> 9.3 / 9.7 ✓		ALLOW mp 3 so long as the word thousand appears
	4 thousand <u>deaths</u> <u>year</u> -1 or thousand <u>deaths</u> per <u>year</u> or thousand <u>deaths</u> / <u>year</u> ✓		afterwards or in the units (even if the unit is wrong in another respect) <b>DO NOT ALLOW</b> '9.3 1000 deaths per year' for mp3 (but gets mp 4)
1(b)(v)	(answers must relate to <b>data</b> on graph)	2 max	ALLOW when, saquinavir / drug / medicine, was introduced for '1995' in mps 1, 2 and 3
	1 decrease in new diagnoses, from 1992 / already / began before 1995 ✓		ALLOW new diagnoses decrease at same time as deaths ALLOW from / since / after, 1993 (instead of 1992)
	2 peak / plateau, in deaths, from 1994 / already / began before 1995 ✓		
	3 no change in / same, (rate of) increase in people living with AIDS, before / after, 1995 ✓		

Question	Answer	Mark	Guidance
1(c)(i)	(suggestion( <b>S</b> ) PLUS reason ( <b>R</b> ) needed)	4 max	Read all and mark as prose. ALLOW paper / chromatogram / gel, for 'plate' IGNORE measure in mm instead of cm ALLOW 'or otherwise x would happen' in place of the reason 'to stop x' throughout
	<ul> <li>1 S put pencil line / origin / amino acids, higher (than the solvent / 1cm) +</li> <li>1 R to stop, spots / samples / amino acids, dissolving into / mixing with / touching, solvent ✓</li> </ul>		ALLOW 1S ORA less solvent / make solvent lower OR make plate / paper, higher DO NOT ALLOW 1S pen / permanent marker, line ALLOW 1R so only bottom of plate touches solvent
	2 S put, amino acids / spots / them, further apart / on separate plates + 2 R to stop them, merging / touching / clashing / AW ✓		ALLOW 2S put same distance apart / spread them apart ALLOW 2R ORA so they are, distinguishable / clear
	3 S touch plate edges / wear gloves / use forceps / don't touch middle, + 3 R to prevent, contamination / transfer of substances from hands ✓		ALLOW 3R amino acids / oils for 'substances' ALLOW 3R idea of not damaging, stationary phase / silica gel / alumina / AW
	4 S place, lid / cover, over beaker +		ALLOW 4S close beaker / line beaker with filter paper soaked in solvent
	4 R to prevent evaporation (of solvent) ✓		
	<ul> <li>5 S support the plate / attach plate to beaker +</li> <li>5 R to keep plate, vertical / still / at constant height ✓</li> </ul>		ALLOW 5S description e.g. use clips / pencil / clamp / rod ALLOW 5R ORA to stop plate, tilting / trembling / moving
	<ul><li>6 S use ninhydrin +</li><li>6 R to, see / visualise, amino acids ✓</li></ul>		IGNORE 6S UV / iodine / permanganate ALLOW 'no need, to stain / for ninhydrin, as spots shown up already' (on Fig. 1.4) = 1 mark
	7 S repeat and find, mean / average (Rf value) + 7 R to improve, accuracy / check for repeatability / exclude anomalies ✓		
	8 S label, amino acids / spots / samples (in pencil / on beaker) + 8 R to know which is which / avoid confusion ✓		

Question	Answer	Mark	Guidance
1(c)(ii)	1 answer must lie within this range: 0.1(0) to 0.15 AND		No mark for figure in correct range unless it also shows the working out of this calculation:  distance from origin to spot distance from origin to solvent front.
	supporting calculation must be shown, e.g:		ALLOW figures given in mm
	<u>0.65</u> (= 0.13) ✓ 4.95		ALLOW figures with no unit shown
	4.50		<b>ALLOW</b> variation in measurements taken <b>so long as</b> the final answer falls within the allowed range.
	2 glutamine ✓		ALLOW mp2 even if no attempt is made at working stage

