

Mark Scheme (Results)

October 2016

Pearson Edexcel International Advanced Level in Biology (WBI01) Paper 01

Edexcel and BTEC Oualifications

Edexcel and BTEC qualifications are awarded by Pearson, the UK's largest awarding body. We provide a wide range of qualifications including academic, vocational, occupational and specific programmes for employers. For further information visit our qualifications websites at www.edexcel.com or www.edexcel.com, you can get in touch with us using the details on our contact us page at www.edexcel.com/contactus.

Pearson: helping people progress, everywhere

Pearson aspires to be the world's leading learning company. Our aim is to help everyone progress in their lives through education. We believe in every kind of learning, for all kinds of people, wherever they are in the world. We've been involved in education for over 150 years, and by working across 70 countries, in 100 languages, we have built an international reputation for our commitment to high standards and raising achievement through innovation in education. Find out more about how we can help you and your students at: www.pearson.com/uk

October 2016
Publications Code WBI01_01_1610_MS
All the material in this publication is copyright
© Pearson Education Ltd 2016

General Marking Guidance

- All candidates must receive the same treatment. Examiners must mark the first candidate in exactly the same way as they mark the last.
- Mark schemes should be applied positively. Candidates must be rewarded for what they have shown they can do rather than penalised for omissions.
- Examiners should mark according to the mark scheme not according to their perception of where the grade boundaries may lie.
- There is no ceiling on achievement. All marks on the mark scheme should be used appropriately.
- All the marks on the mark scheme are designed to be awarded. Examiners should always award full marks if deserved, i.e. if the answer matches the mark scheme. Examiners should also be prepared to award zero marks if the candidate's response is not worthy of credit according to the mark scheme.
- Where some judgement is required, mark schemes will provide the principles by which marks will be awarded and exemplification may be limited.
- When examiners are in doubt regarding the application of the mark scheme to a candidate's response, the team leader must be consulted.
- Crossed out work should be marked UNLESS the candidate has replaced it with an alternative response.

Question	Answer	Mark
Number		
1(a)(i)	1. The only correct answer is C	
	A is not correct as the atrioventricular valve would be open	
	A is not correct as the athoverithedial valve would be open	
	B in not correct because the value positions are back to front	
	D is not correct as the semilunar valve would be closed	(1)

Question	Answer	Mark
Number		
1(a)(ii)	1. The only correct answer is D	
	A is not correct as the pressure at the end of systole is lower than in the middle.	
	B is not correct as the pressure at the start of systole is lower than in the middle.	
	C is not correct as the pressure during diastole will be lower	(1)

Question	Answer	Mark
Number		
1(a)(iii)	1. The only correct answer is D	
	A is not correct because the aorta will have a low concentration of carbon dioxide	
	B is not correct because the aorta will have a low concentration of carbon dioxide and the vena cava a high concentration	
	C is not correct because the aortathe pulmonary artery will have a high concentration of carbon dioxide	(1)

Question	Answer		Mark
Number			
1(b)(i)	correct mean diameter;	Accept a value between 36 to 37 mm	
			(1)

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Additional Guidance	Mark
1(b)(ii)	1. radius calculated ;	Accept a value between 18 and 18.5 mm	
	2. area calculated;	Accept a value between 1017.4 and 1074.7	
		Accept: consequential error, for both marks, if radius used is half value calculated for 1(b)(i).	(2)
Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Additional Guidance	Mark
1(b)(iii)		Each structural point should be linked to function	
	smooth (endothelium) lining to reduce friction (between wall and blood) / eq;		
	2. (thick) elastic wall to allow stretch and recoil /eq;	Accept: elastic fibres to allow stretch and recoil	
	3. collagen layer to { provide strength / withstand high blood pressure } / eq;	Accept: 'thick wall to withstand pressure / prevent bursting'	
	4. (smooth) muscle in wall to enable artery to change diameter / eq;	Ignore reference to changing shape	(3)