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Question	Answer	Mark	Guidance
2(a)(i)	(supraventricular) <u>tachy</u> cardia <b>√</b>	1	ALLOW tachyarrhythmia ALLOW spelling variants: tachycardic / tacchycardia / tackycardia (to sound same, not 'tr' at start) DO NOT ALLOW trachecardia / tracardia / tracchycardia / tracchycardia / trachycardia
2(a)(ii)	calculated cardiac output (in cm³): figure in range from 5333 to 5520 ✓	3	Correct answer in standard form gets 2 marks automatically if working not shown for mp 1.  ALLOW calculated figure within this range ALLOW up to 3 extra decimal places within this range
	presentation in standard form: figure in range from 5.3(33) x 10³ to 5.5(20) x 10³ ✓		<b>DO NOT ALLOW</b> rounding error when reducing no. of s.f. <b>ALLOW</b> up to 3 extra significant figures e.g. 5.48571 x 10 ³ <b>ALLOW</b> ECF for any calculated figure outside the allowed range presented in standard form: e.g. 4800 shown as 4.8 x 10 ³ gets mp2 <b>ALLOW</b> ECF if >3 extra d.p. already penalised for mp 1
	units: cm³ min⁻¹ OR cm³ / min(ute) OR cm³ per min(ute) ✓		ALLOW conversion from cm³ to dm³ so for example: 5.333 / 5.434 / 5.463 / 5.485, x 10° dm³ minute⁻¹ and 5.3 / 5.4 / 5.5, x 10° dm³ min⁻¹ gets 3 marks  DO NOT ALLOW beats or letter 'b' in unit
2(a)(iii)	1 impulse OR (wave of) depolarisation OR wave of excitation ✓	2 max	IGNORE signals / messages / electrical waves
	2 correct ref. atrioventricular node / AV node / AVN ✓		IGNORE SAN
	3 (through / along) bundle of His / Purkyne fibres, to (cause contraction of) ventricles ✓		

Question	Answer	Mark	Guidance
2(b)(i)	assume answer refers to heart 2 unless stated otherwise:	1	DO NOT ALLOW coronary artery
	can see / it has, aorta / (pulmonary) artery / (pulmonary) vein / vena cava		<b>ALLOW</b> ORA that aorta / (pulmonary) artery / (pulmonary)
	/ <u>blood</u> vessel(s) ✓		vein / vena cava / <u>blood</u> vessel(s), not present on heart <b>1</b>
2(b)(ii)	Z = <u>left ventricle</u> ✓	1	IGNORE cardiac muscle
2(c)	For answers marked by levels of response:	6	
	Read through the whole answer from start to finish, concentrating on features that make it a stronger or weaker answer using the indicative scientific content as guidance. The indicative scientific content indicates the expected parameters for candidates' answers, but be prepared to recognise and credit unexpected approaches where they show relevance.	max	
	Using a 'best-fit' approach based on the science content of the answer, first decide which set of level descriptors, Level 1, Level 2 or Level 3, <b>best</b> describes the overall quality of the answer using the guidelines described in the level descriptors in the mark scheme.		
	Once the level is located, award the higher or lower mark.		
	The higher mark should be awarded where the level descriptor has been evidenced and all aspects of the communication statement (in italics) have been met.		
	<b>The lower mark</b> should be awarded where the level descriptor has been evidenced but aspects of the communication statement (in italics) are missing.		
	In summary:		
	<ul> <li>The science content determines the level.</li> <li>The communication statement determines the mark within a level.</li> </ul>		

Question Answer	Mark	Guidance
Level 3 (5–6 marks) A detailed description of the cardiac cycle with references to B, C, and D in Fig. 2.3.		Indicative scientific points may include the following: (answers may start at any point in the cycle. IGNORE box A description)
There is a well-developed line of reasoning which is clear and logically structured. The information presented is relevant and substantiated.  Level 2 (3–4 marks)  A description of the cardiac cycle with some references to B, C and/or D in Fig. 2.3.  There is a line of reasoning presented with some structure. The information presented is in the most-part relevant and supported by some evidence.  Level 1 (1–2 marks)  A basic description of the cardiac cycle with limited reference to B, C and/or D in Fig. 2.3.  A basic structure and some relevant information is provided, although a clear line of reasoning may not be present. The information is supported by limited evidence and the relationship to the evidence may not be clear.  O marks  No response or no response worthy of credit.		B  atrial diastole ventricular diastole atria relax ventricles relax blood flows through, atrioventricular / AV / bicuspid / tricuspid, valve(s) OR ref. to their opening (more) blood enters atria (passively) blood enters ventricles (passively)  c  atrial systole atria contract pressure (on blood) in atria increases blood flows through, atrioventricular / AV / bicuspid / tricuspid, valve(s) OR ref. to their being open ventricles fill / more blood enters ventricles volume (of ventricles) increases pressure (of blood against ventricles) increases pressure in arteries is, low / at a minimum  D  ventricular systole ventricles contact volume (of ventricles) decreases pressure (on blood in ventricles) increases atrioventricular / bicuspid / tricuspid, valves close semi-lunar valves open blood flows into aorta blood flows into pulmonary arteries

Question	Answer	Mark	Guidance
3(a)	(using) microtubules / tubulin / motor proteins ✓	1	ALLOW kinesins / dyneins / 'moto' proteins
			IGNORE spindle fibres, centrioles
3(b)	1 goblet cells, secrete / release / make / produce / form, mucus ✓	4	IGNORE excrete
		max	
	2 <u>mucus</u> traps, pathogens / microorganisms / bacteria ✓		ALLOW named example of a lung pathogen
			IGNORE cilia trap, pathogens / microorganisms
	3 ref. phagocytes / neutrophils / macrophages / lysozyme ✓		
	4 <u>cilia</u> / <u>cilia</u> ted cells / <u>cilia</u> ted epithelium, sweep / brush / waft / move /		ALLOW 'cillia' / other spelling that looks and sounds same
	AW, mucus ✓		DO NOT ALLOW cilia cells
	5 cytoskeleton / microtubules / tubulin, move(s) / make(s) up, the cilia ✓		

Question	Answer	Mark	Guidance
3(c)(i)	(stage) 2 (should say), non-self / not self / foreign ✓	2	ALLOW quote to replace stage number 2, e.g. 'phagocytes recognise pathogens as non-self 'phagocytes do not recognise pathogens as self IGNORE non-body
	(stage) 5 (should be) before 4 / 4 (should be) after 5 ✓		ALLOW 4 and 5 are in wrong order / should be reversed / need swapping / should be the other way round / AW  ALLOW quote to replace stage numbers, e.g. 'phagosome combines with a lysosome before stage 4'  'enzymes from lysosomes digest pathogens after stage 5'  'forms a phagolysosome and THEN destroys the pathogen'  'phagosome and lysosome do not combine AFTER the pathogen is destroyed'
3(c)(ii)	minimum of one light chain drawn on outside of heavy chain and	1	<b>GUIDELINES for drawing:</b> Light chain should start at tip of arm of Y and be 25–50% the length of the heavy chain.
	label to, light (polypeptide) chain / variable region / antigen-binding site ✓		<b>ALLOW</b> label line not touching if label written near correct region

Question	Answer		Mark	Guidance
4(a)(i)			2	Additional incorrect answer in a cell = 0 marks
	Important role	lon		Symbols must be fully correct
	Production of nitrate ions by bacteria	NH ₄ ⁺		
	Loading of phloem	н⁺		all three correct = 2 marks  one or two correct = 1 mark
	DNA structure	PO ₄ ³⁻		none correct = 0 marks
	Cofactor for amylase	CI⁻		
			<b>/</b> ✓	
4(a)(ii)	at arterial end AND hydrostatic / 4.6, is greater than, oncotic / –3 AND (fluid / plasma) moves, out / from, (capillary) ✓		2	<ul> <li>name the end of the capillary</li> <li>make a comparative statement about the two pressures in the capillary (using name or number)</li> <li>state the direction of movement of fluid.</li> <li>ALLOW bigger / higher / more, for 'greater'</li> <li>ALLOW ORA oncotic / -3, less than hydrostatic / 4.6</li> <li>ALLOW ORA fluid moves into tissues</li> <li>IGNORE osmosis</li> </ul>
	at venous end AND hydrostatic / 2.3, is lower than, one AND (tissue fluid) moves into (capillary)			ALLOW smaller / less, for 'lower' ALLOW ORA oncotic / –3, more than hydrostatic / 2.3  ALLOW ORA fluid moves, out of / from, tissues IGNORE osmosis

Question	Answer	Mark	Guidance
4(b)(i)	1 inhibitor binds to, allosteric site / enzyme away from active site ✓  2 changes, tertiary / 3D, structure of, enzyme / active site / protein OR     active site no longer complementary to substrate OR     substrate and, enzyme / active site, cannot, bind / fit (together) OR     E-S compex cannot form ✓	2	ALLOW catalase for 'enzyme' throughout ALLOW hydrogen peroxide / H ₂ 0 ₂ , for 'substrate' throughout  ALLOW joins / fits into, for 'binds' ALLOW shown on diagram  ALLOW conformation / shape for 'structure' IGNORE denatures
4(b)(ii)	1 downward-sweeping curve showing negative correlation drawn ✓ 2 x axis label = conc(entration) of copper sulfate in moles dm ⁻³ AND	2	DO NOT ALLOW straight line or plotted points that are not joined. Curve may level off at end. Allow 'dot-to-dot' curve.  ALLOW CuSO ₄ / copper sulphate, for 'copper sulfate' ALLOW slash before unit / slash or 'per' in the unit / brackets round unit ALLOW variant symbols: M OR moles L ⁻¹ OR moles / L OR mol dm ⁻³
	y axis label = <u>vol(ume)</u> of oxygen (gas produced) in cm³ ✓		<b>ALLOW</b> O ₂ for 'oxygen'