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Additional Guidance	Mark
1(c)	1. mammals have a large volume to surface area ratio;		
	2. mammals have { high nutrient / oxygen } requirement;	Accept: Need to remove large quantities of { waste / heat / CO ₂ }	
	3. heart and circulation provides a { bulk / mass } transport system;		
	4. that overcomes the limitations of diffusion;	Accept: 'diffusion by itself is insufficient'	(4)

(Total for Question 1 = 13 marks)

Question	Acceptable Answers	Additional Guidance	Mark
Number			
2(a)		Correct answer gains both marks	
	1. both correct readings from graph: 240 and 100		
	2. correct calculation (240 -100)/240 x 100 = 58.3 %	Accept 58 %	
			(2)

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Additional Guidance	Mark
2(b)	1. suitable comment on practical procedure;	e.g. <i>Daphnia</i> immobilised / allowed to acclimatise / of same size selected	
	2. use of concentrations of permethrin between {0 and 1500 µmol dm ⁻³ };		
	3. hearts observed under a microscope;		
	4. description of method of determining heart rate;	Accept: any reasonable time period 15 to 60 seconds e.g. heart beats counted for 30 seconds then multiplied by 2;	
	5. reference to repeating at each concentration (to find mean);		(3)

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Additional Guidance	Mark
2(c)	1. Daphnia are invertebrates ;		
	2. Daphnia { are transparent / heart can be seen };		
	3. using { vertebrates / animals with more developed nervous system } is unethical as they feel pain;	Accept converse	
	4. Daphnia are {cheap / easily obtained};	Ignore reference to abundance	(2)

(Total for Question 2 = 7 marks)

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Additional Guidance	Mark
3(a)(i)	 idea that because they are genetically similar obesity is due to the environment; 		
	2. higher calorie intake;	Accept: eat more food / eat more of a named food type	
	3. less physically active / eq;	Ignore more food available	(5)
			(2)

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Additional Guidance	Mark
3(a)(ii)		Mark the first response in each numbered answer line.	
		Do not accept: genetic differences, difference in gender, being overweight or obesity	
		Ignore: unqualified life style choices	
	Any two from:		
	1. diet ;	MP1 accept: high salt intake / high alcohol intake	
	2. age ;		
	3. high blood pressure / hypertension;		
	4. smoking ;		
	5. inactivity / lack of exercise ;		
	6. menopause ;		(2)

Question	Acceptable Answers	Additional Guidance	Mark
Number			
3(b)	1. The only correct answer is C		
	A is not correct because the calculation gives a value of 25.7		
	B is not correct because the calculation gives a value of 25.7		
	D is not correct because the calculation gives a value of 25.7		(1)

Question	Acceptable Answers		Ac	dditiona	al Guidan	ice		Mark
Number								
3(c)(i)	 as BMI increases the incidence of CVD { increases / positive correlation } (for both men and women); increase in BMI has a greater effect in men than in women; 							
	3. correct use of figures;	Figure	s that cou	uld be	used:			
		Healt	hy	Overv	weight	Obese	Э	
		men	wome	men	wome	men	wome	
			n		n		n	
		125	105	200	120	265	125	(2)

Question	Acceptable Answers	Additional Guidance	Mark
Number			
3(c)(ii)	1. idea that height has an impact on body mass;		
	2. BMI is related to both mass and height;		
	3. idea of eliminating other variables;	Accept controls for height	(2)

Question	Acceptable Answers	Additional Guidance	Mark
Number			
3(c)(iii)	to allow comparison between groups of different sizes / eq;	Accept: so that the results can be compared	
			(1)

(Total for Question 3 = 10 marks)

Question	Answer	Mark
Number		
4(a)	1. The only correct answer is C	
	A is not correct as gametes can have either of the parents alleles B is not correct as gametes only contain one copy of each allele	
	D is not correct as the individual only has one copy of the recessive allele so the genotype is heterozygous	(1)

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Additional Guidance	Mark
4(b)	1. identification of correct parental gametes;	e.g. diagrams for MP 1 and 2;;	
	2. correct genotypes of offspring;	A a A a A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	
	3. correct probability of 0.5 /50% / ½ / 1 in 2;	A AA Aa	
		a Aa aa	
			(3)

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Additional Guidance	Mark
4(c)(i)		Allow marking points from	
	1. amniocentesis ;	either 1 to 5 or 6 to 10.	
	2. amniotic fluid collected ;		
	3. between 14 - 20 weeks ;		
	4. via a needle through the wall of the abdomen;		
	5. fetal cells are cultured for 2-3 weeks;		
	OR		
	6. chorionic villus sampling ;	Accept just 'CVS'	
	7. tissue sample taken from the placenta / chorionic villus;		
	8. between 10 – 14 week ;		
	9. using a syringe via the cervix ;		
	10.tissue extracted can be tested immediately;		(4)

Question	Acceptable Answers	Additional Guidance	Mark
Number			
4(c)(ii)	1. suitable ethical issue ;		
	2. suitable social issue ;		(2)

(Total for Question 4 = 10 marks)

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Additional Guidance	Mark
5(a)	 { randomly arranged / scattered / eq } proteins (in the bilayer); 	Accept: glycoproteins lipoproteins in place of proteins	
	2. phospholipids forming the bilayer are free to move;	Ignore: proteins are free to move	(2)

Question Number	Answer	Mark
5(b)	1. The only correct answer is D	
	A is not correct as facilitated diffusion does not work against a concentration gradient B is not correct as active transport takes place in all cells not just animal cells	
	C is not correct as facilitated diffusion does not require ATP	(1)

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Additional Guidance	Mark
5(c)(i)	allows only certain { molecules / ions / substances } to move through;		
	2. by diffusion;		(2)

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Additional Guidance	Mark
5(c)(ii)		Accept converse arguments and correct use of water potential where appropriate.	
	1. initially solute concentration is higher inside the tube;	Aggest, logg permeable	
	2. { tube / membrane } is impermeable to { solute / sodium chloride ions / eq } ;	Accept: less permeable	
	3. water moves in to the tube;		
	4. by osmosis ;		
	5. eventually the solute concentration inside the tube is the same as that outside the tube;	Do not assent no more diffusion	
	6. water diffuses into and out of the tube at the same rate / no net movement of water into the tube;	Do not accept no more diffusion of water / diffusion stops;	
	7. pressure (in the tube) prevents further water intake;		(4)

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Additional Guidance	Mark
5(c)(iii)	1. idea of experimental error ;		
	2. due to (poor) drying technique ;		
	3. idea that the mass should not change (because there is no osmotic gradient);		(2)
			(2)

(Total for Question 5 = 10 marks)

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Additional Guidance	Mark
6(a)	change in the { DNA / base sequence } ;	Accept answers that make reference to changes in chromosome number or structure Ignore named examples of types of mutation e.g. point mutation	(1)

Question	Acceptable Answers	Additional Guidance	Mark
Number			
6(b)(i)	1. change in primary sequence of CFTR protein;		
	2. CFTR folds to produce non-functioning protein;	Accept: incorrect folding of CFTR	
	3. chloride ions cannot diffuse out of the cell;	Accept: water moves into the cells from the mucus	
	4. water does not diffuse out of the cell;		
	5. mucus is thick / eq;	Ignore mucus is more sticky	
	6. reducing diffusion (of gases);	Accept: reducing ventilation / blocking airways	(4)

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Additional Guidance	Mark
6(b)(ii)	1. (double stranded) DNA uncoiled by helicase;		
	strand of mRNA is copied from / RNA nucleotides line up along;		
	3. {template / antisense } strand of DNA;		
	4. correct reference to complimentary base pairing;		
	5. RNA nucleotides are joined together by RNA polymerase;		(3)