Question	Answer	Mark	Guidance
4(b)(iii)		2 max	ALLOW AW for 'decrease' e.g.reduce / decline / drop / fall ALLOW AW for 'increase' e.g. go up / rise / climb
	<ul> <li>(trend described)</li> <li>1 as (concentration of) copper, sulphate / ions, increases,</li> <li>(volume of) oxygen / H₂O₂ breakdown, decreases ✓</li> </ul>		ALLOW AW so long as inverse trend is still made clear by use of comparative terms such as: increases / decreases, higher / lower, more / less  E.g. 'when there is more CuSO ₄ , less oxygen is produced'  ALLOW ORA, e.g. 'the lower the concentration of Cu²+ the higher the volume of oxygen produced'
	<ul> <li>(conclusion / inference, about activity of enzyme)</li> <li>2 copper, sulphate / ions, inhibit(s) / decrease(s), catalase activity ✓</li> <li>(detail)</li> <li>3 at high concentrations / 0.15 / 0.20</li> </ul>		IGNORE 'disturbs the action of catalase'
	EITHER most enzymes, (irreversibly / already) damaged / inhibited OR adding more copper (sulphate / ions) has little effect ✓		

Question	Answer	Mark	Guidance
4(b)(iv)	1 compare / measure / test, catalase activity / oxygen produced ✓	3 max	IGNORE how much oxygen is in each fish IGNORE how much catalase is in each fish
	2 experimental detail ✓ 3 further experimental detail ✓		experimental detail points: ALLOW AW throughout IGNORE amount throughout  i prepare a , catalase / fish / tissue, extract / sample (e.g. ref. pestle and mortar / chopping / liquidiser)  ii equal / known / controlled, volume / sized samples (of fish / tissue / extract)
			<ul><li>iii equal / known / controlled, concentration / volume, of hydrogen peroxide</li><li>iv measure, volume of, oxygen / gas, in a given time</li></ul>
	4 less, oxygen / catalase (activity), means more, copper / pollution ✓		v use gas syringe / collect gas under water  ALLOW correct statement of relationship between copper or pollution and oxygen or amount of catalase present or catalase activity even if wrong experiment is done (e.g. adding catalase or copper sulphate to fish) or measuring 'how much
	5 use, Table 4 / graph, to estimate copper (ion) concentration ✓		oxygen is in fish'

Question	Answer	Mar k	Guidance
5(a)(i)	to, protect / conserve, species endangered by trading activities <b>OR</b> to, prevent / restrict, trade in endangered species ✓	1 max	ALLOW for 'trading activities' and 'trade' the buying or selling of, live animals / body parts such as tusks or ivory / plant bulbs / etc. ALLOW for 'endangered' - threatened / rare / vulnerable ALLOW an example of an endangered species, e.g. 'stop people from selling elephant tusks' gets mp 1
	to, regulate / restrict / reduce , international / cross-border, wildlife trade ✓		ALLOW for 'wildlife trade' the buying or selling of, live animals / body parts such as tusks or ivory / plant bulbs. ALLOW for 'international' and 'cross-border' a description such as import from Africa to Europe, etc.
5(a)(ii)	1 ref. 95% (decrease) OR 5% (remain) OR 25 000 (in 2113) ✓	2	Look for two correct stages of working corresponding to mps 1 and 2, irrespective of final answer.
	2 1250 (in 2213) <b>OR</b> 4 (orders of magnitude) ✓		Exemplar working: There is a 95% decrease in 100 years from 1913 to 2013, so: 2113: 500 000 x 0.05 = 25 000 left
			2213: $25000x0.05 = 1250$ left  1.25 x $10^3$ compared to 1 x $10^7$ is $\underline{4}$ orders of magnitude smaller.

Question	Answer	Mark	Guidance
5(b)		2	Mark evidence 1 and 2 together as prose
		max	<b>ALLOW</b> AW for 'decrease' e.g.reduce / decline / drop / fall
			ALLOW AW for 'increase' e.g. goes up / rise / climb
	General statement identifying place and y axis variable <b>plus</b> two of		ALLOW ODA o gr
	options below:		ALLOW ORA, e.g: in, Central / Western, Africa,
	in Eastern Africa,		poaching / number of illegally killed elephants /
	poaching / number of illegally killed elephants /		percentage of elephants killed illegally, is
	percentage of elephants killed illegally, is		
	comment or comparison about absolute number		1 (mostly) over 60 (or quote of figure over 60) / higher
	1 (kept) below 60 / lowest / lower (than C/W. Africa) ✓		(than E. Africa)
	identify most recent sustained trend as far as 2015		2 increasing / more, since 2013 / from, 60 to 82 (W) / 70 to
	2 decreasing / less, since 2011 / from 60 to 40 ✓		75 (C)
	figures quote to show trend		
	3 quote any two figures and years and ref. decrease ✓		3 quote any two figures and years and ref. increase
			IGNORE calculated 'by x %' figures