Question	Acceptable Answers	Additional Guidance	Mark
Number			
6(c)	1. isolate normal CFTR gene / functioning CFTR gene;	Must make reference to the CFTR gene	
	2. insert the CFTR gene into a vector;		
	3. named relevant vector e.g. harmless virus or liposome;	Accept 'virus' Ignore 'plasmid'	
	4. method of delivering the vector to cells lining the respiratory system;	e.g. 'spray up nose' or 'use an inhaler'	
			(3)

(Total for Question 6 = 11 marks)

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Additional Guidance	Mark
*7(a) QWC	Take into account quality of written communication when awarding the following points.	QWC emphasis is logical sequence.	
	1. tissues damaged (during surgery);		
	2. stimulate platelets;		
	3. to release thromboplastin;		
	4. starting the clotting cascade;	Accept reasonable description of clotting cascade for MP4	
	5. and resulting in the production of blood clots;	and 5	
	6. blood clots could block blood vessels;		
	7. resulting in tissues being deprived of {oxygen / nutrients / blood };		
			(5)

Question	Acceptable Answers	Additional Guidance	Mark
Number			
7(b)(i)	increasing the concentration of METHRO II decreases	Accept 'dose' for 'concentration'	
	{ clotting / thrombophilic events } / negative correlation ;		
			(1)

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Additional Guidance	Mark
7(b)(ii)	higher concentrations (of METHRO II) would cause an big increase in the risk of bleeding;	Accept: 'a compromise dose' if neither MP1 or MP2 awarded.	
	2. higher concentrations (of METHRO II) would cause a relatively small decrease in the risk of clotting;		
	3. credit appropriate use of data;	Comparison of increase in bleeding with decrease in clotting when dose is increased from 1.5 to 2.3 a.u.	
		or	
		Comparison of decrease in bleeding with increase in clotting when dose is decreased from 1.5 to 1 a.u.	
			(2)

(Total for Question 7 = 8 marks)

Question	Answer	Mark
Number		
8(a)(i)	1. The only correct answer is D	
	A is not correct as it is the same sequence as the copied strand and is not a complementary strand	
	B is not correct as uracil (U) is used in place of thymine (T) in the synthesis of RNA	
	C is not correct as uracil (U) is used in place of thymine and not in place of adenine (A) in the synthesis of RNA	(1)

Question	Answer	Mark
Number		
8(a)(ii)	1. The only correct answer is C	
	A is not correct as Deoxyribose is used in DNA, not mRNA	
	B is not correct as glucose is a sugar but it is not used to form mRNA	
	D is not correct as sucrose is a sugar but is found in some foods and is not used to form mRNA	
		(1)

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Additional Guidance	Mark
8(b)	1. only four bases ;		
	2. need to code for 20 / more than 16 amino acids;		
	3. three bases is the minimum number that provides sufficient combinations to code for each amino acid;	Accept idea that 2 bases would give only 16 possibilities	
			(3)

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Additional Guidance	Mark
*8(c) QWC	Take into account quality of written communication when awarding the following points. Clarity of expression.		
	(Meselson and Stahl's experiment was designed) to distinguish between different types of replication;	Accept named types e.g between semiconservative and conservative replication	
	2. at the start of the experiment cells were grown in (medium with) { heavy nitrogen / 15N };		
	3. only a heavy DNA band was observed;	Accept annotated drawing of	
	4. the cells were then transferred to (medium with) { light nitrogen / 14N };	results for MP3, 5 and 6	
	5. after one round of replication an intermediate DNA band was observed;	Accept generation in place of round of replication	
	6. after two rounds of replication intermediate and light bands were observed;		
	7. showing that replication was { semiconservative / one strand of original DNA and one strand of newly synthesised DNA };		(5)

(Total for Question 8 = 10 marks)