Question	Answer				Mark	Guidance
6(a)(i)	Species	n	n/N	(n/N) ²	3	Correct final answer of 0.73 = 3 marks, even if working (and intermediate figures 0.275 and 0.725) not shown  CALCULATIONS TO MORE OR FEWER D.P
	Species	n	I I // IN	(11/14)		ALLOW any figure within each range:
	Meadow buttercup	6	6/24 = 0.250	0.063		ALLOW any figure within each range.
	Common daisy	7	7/24 = 0.292	0.085		$\sum$ = from <b>0.271 to 0.276</b> to more or less d.p.
	Red clover	3	3/24 = 0.125	0.016		Z mem ciai i de ciare de mere en rece anp.
	Ribwort plantain	8	8/24 = 0.333	0.111		<b>1 -</b> $\sum$ = from <b>0.724 to 0.729</b> to more or less d.p
			Σ =	0.275 ✓		final answer = 0.72 <b>OR</b> 0.73
	1 − 0.275 = <u><b>0.725</b></u> ✓					CALCULATIONS USING FRACTIONS ALLOW these options for first 2 mps:
	final answer to 2 s.f: 0.73 ✓					$\Sigma = 158/576$ <b>OR</b> $79/288$
						<b>1</b> - $\sum$ = 418/576 <b>OR</b> 209/288
						WORKING ERRORS ECF to max 2 for a final answer to 2 s.f. after one class of error in working somewhere, e.g. in the n/N stage or the (n/N)² stage or in adding up the ∑ sum or in subtracting the answer from 1.
						If final answer is <b>not</b> given to 2 s.f. after one class of error in working, then <b>ECF</b> as above to <b>max 1</b> .
						<b>ALLOW</b> a final answer slightly below or above correct answer (0.71 – 0.79) 2 marks ECF by assuming 1 error at one stage.

Question	Answer	Mark	Guidance
6(a)(ii)	(point / frame) quadrat(s) ✓	1	Additional incorrect answer = 0 marks
			IGNORE random number, generator / calculator
6(b)	YES reasons why it <b>would</b> , work / be successful: <b>2 max</b>	3	IGNORE additional unlikely ideas throughout e.g.
		max	detergent breaks cell wall, salt disrupts membranes.
	Y1 <u>detergent</u> , breaks / disrupts, (cell) membrane(s) / nuclear envelope OR		
	detergent, releases contents of, cell / nucleus ✓		
	detergent, releases contents of, cell / flucieus /		
	Y2 salt, helps DNA, shed water / precipitate ✓		
	Y3 protease breaks down, histones /		<b>ALLOW</b> protease separates DNA from, protein / chromatin
	proteins around DNA / proteins attached to DNA ✓		
	NO reasons why it would <b>not</b> , work / be successful: <b>2 max</b>		<b>ALLOW</b> ORA for N1-N4, e.g. action, should be / ought to
	The reasons why it would not, work / be successful. 2 max		be / needs to be, done to e.g.
	N1 cell walls not broken by, abrasion / grinding / blender ✓		N1 'plant should be crushed to break cell walls'
	N2 no RNAase added to remove RNA (from DNA / chromatin) ✓		
			N3 ALLOW as reason 'to separate DNA from,
	N3 no, alcohol / ethanol, added to, precipitate DNA ✓		solution/water/aqueous phase'
	N4 temperature not low to reduce, enzyme activity / DNA break down ✓		
0(1)	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	1	
6(c)	(species evenness is) low / uneven / not even / poor / not high	1	
	AND		
	was well as a second of OD about day as OD a soulation of		ALLOW commonstives and let means ante them
	many / large, number OR abundance OR population of, leather jackets / meadow ants / two species / some species,		<b>ALLOW</b> comparatives e.g. a lot more ants than wireworms, ants much more common than click beetles
	but, not many / only a few / small number of / hardly any / small		wireworms, and much more common than click beenes
	population of,		<b>ALLOW</b> dominated by (mostly) leatherjackets and ants / 2
	click beetles / wireworms / two species / other species ✓		species
			'
			IGNORE comparative pairs of figures that lack a
			qualification like 'only' to show which figure is small(er)
			IGNORE percentage figures unqualified by description

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